

SULIT



BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN MALAYSIA

JABATAN MATEMATIK, SAINS & KOMPUTER

PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR

SESI JUN 2018

DBM1032: ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS

TARIKH : 31 OKTOBER 2018

MASA : 11.15 PAGI - 1.15 TENGAHARI (2 JAM)

Kertas ini mengandungi **EMPAT BELAS (14)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Struktur (3 soalan)

Bahagian B: Struktur (2 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Formula

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

SECTION A : 75 MARKS

BAHAGIAN A : 75 MARKAH

INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **THREE (3)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN :

Bahagian ini mengandungi **TIGA (3)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab **SEMUA** soalan.

QUESTION 1

SOALAN 1

CLO2
C2

- (a) Express the following in the simplest form:

Nyatakan yang berikut dalam sebutan teringkas:

i.
$$\frac{12x - 2x^2}{8x + 14}$$

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

ii.
$$\frac{x+2}{3x} + \frac{x-3}{6x}$$

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

iii.
$$\frac{2x}{x+1} + \frac{3}{(x+1)^2}$$

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

iv.
$$\frac{6}{3x+3y} - \frac{x}{x^2-xy}$$

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO2
C3

(b)

- i. Show x as the subject :
Tunjukkan x sebagai subjek :

$$T = \sqrt{\frac{ax - u}{v + bx}}$$

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

- ii. Solve the quadratic equation below by using factorization method:
Selesaikan persamaan kuadrat di bawah dengan menggunakan kaedah pemfaktoran:

$$7x^2 - 34x - 5 = 0$$

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

- iii. Solve the quadratic equation below by using quadratic formula:
Selesaikan persamaan kuadrat di bawah dengan menggunakan formula kuadrat.

$$4x^2 - 22 = x^2 + 5$$

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

QUESTION 2

SOALAN 2

CLO2
C3

a)

i.

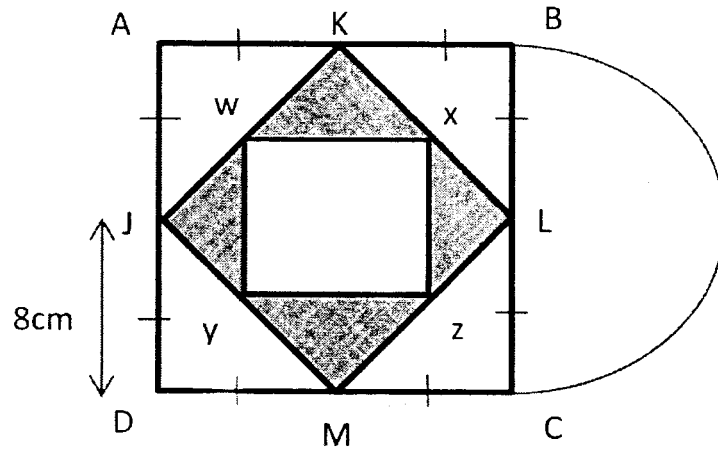


Diagram 2a(i) / Rajah 2a(i)

In Diagram 2a(i), ABCD, WXZY and JKLM are squares. Calculate the area of the shaded region and perimeter of arc BC in cm^2 unit.

Di dalam Rajah 2a(i), ABCD, WXZY dan JKLM adalah segiempat. Kirakan luas rantau yang berlorek dan perimeter lengkok BC dalam unit cm^2 .

[13 marks]

[13 markah]

ii.

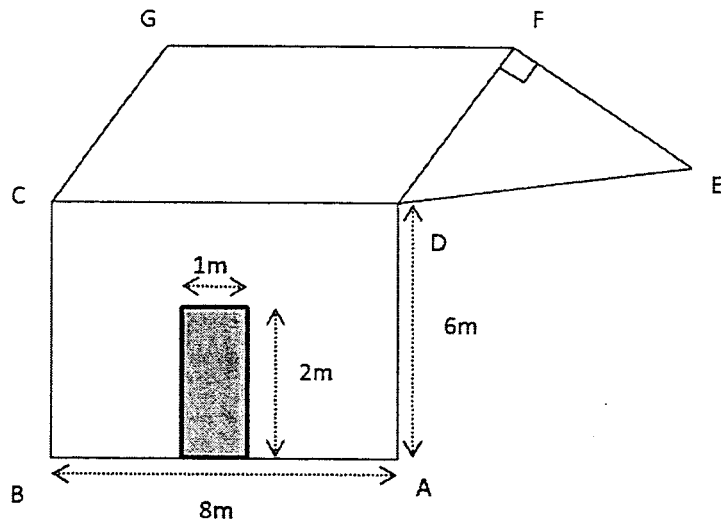


Diagram 2a(ii) / Rajah 2a(ii)

In Diagram 2a(ii), ABCD is a rectangle and CDFG is a parallelogram. If $AD=DF$ and $CD=DE$, calculate the perimeter in centimeter (cm) of the whole diagram **except** the shaded area.

*Di dalam Rajah 2a(ii), ABCD adalah segiempat tepat dan CDFG adalah suatu jajaran paralelogram. Jika $AD=DF$ dan $CD=DE$, kirakan perimeter dalam sentimeter (cm) keseluruhan gambarajah **kecuali** kawasan berlorek.*

[12 marks]

[12 markah]

QUESTION 3

SOALAN 3

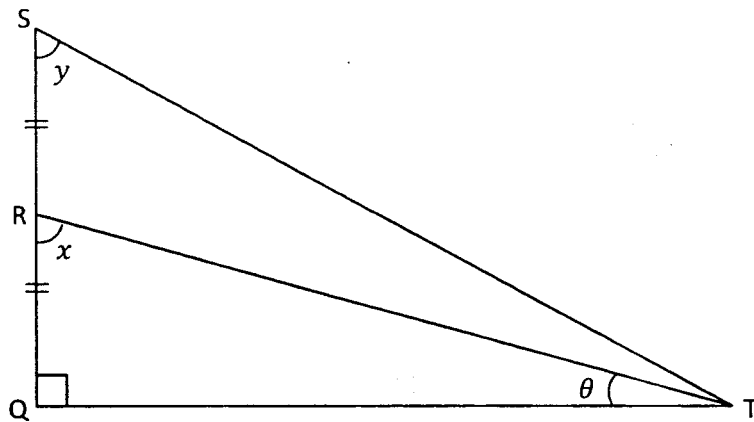
CLO2
C2a) By referring to Diagram 3(a), given $\cot \theta = \frac{12}{5}$. Calculate:*Merujuk kepada Rajah 3(a), diberi $\cot \theta = \frac{12}{5}$. Kirakan:*

Diagram 3(a) / Rajah 3(a)

- i. Length of QS
Panjang QS

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- ii. $\sin x$
Sin x

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- iii. Angle of y
Sudut y

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- iv. $\sec x$
Sec x

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- CLO2 b) Calculate the value of the following trigonometric functions without using
C3 calculator and state its quadrant.

Kirakan nilai-nilai bagi fungsi trigonometri yang berikut tanpa menggunakan kalkulator dan nyatakan sukuannya.

i. $\cos 240^0$

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

ii. $\tan (-45^0)$

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

iii. $3 \tan 300^0$

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

iv. $\operatorname{cosec} 30^0$

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

SECTION B : 25 MARKS

BAHAGIAN B : 25 MARKAH

INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **TWO (2)** structured questions. Answer **ONE (1)** question only.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi **DUA (2)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab **SATU (1)** soalan sahaja.

QUESTION 4

SOALAN 4

CLO1
C2

a)

- i. Sketch the following angles :

Lakarkan