



Conquer Exams with Scientific Calculator Keystrokes

VOLUME 1

1st Edition

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Preface

Assalamualaikum and Warm Greetings to all respected readers,

The ***Conquer Exams with Scientific Calculator Keystrokes Volume 1*** is prepared as a practical academic reference to help students master the use of scientific calculators, turning them into powerful allies during exams.

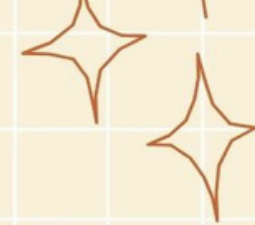
This book focuses on providing clear, step-by-step instructions and practical examples that demonstrate how to use key calculator functions effectively focusing in solving matrices. Mastering calculator keystrokes is not just a technical skill but a strategic advantage that can boost both speed and accuracy in exams.

It is hoped that this book will serve as a practical and accessible resource for students, empowering them to tackle exams with greater confidence and precision.

Prepared and published under the supervision of Department of Mathematics, Science and Computer, Politeknik Port Dickson.



The Authors



1

INTRODUCTION

- Scientific Calculator
- Calculator Originality

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INTRODUCTION TO MATRIX

- Matrix Mode
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 - 2x2 Matrix
 - 3x2 Matrix
 - 3x3 Matrix
- Call Matrix
- Edit Matrix

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TRANSPOSE MATRIX

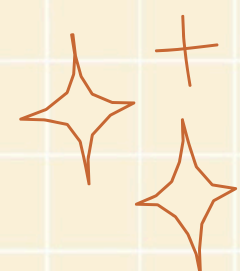


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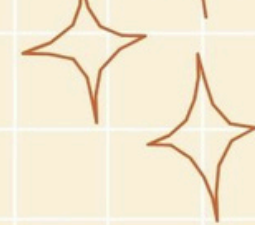
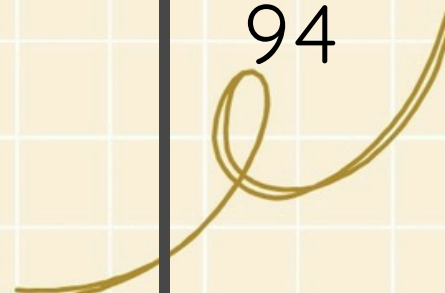
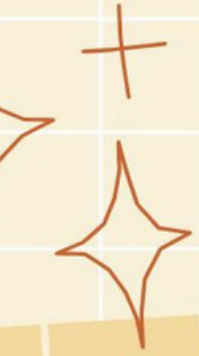


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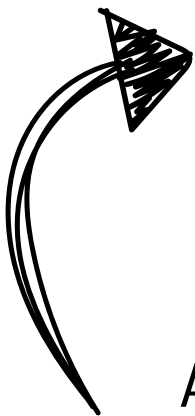


INTRODUCTION TO *scientific calculator*

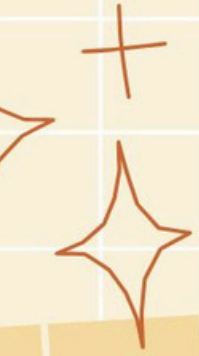


Discover Learning Beyond The Page!

This book features Augmented Reality (AR) that turns static images into practical and visual tutorials. Just scan the QR code and explore. Let's make learning interactive!



Align your device's camera with the QR code to launch the AR experience



CALCULATOR ORIGINALITY

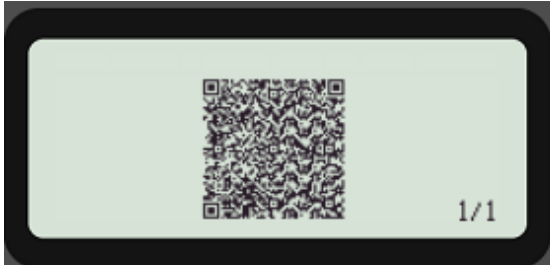

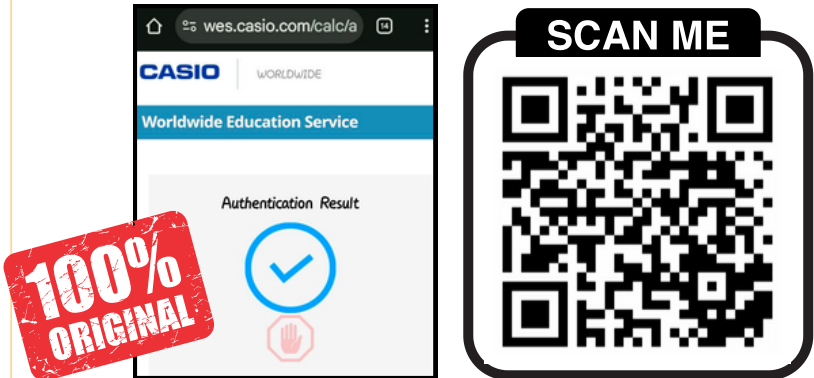


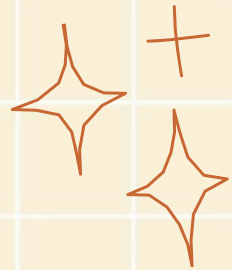


MATRICES



How to Check Your Calculator Originality

	Command	Display
<p>1</p>	<p>Display the QR Code on the calculator</p> <p>Press ON Click Menu Click Shift Click 'OPTN'</p>	
<p>2</p>	<p>Read the QR Code with a smartphone or tablet</p> <p>Scan the QR Scroll down until you find Authenticity Check Click 'Check'</p>	
<p>3</p>	<p>Check the result authenticity</p>	



MATRIX MODE

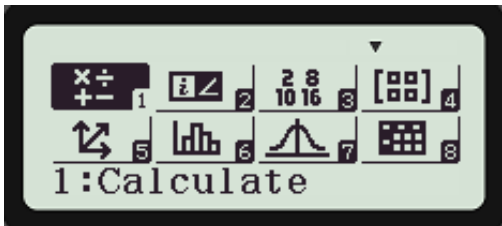
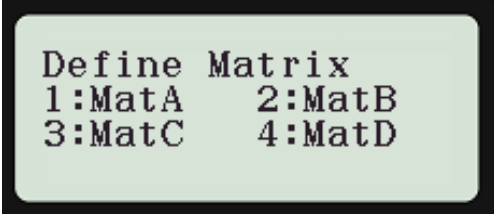
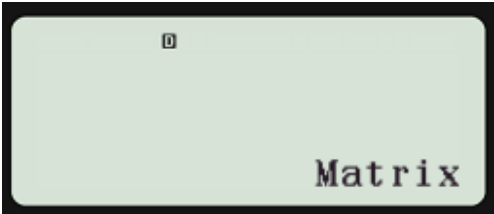




MATRICES

Change Calculator to Matrix Mode



	Command	Display
1	Click 'ON' Click 'MENU'	
2	Click '4'	
3	Click 'AC'	





DEFINE MATRIX





MATRICES

Define 2 x 2 Matrix

2 x 2 Matrix

$$\text{Mat A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$



Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
(refer Page 1)



	Command	Display
1	Click 'OPTN'	
2	Click 1	
3	Click 1 again	
4	Insert number of rows Click no 2	
5	Insert number of columns Click no 2	



MATRICES



Define 2 x 2 Matrix

2 x 2 Matrix

$$\text{Mat A} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$



	Command	Display
6	Insert the matrix value for a₁₁ Click no 1 Click =	
7	Insert the matrix value for a₁₂ Click no 2 Click =	
8	Insert the matrix value for a₂₁ Click no 3 Click =	
9	Insert the matrix value for a₂₂ Click no 4 Click = Click 'AC'	





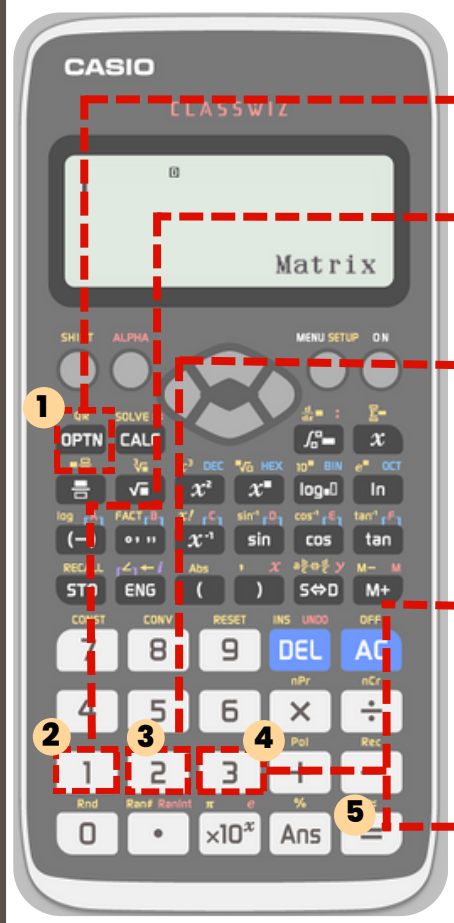
MATRICES

Define 3 x 3 Matrix

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\text{Mat B} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix}$$

! Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
(refer Page 1)



	Command	Display
1	Click 'OPTN'	
2	Click 1	
3	Click 2	
4	Insert number of rows Click no 3	
5	Insert number of columns Click no 3	



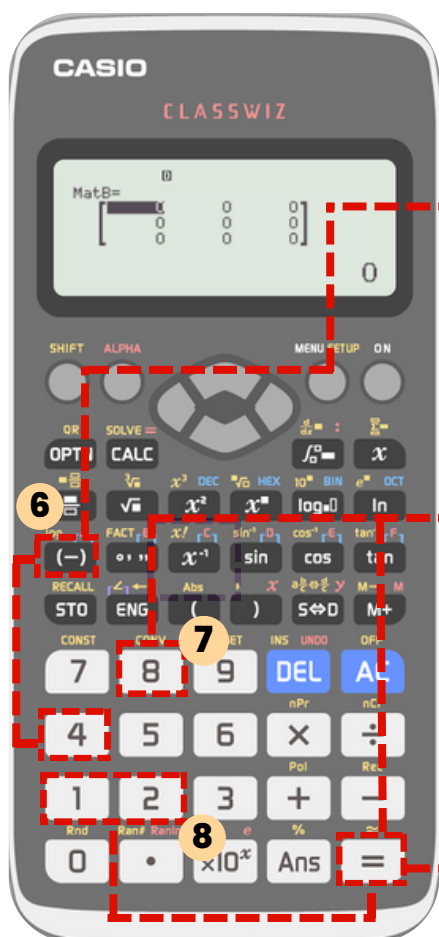


MATRICES

Define 3 x 3 Matrix

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\text{Mat B} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix}$$



	Command	Display
6	Insert the matrix value for b₁₁ Click -4 Click =	
7	Insert the matrix value for b₁₂ Click 8 Click =	
8	Insert the matrix value for b₁₃ Click 12 Click =	





MATRICES

Define 3 x 3 Matrix

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\text{Mat B} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix}$$



	Command	Display
9	Insert the matrix value for b_{21} Click -10 Click =	
10	Insert the matrix value for b_{22} Click 2 Click =	
11	Insert the matrix value for b_{23} Click 0 Click =	



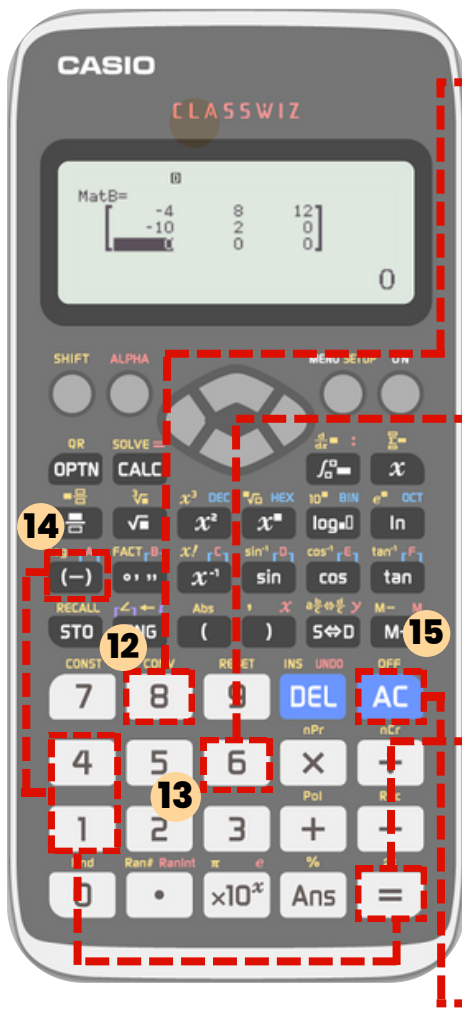


MATRICES

Define 3 x 3 Matrix

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\text{Mat B} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix}$$



Command	Display
12 Insert the matrix value for b_{31} Click 18 Click =	
13 Insert the matrix value for b_{32} Click 6 Click =	
14 Insert the matrix value for b_{33} Click -14 Click =	
15 Click AC	





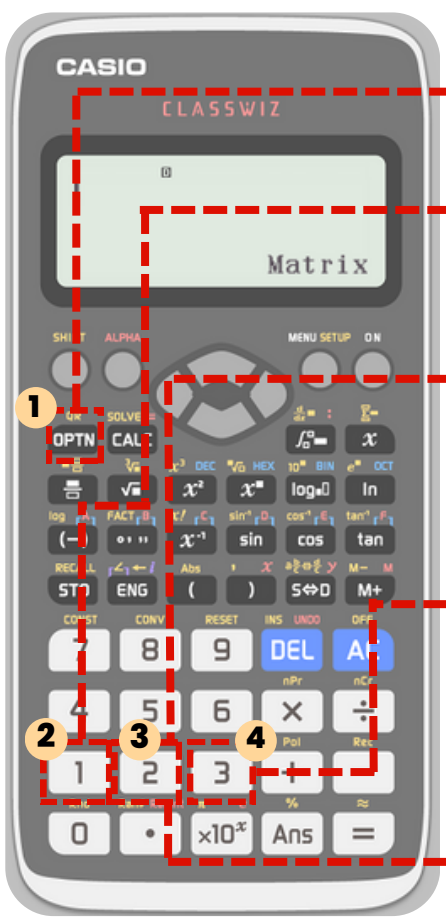
MATRICES

Define 3 x 2 Matrix

3 x 2 Matrix

$$\text{Mat C} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

! Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
(refer Page 1)



	Command	Display
1	Click 'OPTN'	
2	Click 1	
3	Click 3	
4	Insert number of rows Click no 3	
5	Insert number of columns Click no 2	



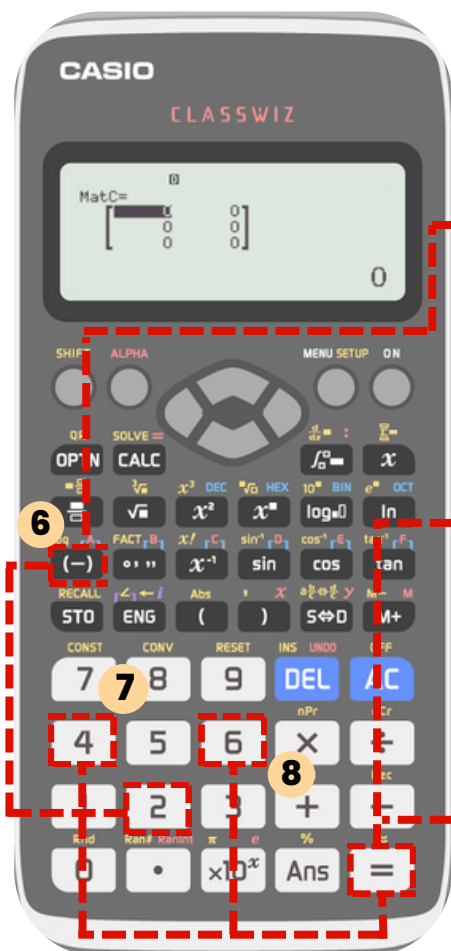


MATRICES

Define 3 x 2 Matrix

3 x 2 Matrix

$$\text{Mat C} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$



	Command	Display
6	Insert the matrix value for c_{11} Click -2 Click =	
7	Insert the matrix value for c_{12} Click 4 Click =	
8	Insert the matrix value for c_{13} Click 6 Click =	





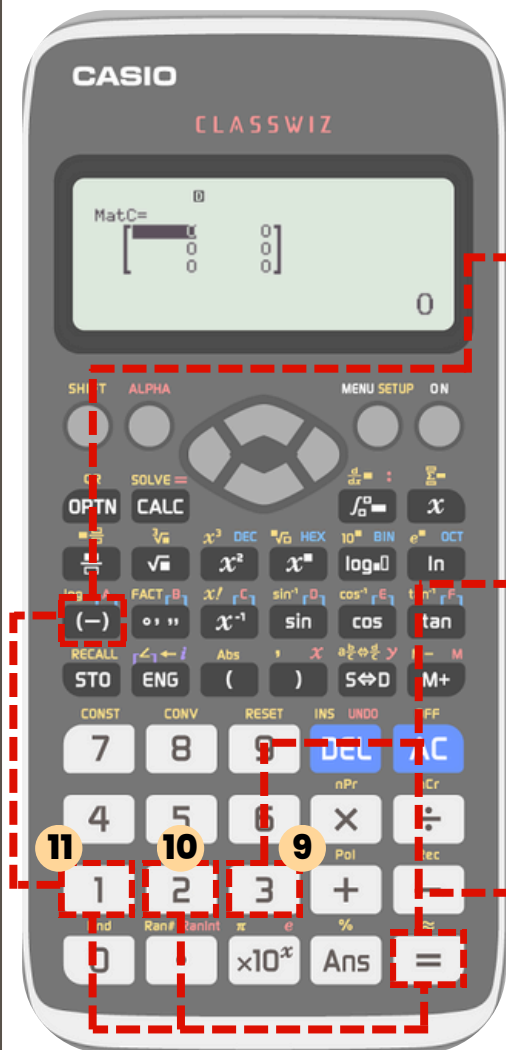
MATRICES



Define 3 x 2 Matrix

3 x 2 Matrix

$$\text{Mat C} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$



	Command	Display
9	Insert the matrix value for c₂₁ Click 3 Click =	
10	Insert the matrix value for c₂₂ Click 2 Click =	
11	Insert the matrix value for b₂₃ Click -1 Click =	





CALL MATRIX



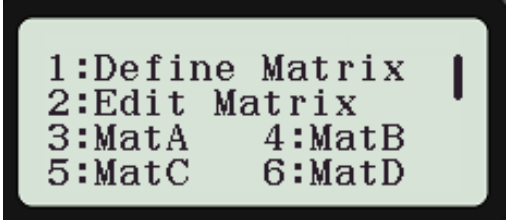



MATRICES

Call Matrix

$$\text{Mat A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$



	Command	Display
1	Click 'OPTN'	
2	Click no 3	





EDIT MATRIX

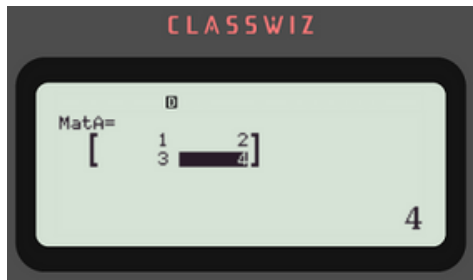




MATRICES



Edit 2 X 2 Matrix



$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

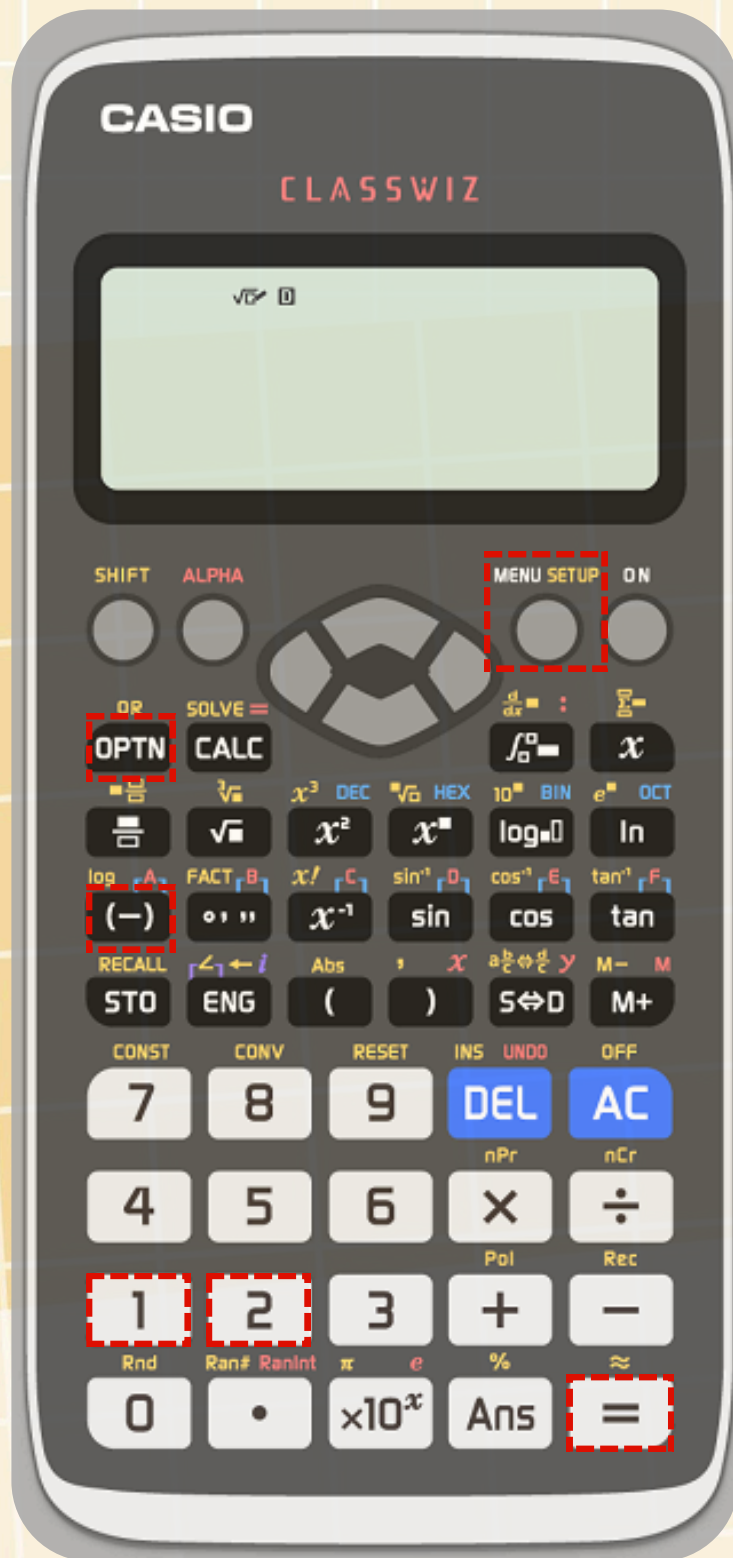
Matrix A

to

New Matrix A

	Command	Display
1	Click 'OPTN' Click '2'	
2	Click '1'	
3	Insert the value of new Matrix A	



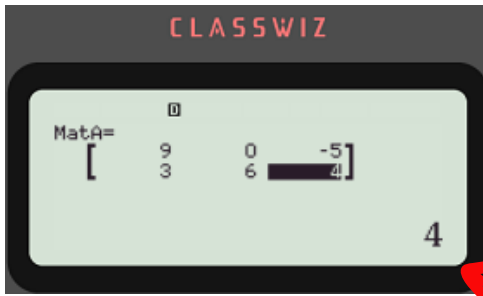




MATRICES



Edit 2 X 3 Matrix



$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & -5 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix B

to

New Matrix B

	Command	Display
1	Click 'OPTN' Click '2'	
2	Click '1'	
3	Insert the value of new Matrix B	





IDENTITY MATRIX






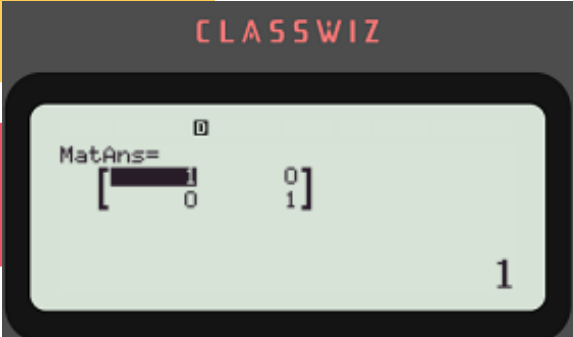
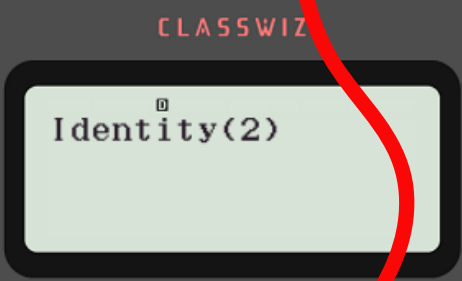
IDENTITY MATRIX, I

Call Identity Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

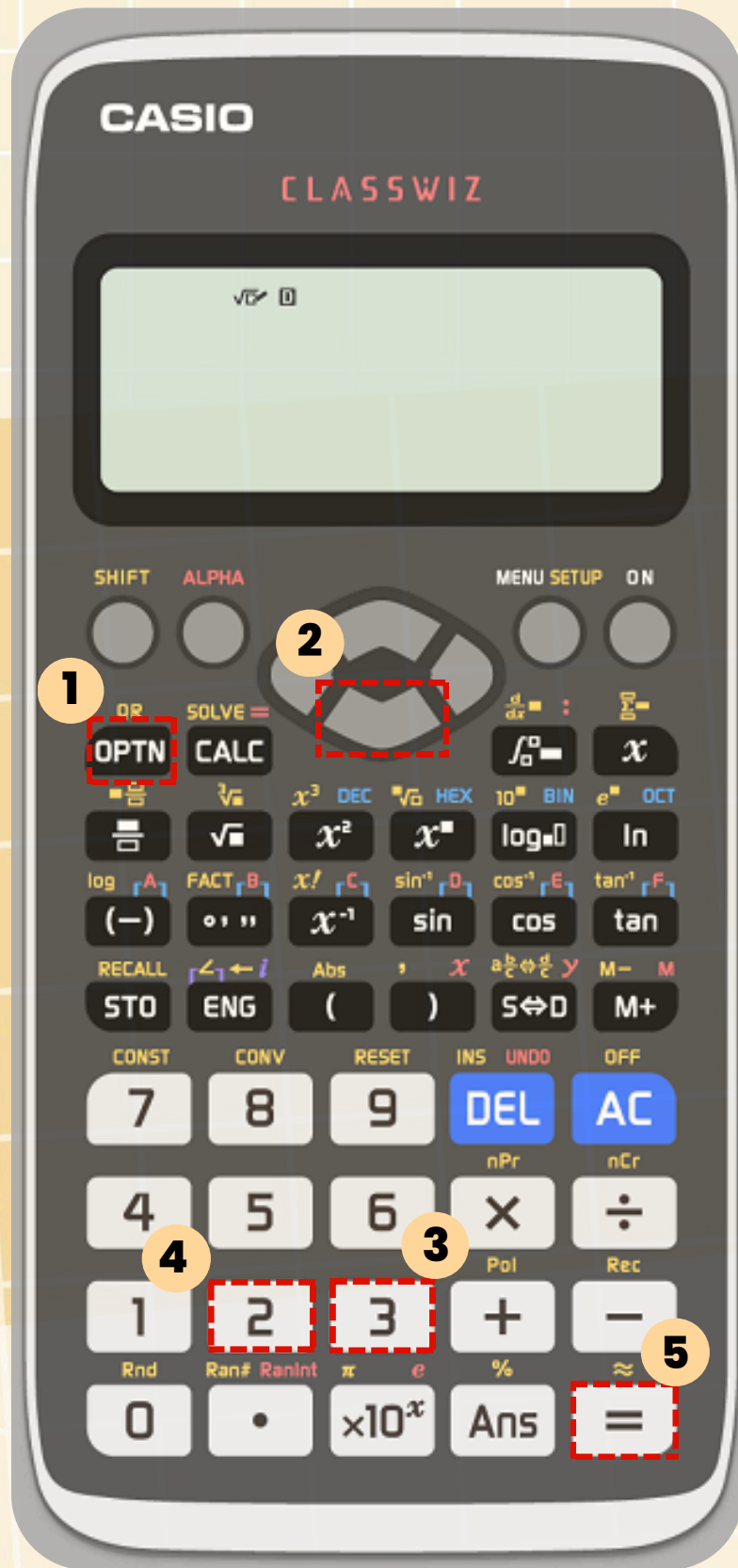
2 x 2 Identity Matrix

- 1 Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6
- 2 Click 'OPTN'
- 3 Click 
- 4 Click '4'
- 5 Click '2'
Click '='



A red arrow points from the matrix equation above to the final calculator screen.








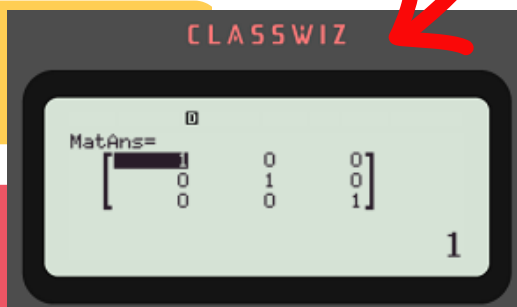
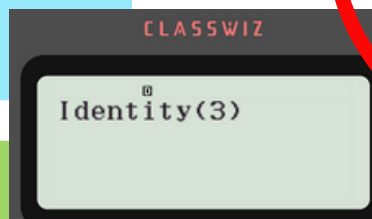
IDENTITY MATRIX, I

Call Identity Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3 x 3 Identity Matrix

- 1** Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6
- 2** Click 'OPTN'
- 3** Click 
- 4** Click '4'
- 5** Click '3'
Click '='





IDENTITY MATRIX, I

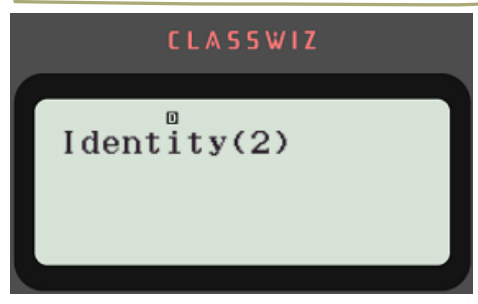
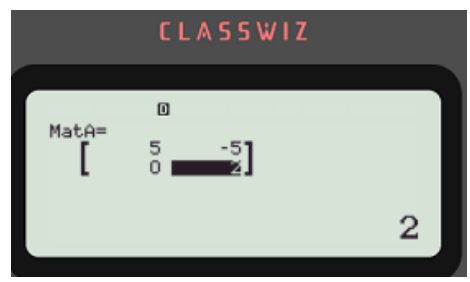
Solve Identity Matrix

Example 1

Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, find IA

1 Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
(Refer Page 6)

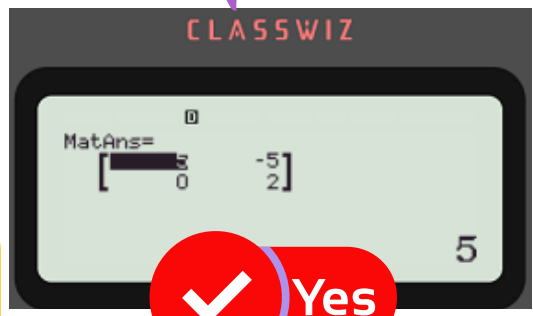
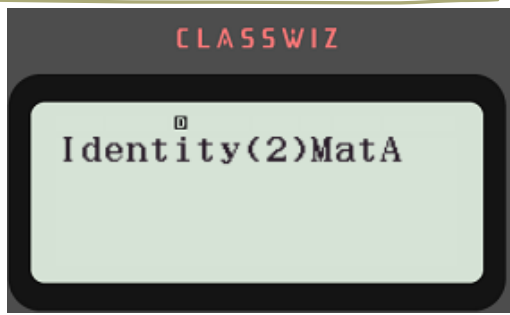
Define Matrix A
(Refer Page 8) **2**

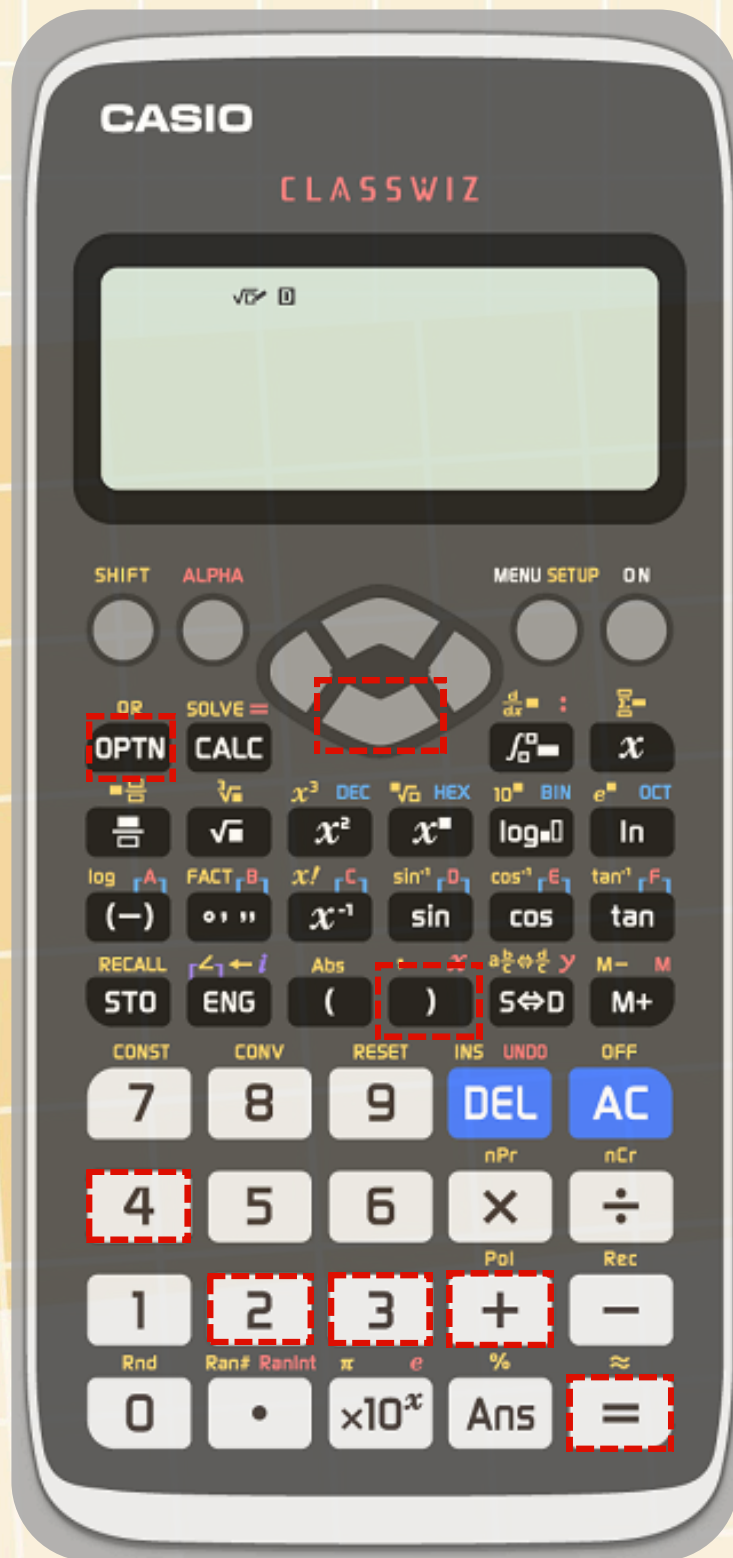


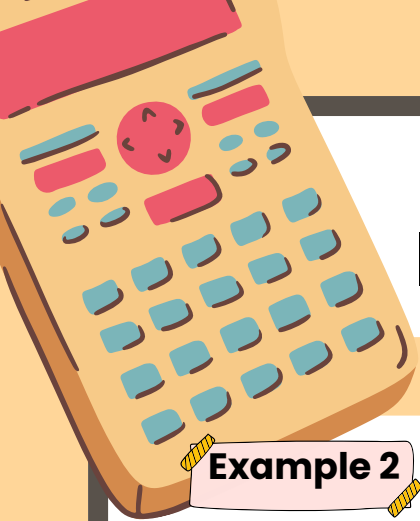
3 Call 2 x 2 Identity Matrix:
Click 'OPTN'
Click \blacktriangledown
Click 4
Click 2
Click)

Call Matrix A
(Refer Page 18) **4**

5 Click =







IDENTITY MATRIX, I

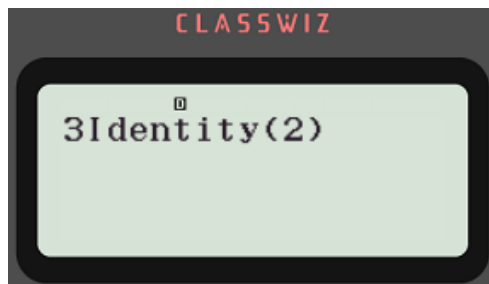
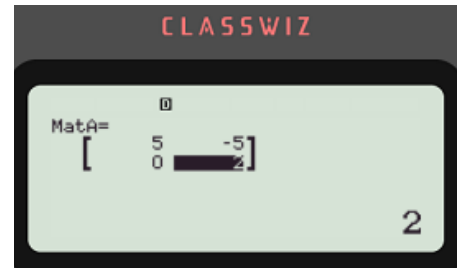
Solve Identity Matrix


Example 2

Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, find $3I + 2A$

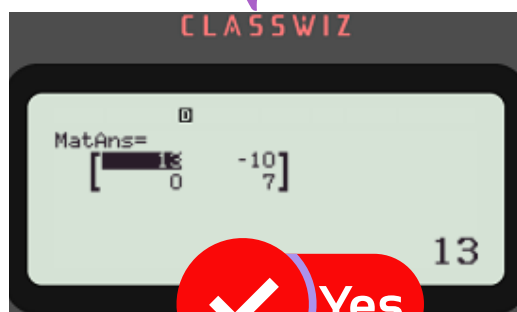
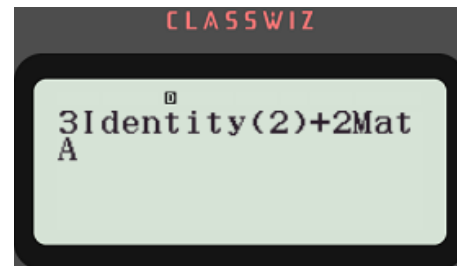
- 1 Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
(Refer Page 6)

Define Matrix A
(Refer Page 8)



- 3 Click 3
Click 'OPTN'
Click 
Click 4
Click 2
Click)

- 4 Click +
Click 2
Call Matrix A
(Refer Page 18)
Click =





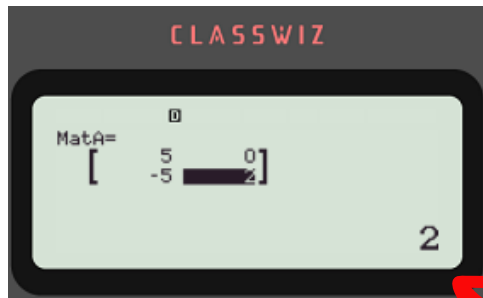
TRANSPOSE MATRIX





TRANSPOSE A MATRIX, A^T

Transpose a Matrix, A^T



$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A



to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A^T

1

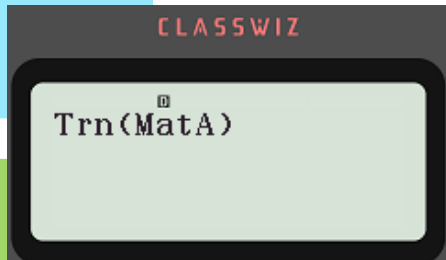
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode. Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A Refer Page 8

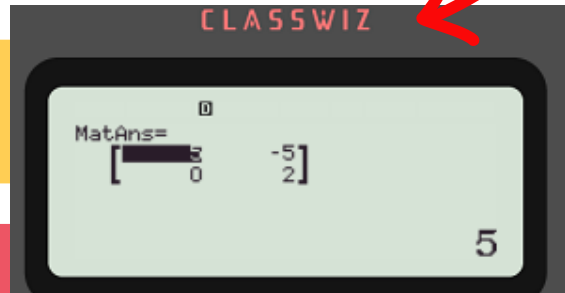
3

Click 'OPTN'
Click
Click 3



4

Call Matrix A Refer Page 18



5

Click =





OPERATION OF MATRIX





OPERATION OF MATRICES

Additional of Matrix

2 x 2 Matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ -2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

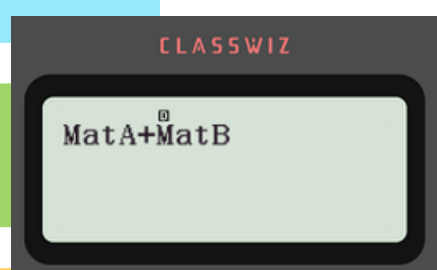
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18



4

Click '+'

5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =



SCAN ME! >>>







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Additional of Matrix

2 x 3 Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & -5 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

CLASSWIZ

MatA+MatB

4

Click '+'

5

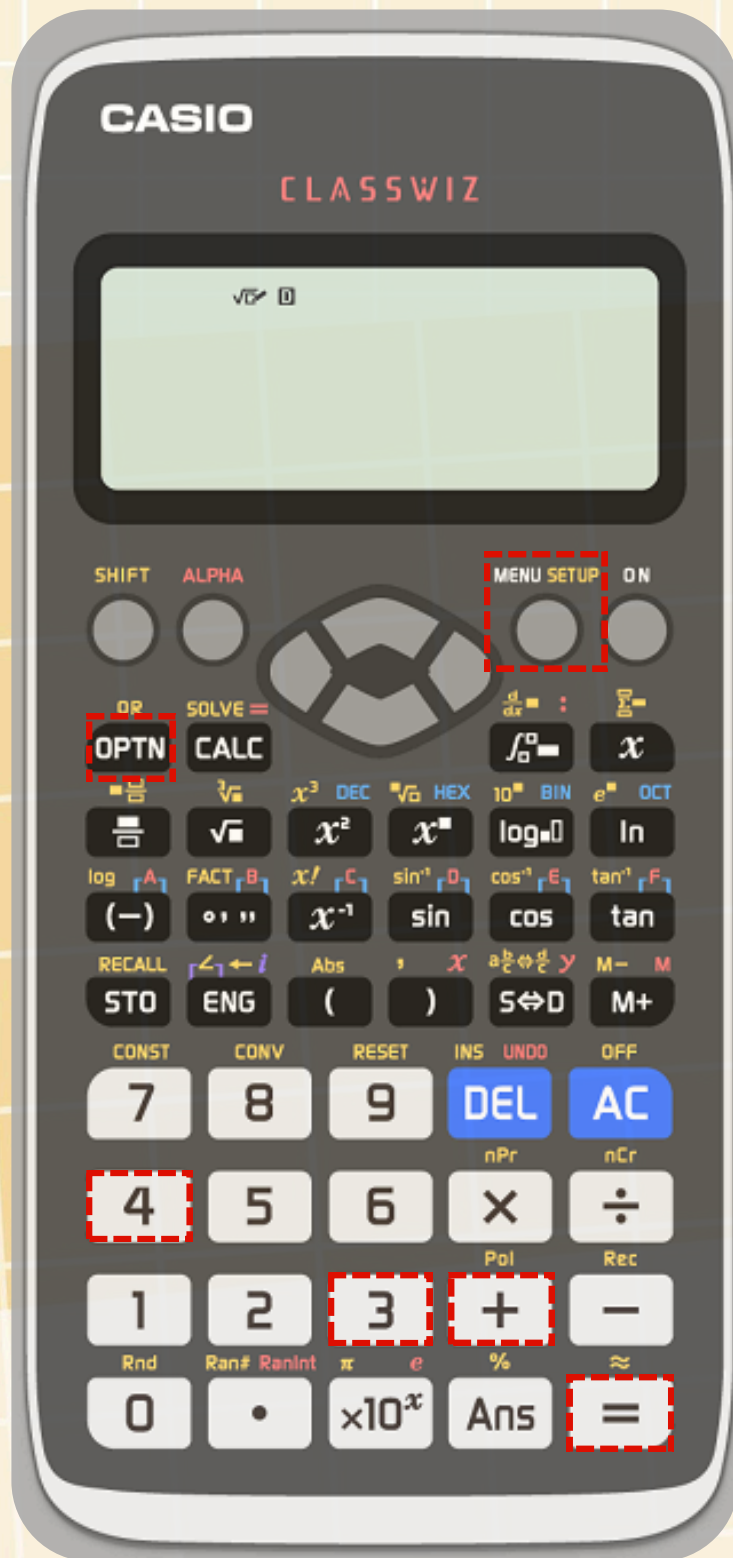
Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =

CLASSWIZ

MatAns=
 $\begin{bmatrix} 12 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$

12







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Additional of Matrix

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 7 \\ -2 & 4 & 2 \\ 7 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 19 \\ -12 & 6 & 2 \\ 25 & 8 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

CLASSWIZ

MatA+MatB

4

Click '+'

CLASSWIZ

5

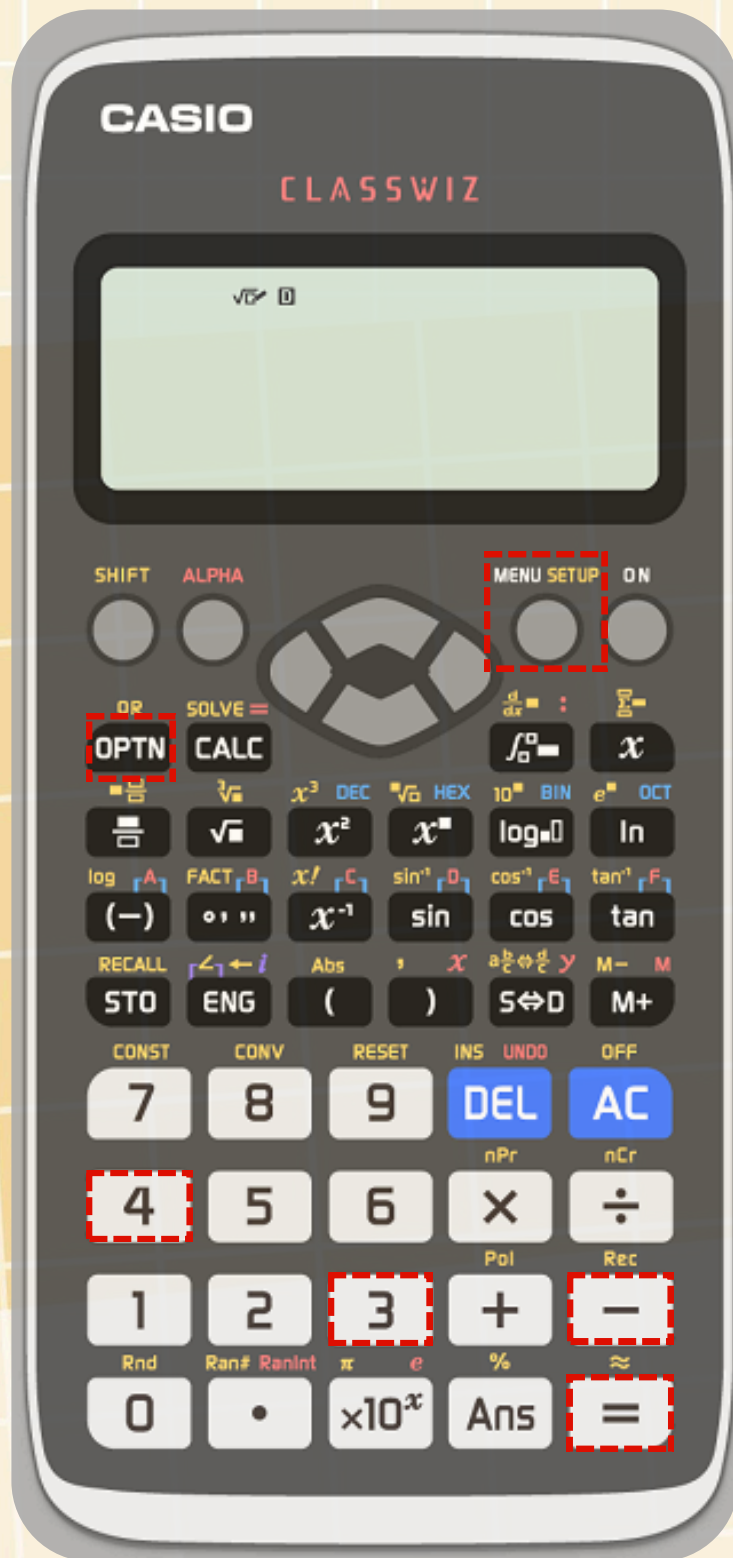
Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =

MatAns=

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 19 \\ -12 & 6 & 2 \\ 25 & 8 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

1







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Substraction of Matrix

2 x 2 Matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 8 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

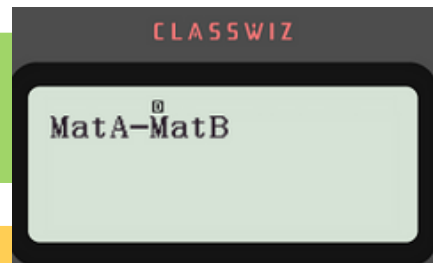
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

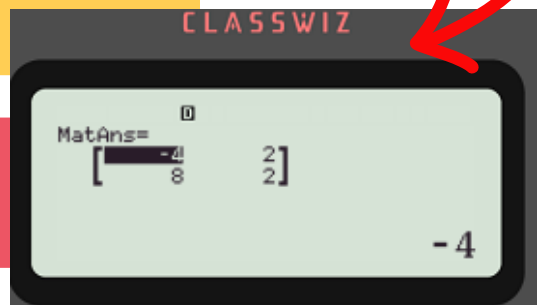
3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18



4

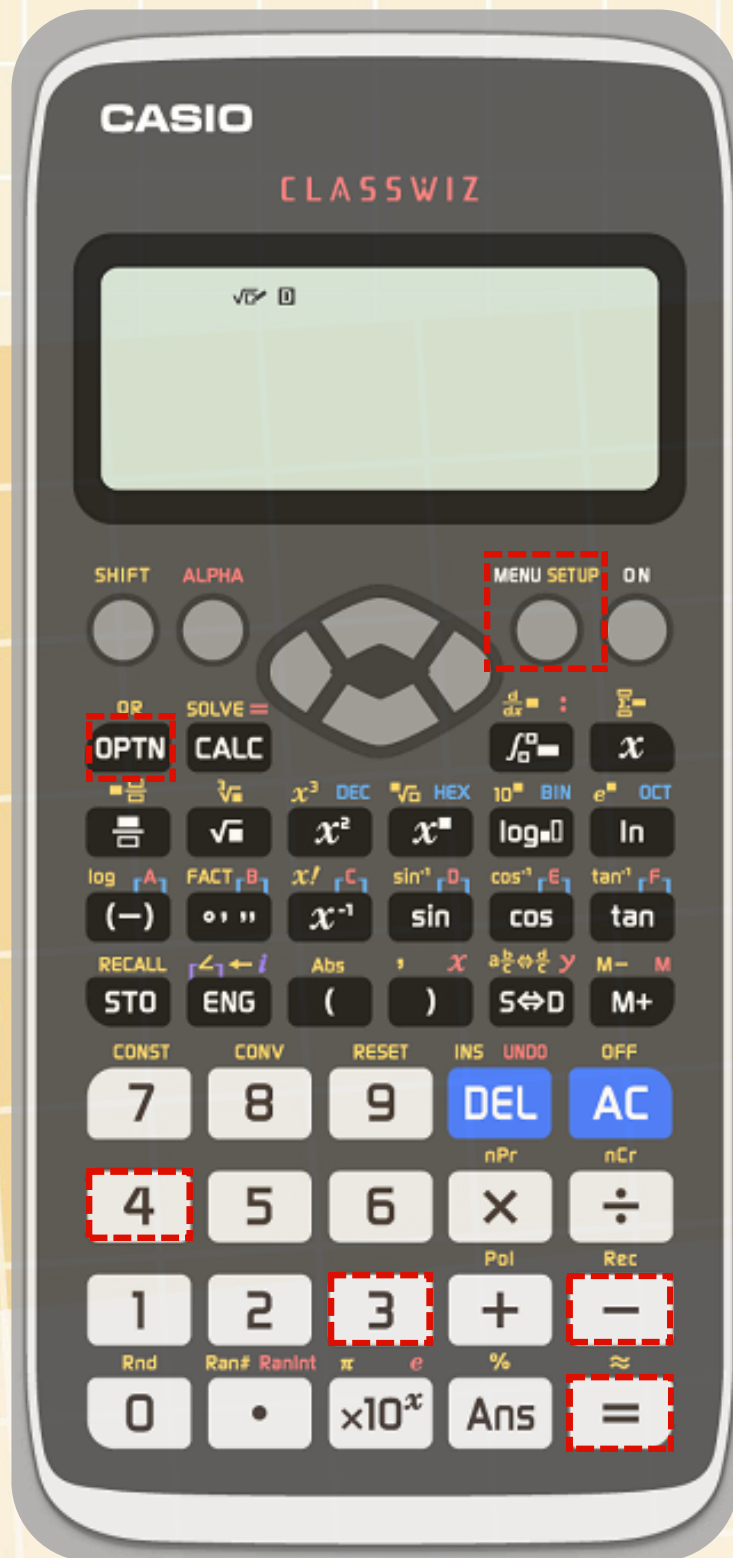
Click '-'



5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Substraction of Matrix

2 x 3 Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & -5 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & -11 \\ 4 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

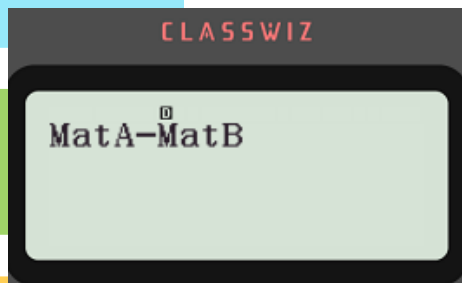
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

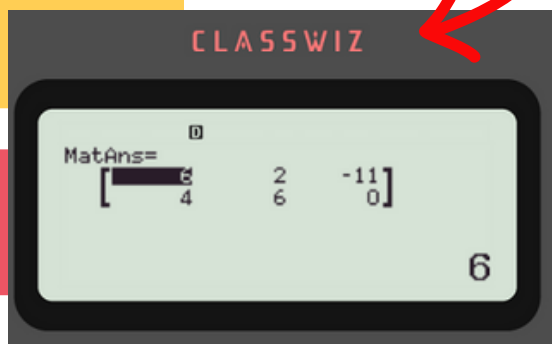
3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18



4

Click '='



5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Substraction of Matrix

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 7 \\ -2 & 4 & 2 \\ 7 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 10 & 5 \\ -8 & -2 & -2 \\ 11 & 4 & -20 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

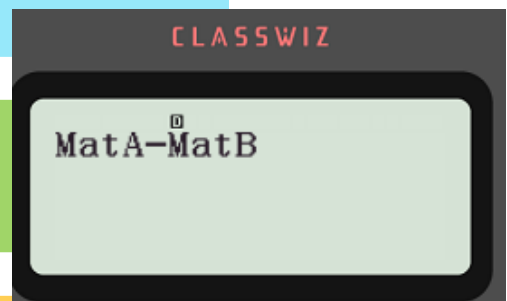
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

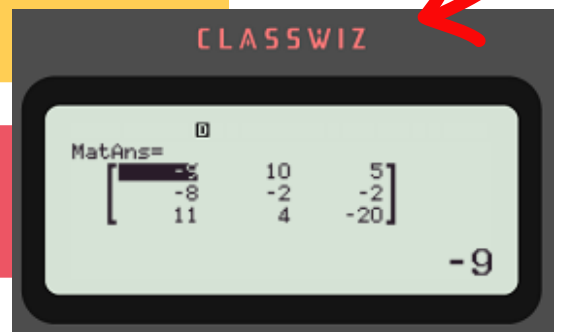


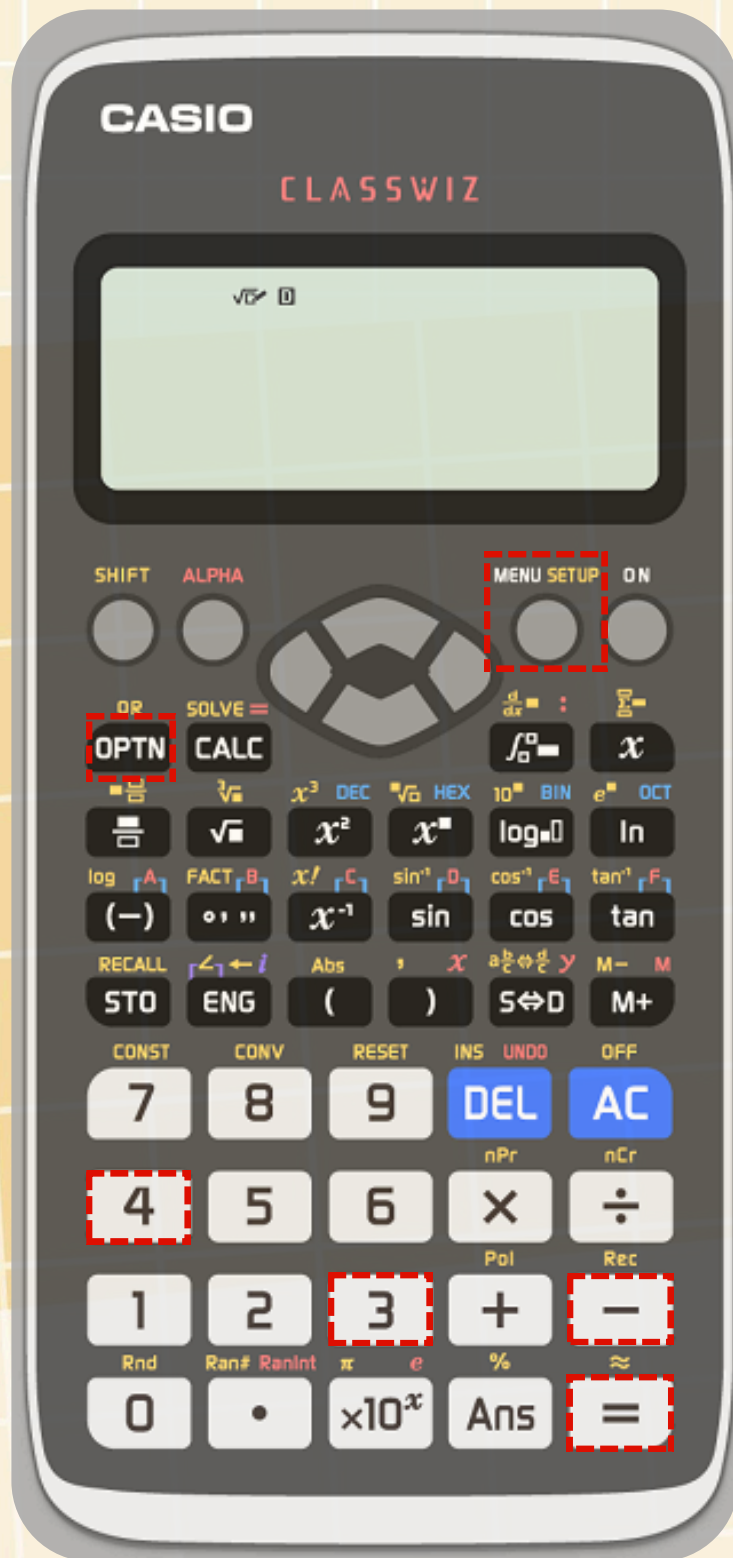
4

Click '-'

5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Multiply by a Constant

Example 1

$$2 \times 1 = 2$$

$$2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 6 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

1

Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A
Refer Page 8

3

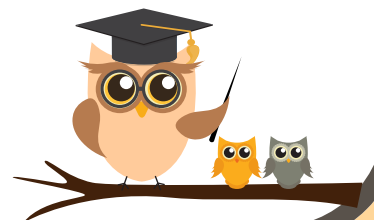
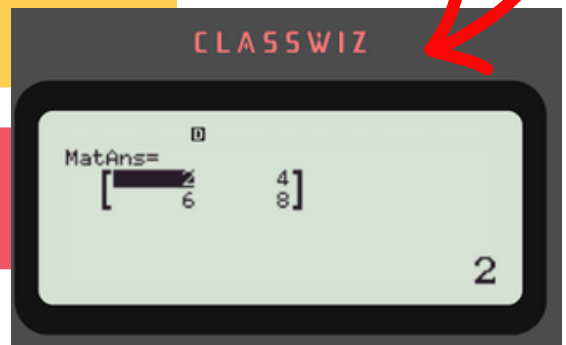
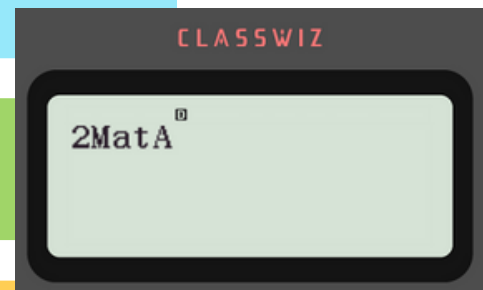
Click 2
Refer Page 18

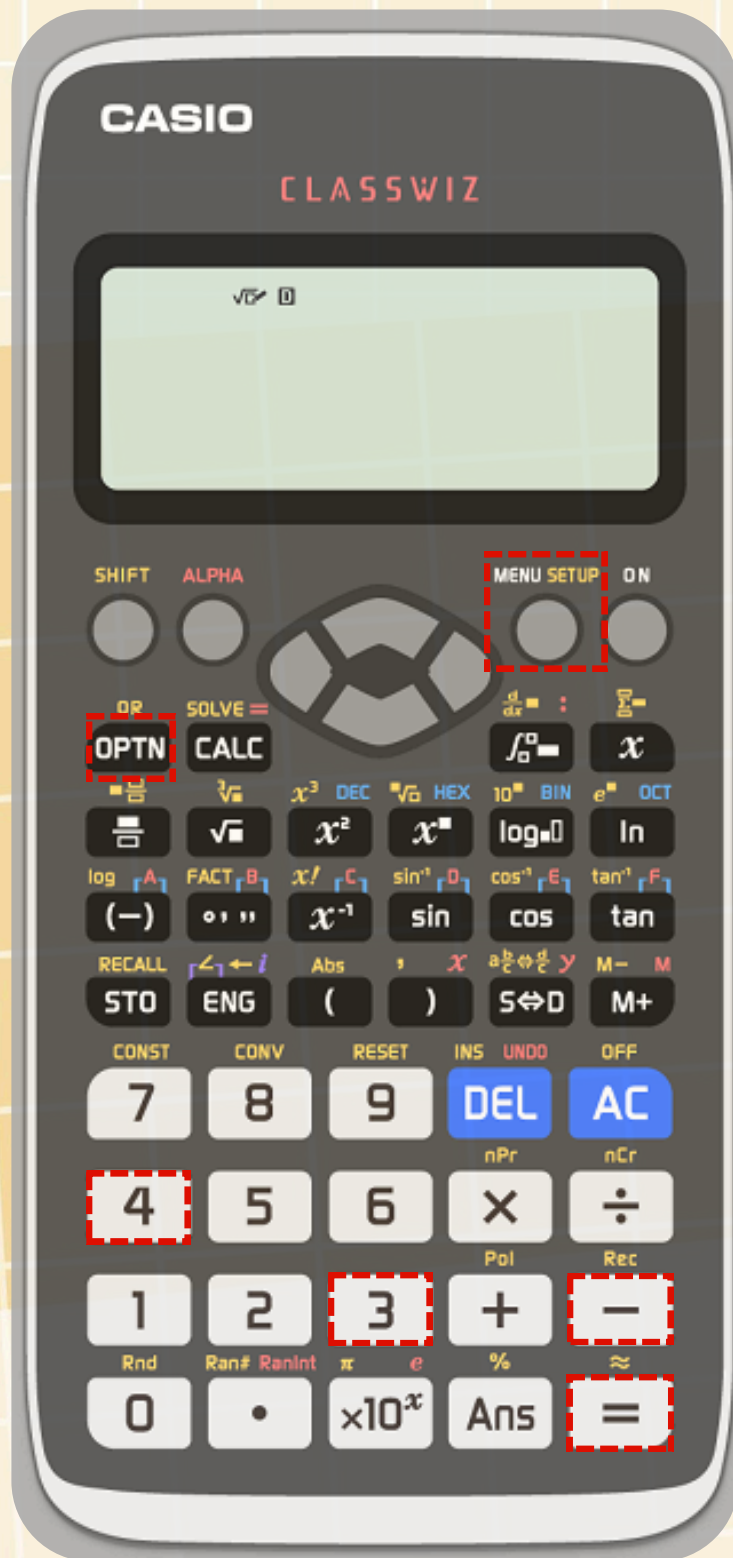
4

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

5

Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Multiply by a Constant

Example 2

$$-(1) = -1$$

$$-\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ -3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

1

Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A
Refer Page 8

3

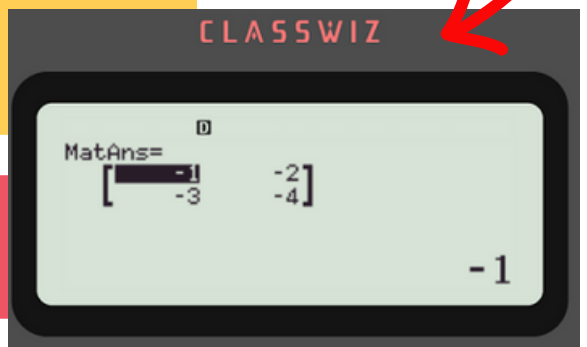
Click '-'

4

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

5

Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Multiplication of Matrix

Example 1

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 4 \\ -5 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

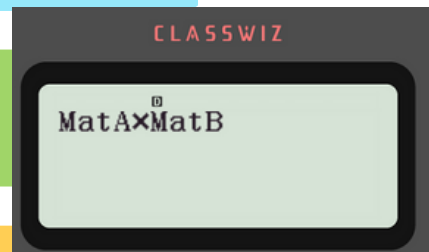
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

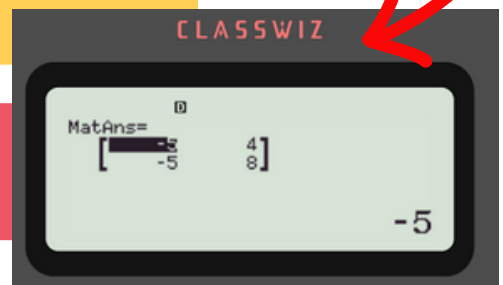


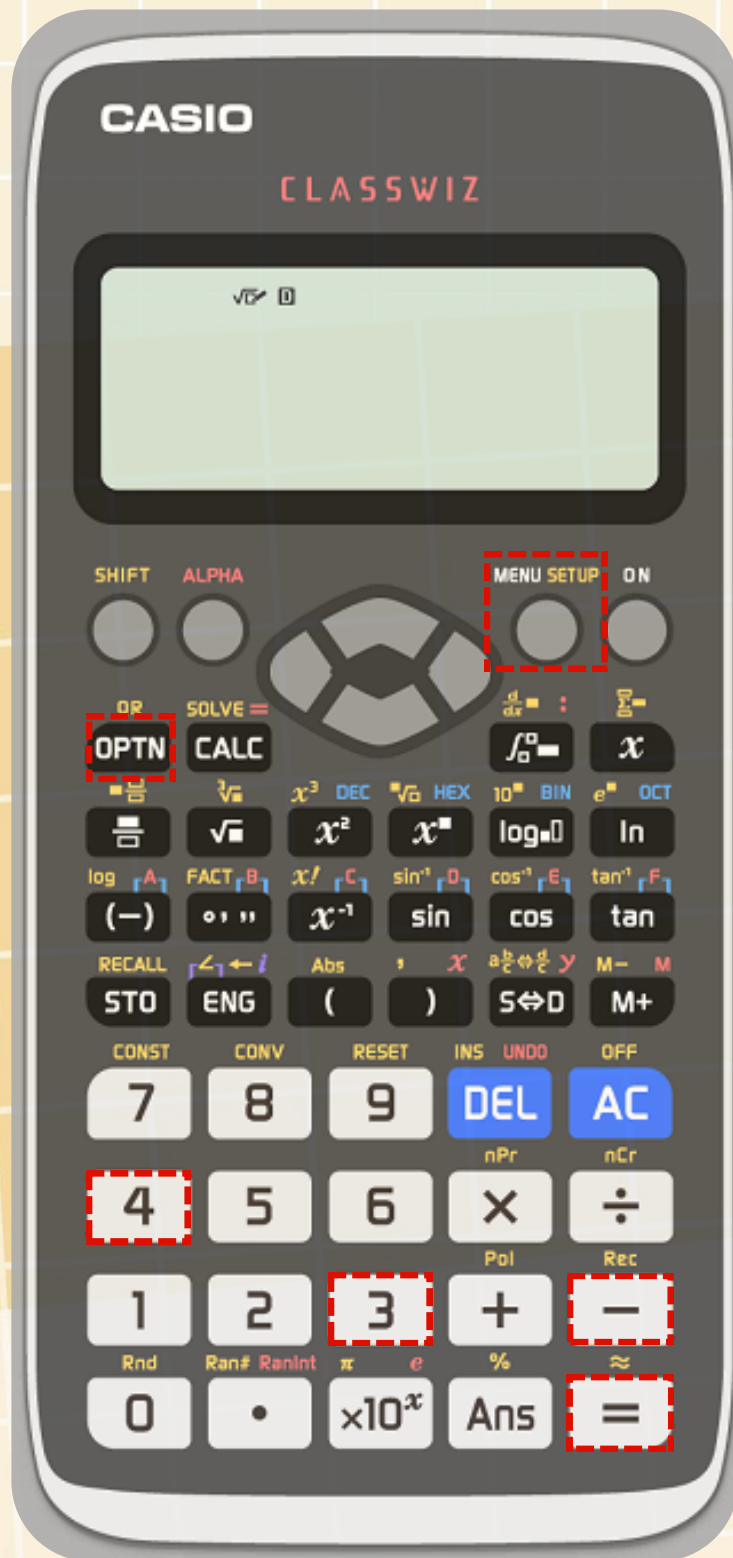
4

Click 'X'

5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Multiplication of Matrix

Example 3

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ -2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -20 & 20 \\ 30 & 30 \\ 14 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and
Matrix B
Refer Page 8

3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18

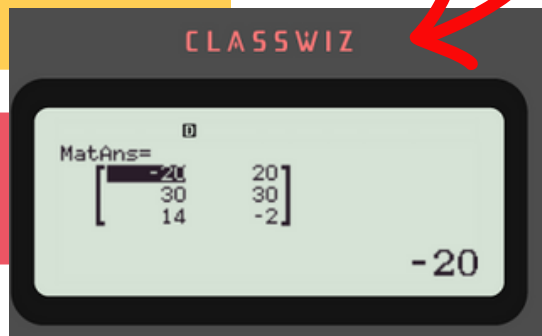


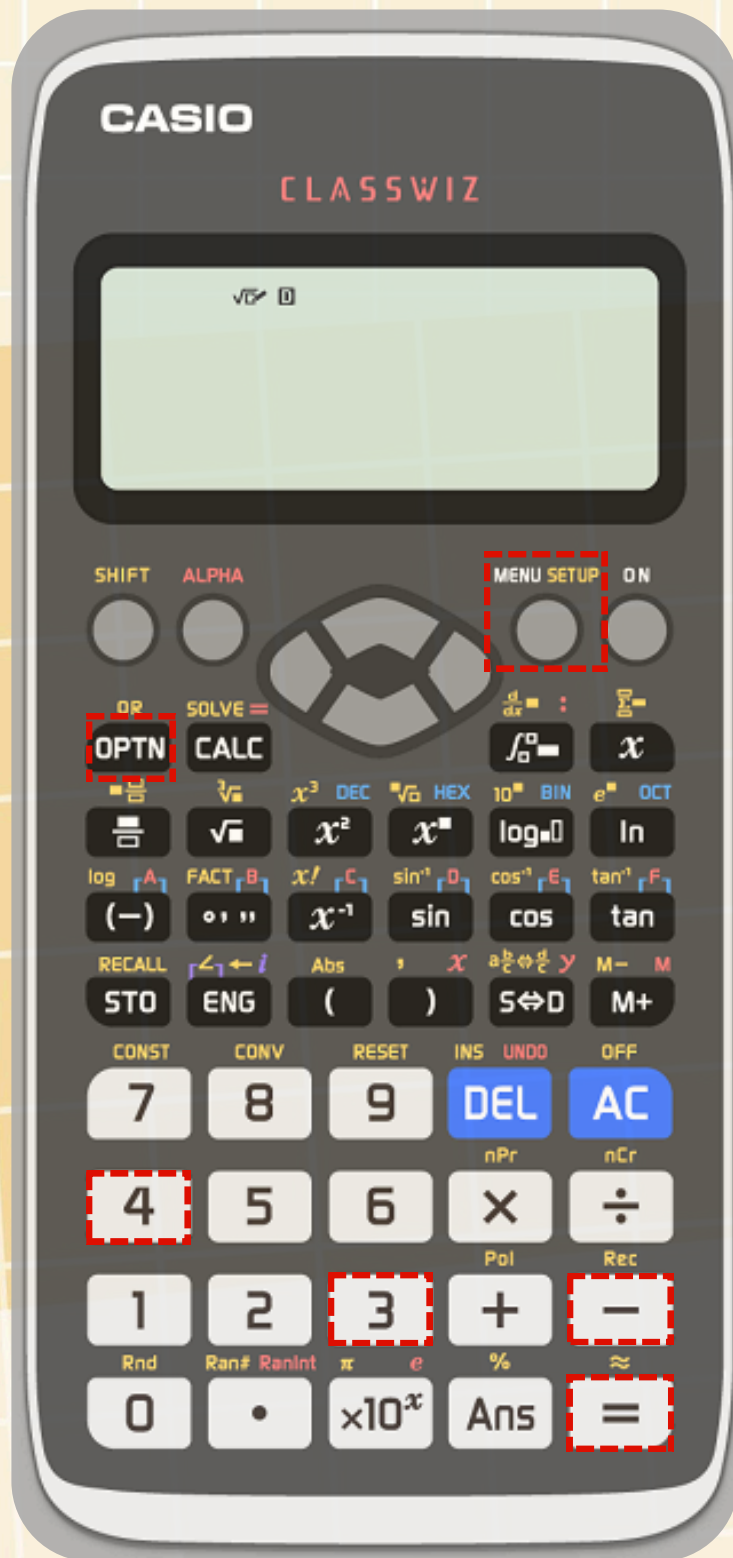
4

Click 'X'

5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =







OPERATION OF MATRICES

Multiplication of Matrix

Example 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 8 & 12 \\ -10 & 2 & 0 \\ 18 & 6 & -14 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 7 \\ -2 & 4 & 2 \\ 7 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 48 & 64 & 60 \\ -54 & 28 & -66 \\ -20 & -40 & 54 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Matrix B

Matrix C

1

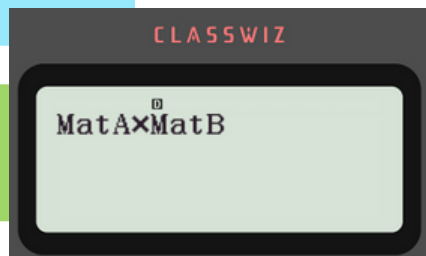
Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6

2

Define Matrix A and Matrix B
Refer Page 8

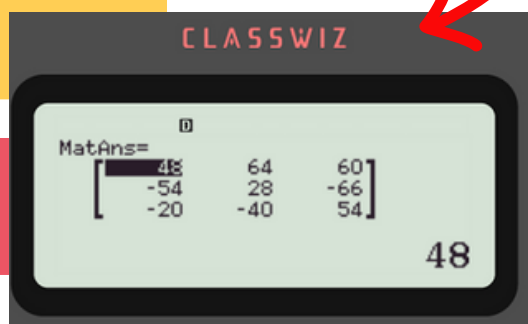
3

Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18



4

Click 'X'



5

Call Matrix B
Refer Page 18
Click =

SCAN ME! >>>





DETERMINANT OF MATRIX





DETERMINANT OF MATRIX, $|A|$


Calculating the Determinant of Matrix A

2 x 2 Matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix A

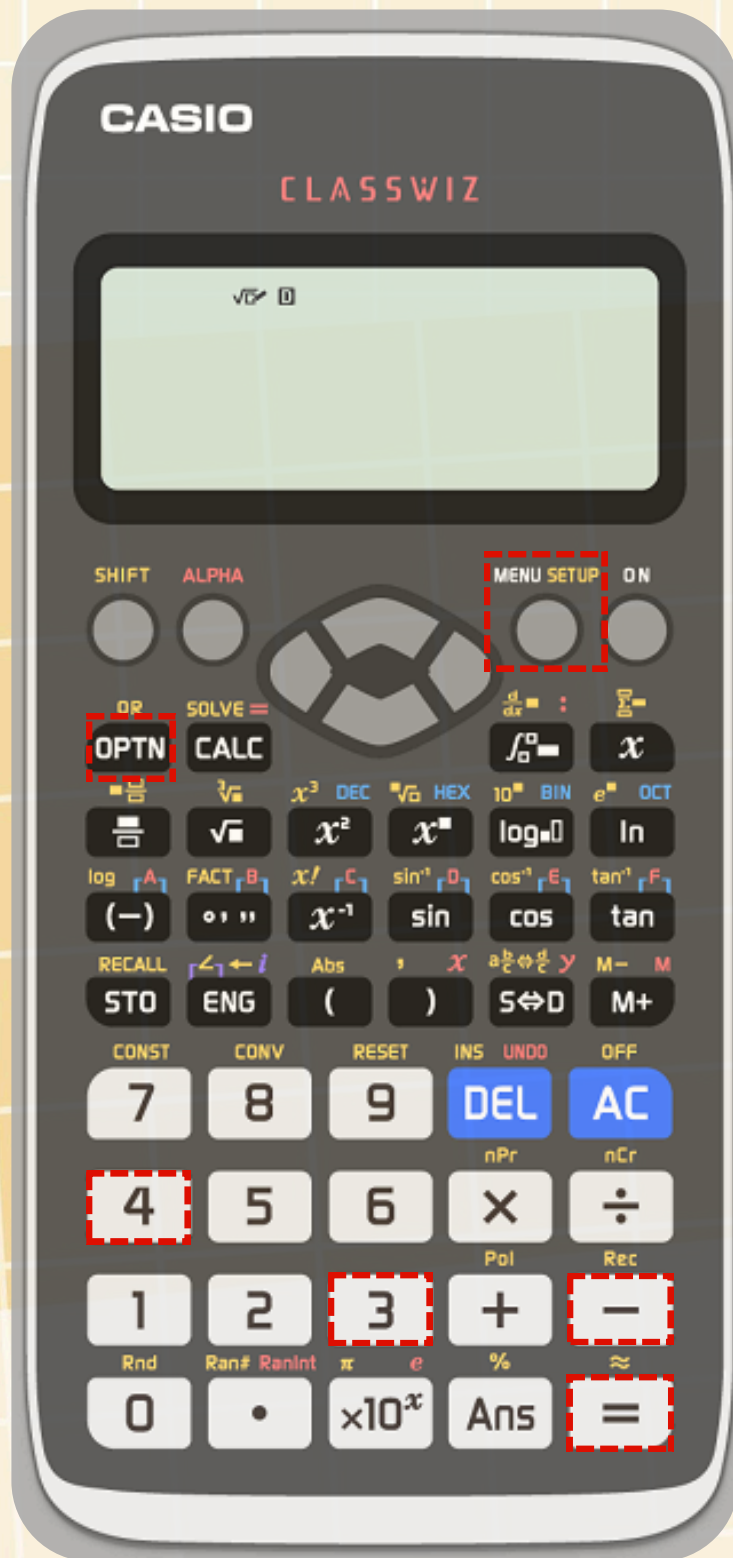
Determinant of Matrix A, $|A| = -2$

- 1 Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6
- 2 Define Matrix A
Refer Page 8
- 3 Click 'OPTN'
Click 
Click 2
- 4 Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18
- 5 Click =



BACK ◀







DETERMINANT OF MATRIX, $|A|$


Calculating the Determinant of Matrix A

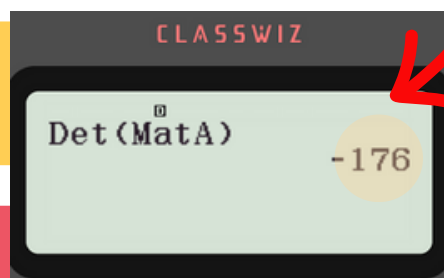
3 x 3 Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 7 \\ -2 & 4 & 2 \\ 7 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix A

Determinant of Matrix A, $|A| = -176$

- 1 Make sure your calculator in Matrix Mode.
Refer Page 6
- 2 Define Matrix A
Refer Page 8
- 3 Click 'OPTN'
Click 
Click 2
- 4 Call Matrix A
Refer Page 18
- 5 Click =

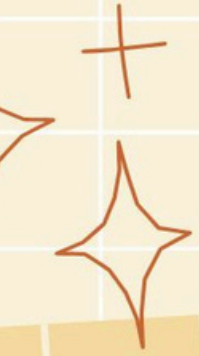


SCAN ME! >>>



BACK <





SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATION



SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATION

Solve Simultaneous Linear Equation



2 x 2 Matrix

$$3x + 4y = 18$$

$$x + 7y = 23$$

Convert equation to matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **X** **B**

- 1 Click ON
Click MENU
Click '(—)'

- 2 Click 1
Click 2

- 3 Insert Matrix A and value of B

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **B**

- 4 Click = to get the value of x

- 5 Click = to get the value of y

1: Simul Equation
2: Polynomial

Simul Equation
Number of
Unknowns?
Select 2~4

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 18 \\ 1x + 7y = 23 \end{cases}$$

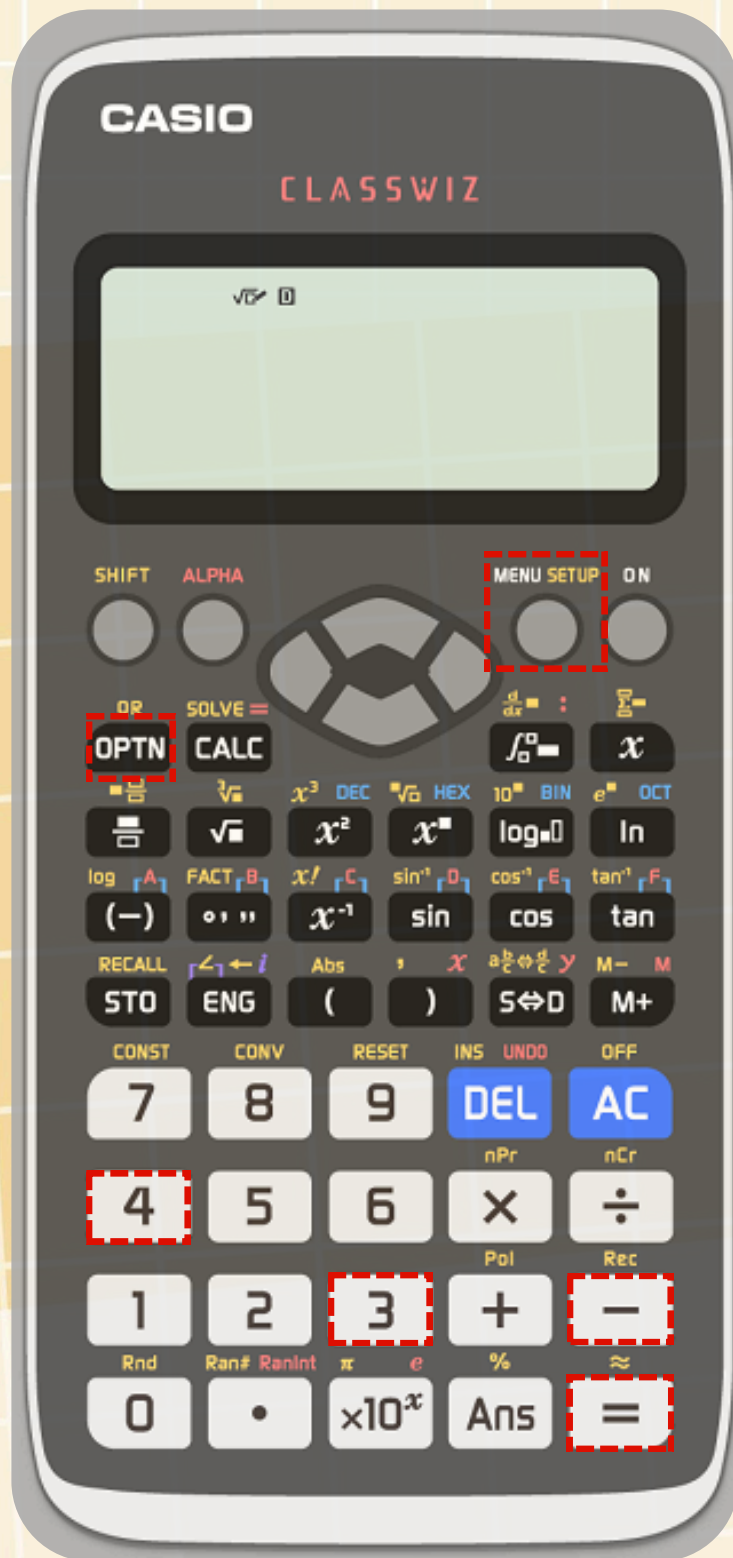
X=

2

y=

3

BACK ◀





SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATION

Solve Simultaneous Linear Equation

3 x 3 Matrix

$$\begin{aligned}
 2x - 4y + 3z &= -3 \\
 x + 2y - 5z &= 9 \\
 -3x - y + 2z &= -9
 \end{aligned}$$

Convert equation to matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **X** **B**

1 Click ON
Click MENU
Click '(—)'

Click 1 **2**
Click 3

1: Simul Equation
2: Polynomial

Simul Equation
Number of Unknowns?
Select 2~4

3 Insert Matrix A and value of B

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **B**

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 4y + 3z = -3 \\ x + 2y - 5z = 9 \\ -3x - y + 2z = -9 \end{cases}$$

X= 2

y= 1

Z= -1

Click = to get the value of x **4**

5 Click = to get the value of y

Click = to get the value of z **6**

BACK ◀



CRAMER METHOD





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

$$3x + 4y = 18$$

$$x + 7y = 23$$

Convert equation to matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **X** **B**

Find Determinant of Matrix A



Manual Calculation

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = (3 \times 7) - (1 \times 4)$$

$$= 21 - 4$$

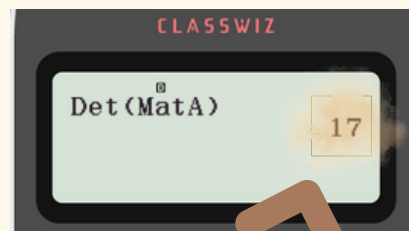
$$= 17$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A

[CLICK HERE!](#)



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Find Determinant of Matrix A_1



Manual Calculation

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 4 \\ 23 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A_1| = (18 \times 7) - (23 \times 4)$$

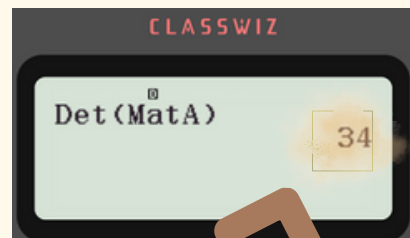
$$= 126 - 92$$

$$= 34$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A_1 . Refer page 56



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Find Determinant of Matrix A_2



Manual Calculation

$$A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 18 \\ 1 & 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A_2| = (3 \times 23) - (18 \times 1)$$

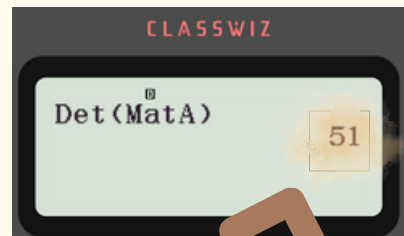
$$= 69 - 18$$

$$= 51$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A_2 . Refer page 56



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Calculating the value of
x and y



Manual Calculation

$$x = \frac{|A_1|}{|A|} = \frac{34}{17} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{|A_2|}{|A|} = \frac{51}{17} = 3$$

same answer

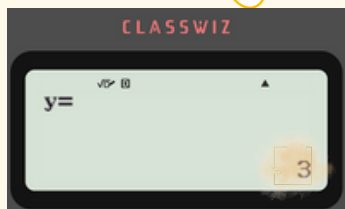
same answer



Using Calculator

Determine the value of
x and y

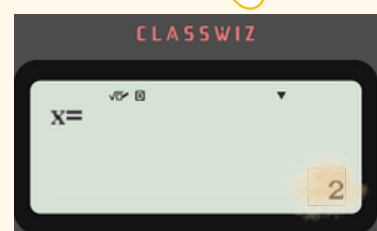
[CLICK HERE!](#)



Using Calculator

Determine the value of
x and y

[CLICK HERE!](#)





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

$$2x - 4y + 3z = -3$$

$$x + 2y - 5z = 9$$

$$-3x - y + 2z = -9$$

Convert equation to matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **X** **B**

Find Determinant of Matrix A



Manual Calculation

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = (8 - 60 - 3) - (-18 + 10 - 8)$$

$$= -55 + 16$$

$$= -39$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A

CLICK HERE!



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Find Determinant of Matrix A_1



Manual Calculation

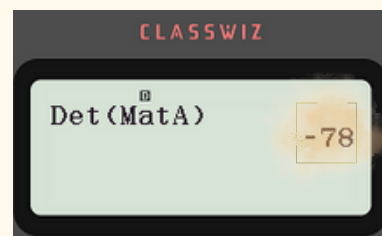
$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -4 & 3 \\ 9 & 2 & -5 \\ -9 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A_1| &= (-12 - 180 - 27) - (-54 - 15 - 72) \\ &= -219 + 141 \\ &= -78 \end{aligned}$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A_1 . Refer page 58



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Find Determinant of Matrix A_2



Manual Calculation

$$A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 \\ 1 & 9 & -5 \\ -3 & -9 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A_2| = (36 - 45 - 27) - (-81 + 90 - 6)$$

$$= -36 - 3$$

$$= -39$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A_2 . Refer page 58



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Find Determinant of Matrix A_3



Manual Calculation

$$A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 9 \\ -3 & -1 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{B}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A_3| &= (-36 + 108 + 3) - (18 - 18 + 36) \\ &= 75 - 36 \\ &= 39 \end{aligned}$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A_3 . Refer page 58



Same answer





CRAMER METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Cramer Rules

Calculating the value of
x, y and z



Manual Calculation

$$x = \frac{|A_1|}{|A|} = \frac{-78}{-39} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{|A_2|}{|A|} = \frac{-39}{-39} = 1$$

$$z = \frac{|A_3|}{|A|} = \frac{39}{-39} = -1$$



Using Calculator

Determine the value of x

CLICK HERE!



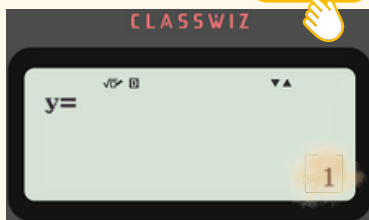
Same answer



Using Calculator

Determine the value of y

CLICK HERE!



Same answer



Using Calculator

Determine the value of z

CLICK HERE!





INVERSE METHOD





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

$$2x - 4y + 3z = -3$$

$$x + 2y - 5z = 9$$

$$-3x - y + 2z = -9$$

Convert equation to matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

A **X** **B**

Find Determinant of Matrix A



Manual Calculation

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = (8 - 60 - 3) - (-18 + 10 - 8)$$

$$= -55 + 16$$

$$= -39$$



Using Calculator

Determine determinant of Matrix A. Refer page 58



Same answer





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

Find **MINOR** for Matrix A



Manual Calculation

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Minor A} = \begin{bmatrix} (2 \ -5)(1 \ -5)(1 \ 2) \\ (-1 \ 2)(-3 \ 2)(-3 \ -1) \\ (-4 \ 3)(2 \ 3)(2 \ -4) \\ (-1 \ 2)(-3 \ 2)(-3 \ -1) \\ (-4 \ 3)(2 \ 3)(2 \ -4) \\ (2 \ -5)(1 \ -5)(1 \ 2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -13 & 5 \\ -5 & 13 & -14 \\ 14 & -13 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$



Important Information

MINOR can **ONLY** be determined using manual calculation





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

Find **COFACTOR** for Matrix A



Manual Calculation

Cofactor A :

$$=(\text{MINOR } A) \begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -13 & 5 \\ -5 & 13 & -14 \\ 14 & -13 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 13 & 5 \\ 5 & 13 & 14 \\ 14 & 13 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$



Important Information

COFACTOR can **ONLY** be determined using manual calculation





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

Find **ADJOIN** for Matrix A



Manual Calculation

$$\text{Adjoin } A = (\text{Cofactor } A)^T$$

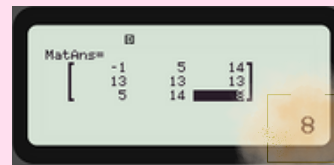
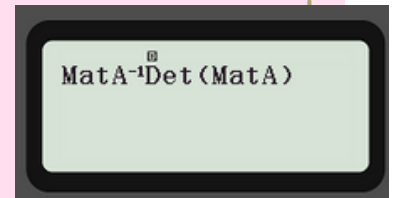
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 13 & 5 \\ 5 & 13 & 14 \\ 14 & 13 & 8 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 14 \\ 13 & 13 & 13 \\ 5 & 14 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$



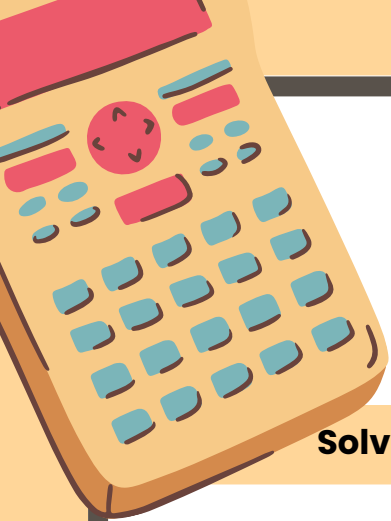
Using Calculator

- Click OPTN
- Click 3
- Click x^{-1}
- Click OPTN
- Click ∇
- Click 2
- Click OPTN
- Click 3
- Click '='



Same answer





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

Find INVERSE MATRIX



Manual Calculation

$$\text{Inverse Matrix} = \frac{1}{|A|} (\text{Adjoin } A)$$

$$= \frac{1}{-39} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 14 \\ 13 & 13 & 13 \\ 5 & 14 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{-39} & \frac{5}{-39} & \frac{14}{-39} \\ \frac{13}{-39} & \frac{13}{-39} & \frac{13}{-39} \\ \frac{5}{-39} & \frac{14}{-39} & \frac{8}{-39} \end{bmatrix}$$

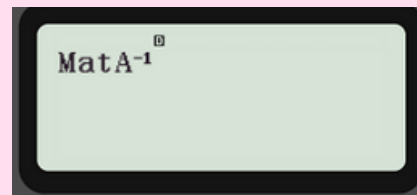


Using Calculator

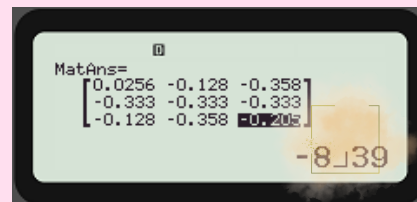
- * Click OPTN
- * Click 3



- * Click x^{-1}



- * Click '='



Same answer





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

Find value of x, y and z in Matrix X

TECHNIQUE 1



Manual Calculation

$$X = \frac{1}{|A|} (\text{Adjoin } A) \times B$$

$$X = \frac{1}{-39} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 14 \\ 13 & 13 & 13 \\ 5 & 14 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \frac{1}{-39} \begin{bmatrix} -78 \\ -39 \\ 39 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -78 \\ -39 \\ -39 \\ -39 \\ 39 \\ -39 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

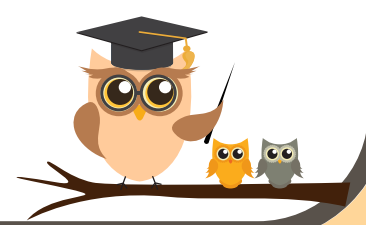


Using Calculator

- ★ Click 1
- ★ Click $\frac{1}{x}$
- ★ Click -39 (Det A)
- ★ Click 'x'
- ★ Click OPTN
- ★ Click ∇
- ★ Click 1
- ★ Click 'x'
- ★ Click OPTN
- ★ Click 4



Same answer





INVERSE METHOD

Solving Simultaneous Linear Equation Using Inverse Method

Find value of x , y and z
in **Matrix X**

TECHNIQUE 2



Manual Calculation

$$X = \frac{1}{|A|} (\text{Adjoin } A) \times B$$

$$X = \frac{1}{-39} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 14 \\ 13 & 13 & 13 \\ 5 & 14 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \frac{1}{-39} \begin{bmatrix} -78 \\ -39 \\ 39 \end{bmatrix}$$

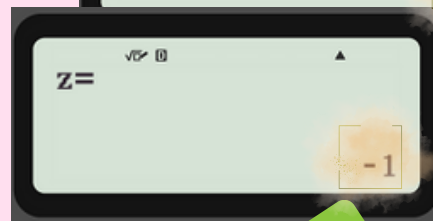
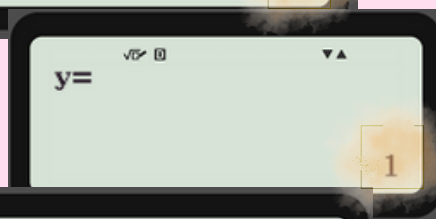
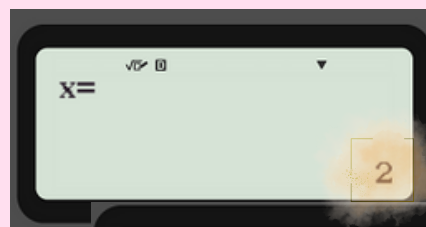
$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -78 \\ -39 \\ -39 \\ -39 \\ 39 \\ -39 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Using Calculator

Refer Page 62



Same answer





EXERCISE





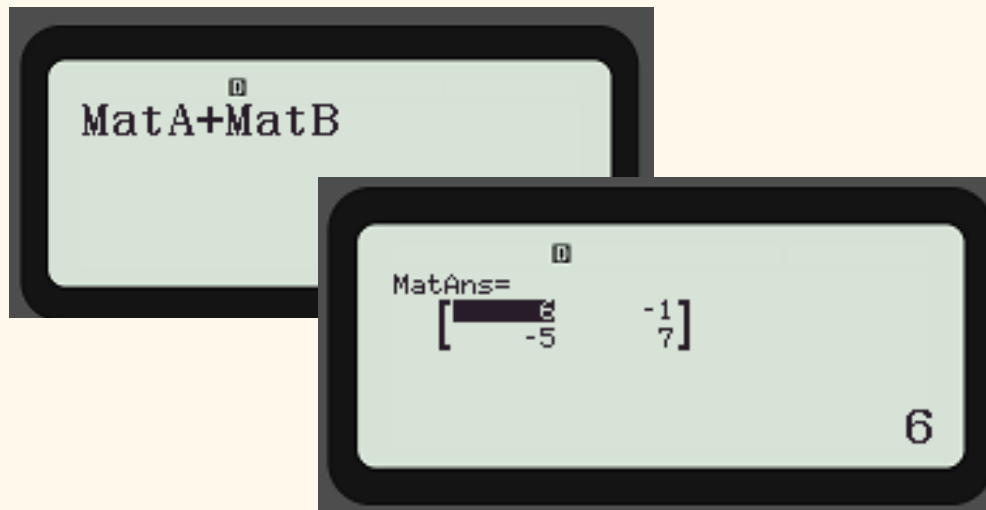
Let's Try:



If given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Find A+B

Answer:





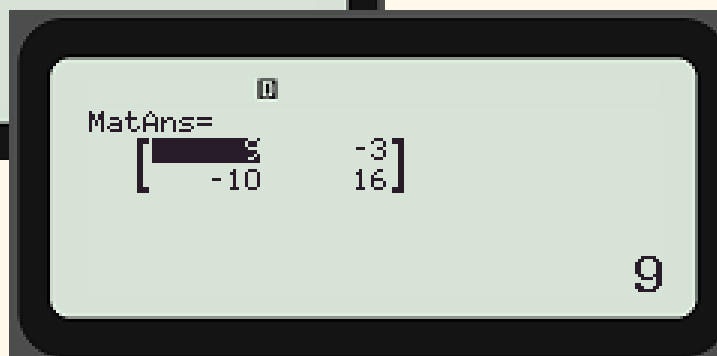
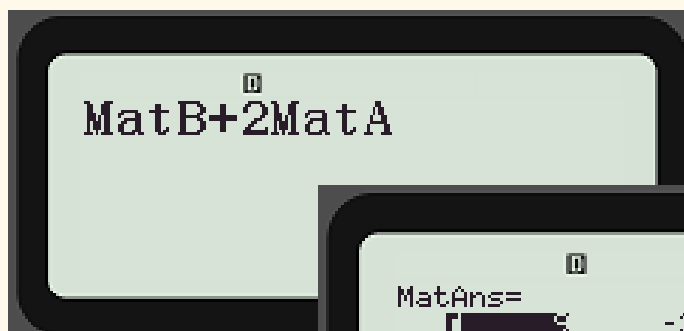
Let's Try:



If given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Find $B + 2A$

Answer:





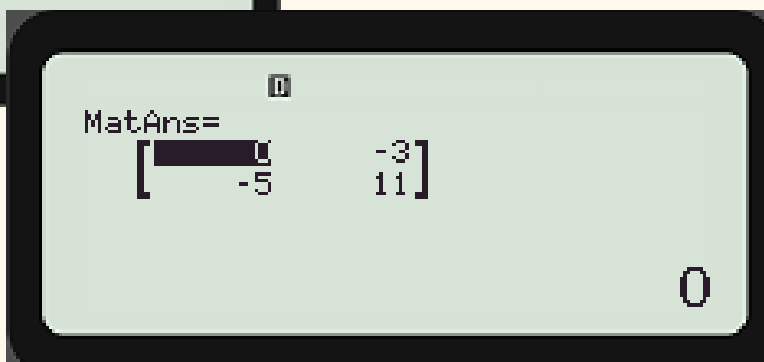
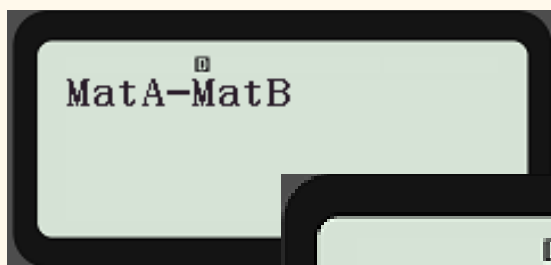
Let's Try:



If given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Find $A - B$

Answer:





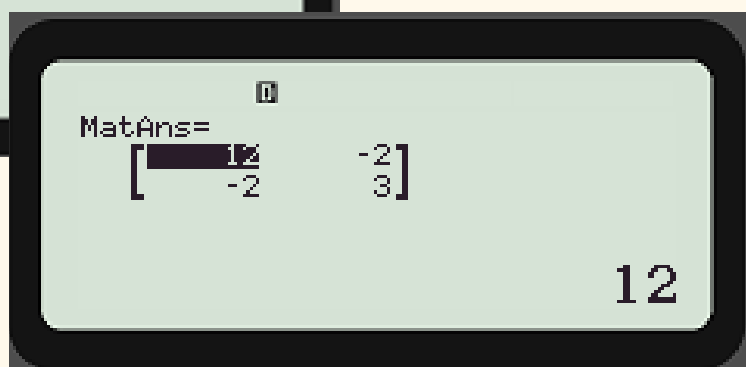
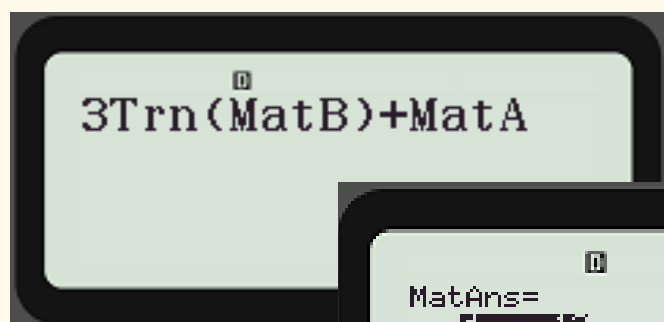
Let's Try:



If given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

FIND $3B^T + A$

Answer:





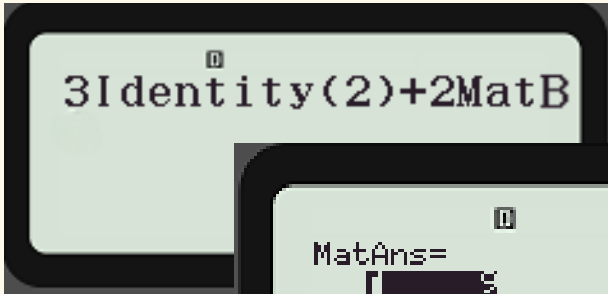
Let's Try:



If given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

FIND $3I + 2B$

Answer:



```
3Identity(2)+2MatB
```



```
MatAns=
```

```
[ 8 2 ]
```

```
0 -1 ]
```

```
9
```



Let's Try:

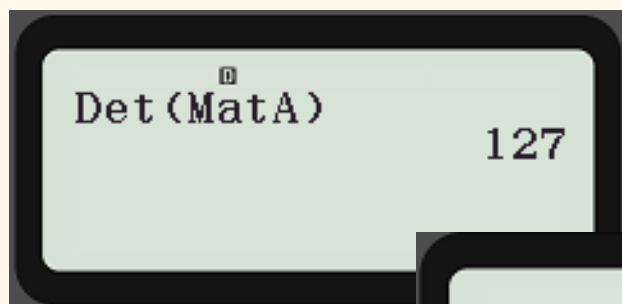


Find the determinant for the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 3 \\ 4 & -1 & -5 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

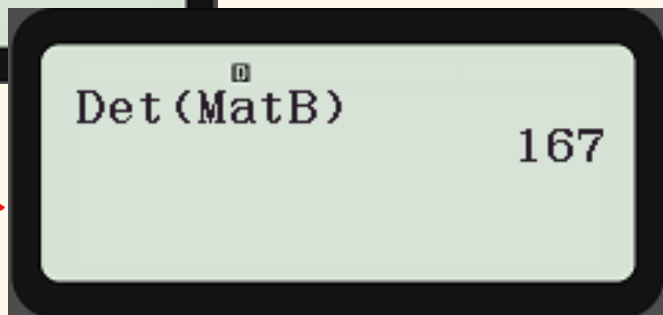
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 4 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:



Det(MatA) 127

Det A



Det(MatB) 167

Det B

Let's Try:



Given the determinant of matrix $P = -5$. Find:

Adjoin of matrix P
&
Inverse of matrix P

Answer:

```
MatAns=
[ -1   2  -1 ]
[  8 -17  10 ]
[  6 -12   7 ]
-1
```

Adjoin

Inverse

```
MatAns=
[ 0.2 -0.4  0.2 ]
[ -1.6  3.4 -2 ]
[ -1.2  2.4 -1.4 ]
1 | 5
```





TUTORIAL



Question :

Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Inverse Method**

$$\begin{aligned} -x + 4y + z &= 0 \\ x - 2y + z &= -2 \\ 3x + y + 2z &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

Answer:



1

x = 5

2

y = 2

3

z = -3

Good job



Question :

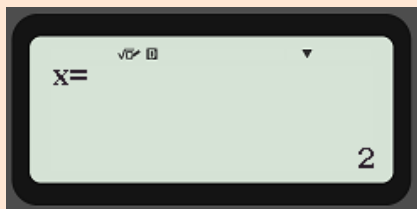
Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Cramer Method**

$$\begin{aligned}x + y + z &= 5 \\x + 2y + 3z &= 7 \\2x - y - 3z &= 3\end{aligned}$$

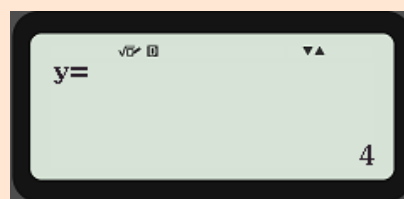
Answer:



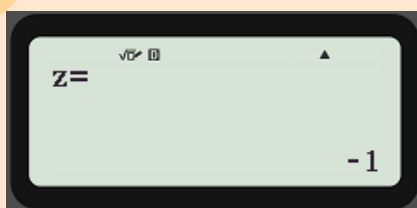
1



2



3



GOOD!

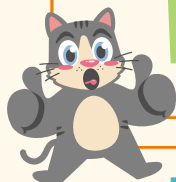


Question :

Let's
DO THIS

Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Inverse Method**

$$\begin{aligned}-2x + 3y + z &= 6 \\ x + 2y - z &= 19 \\ -2x + y + z &= -20\end{aligned}$$



Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Cramer Method**

$$\begin{aligned}2x - 5y + z &= 5 \\ x - 2y - 2z &= -6 \\ 3x - y + 3z &= -1\end{aligned}$$

BELIEVE

YOU CAN

Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Inverse Method**

$$\begin{aligned}2x - y + 3z &= 0 \\ x + 3z &= -5 \\ x + 3y + 4z &= -3\end{aligned}$$



Question :

let's
DO THIS

Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Cramer Method**

$$\begin{aligned}x - 6y - 4z &= 28 \\2x - 3y + 5z &= -1 \\9x + 7y + 8z &= -2\end{aligned}$$



Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Inverse Method**

$$\begin{aligned}5x - 2y - 3z &= -31 \\4x + 3z &= 27 \\x - y + 9z &= 40\end{aligned}$$

BELIEVE

YOU CAN

Solve the following Simultaneous Linear Equations
by using **Cramer Method**

$$\begin{aligned}3x + 2y + 9z &= 40 \\2x - y + 6z &= 15 \\5x + 2y - 4z &= -16\end{aligned}$$





REFERENCES





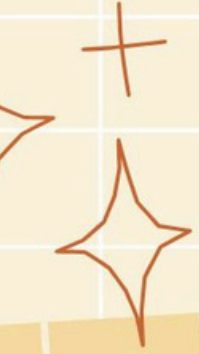
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NOTES

A large white rectangular area with rounded corners and a dashed black border, intended for writing notes.





**THANK
YOU**



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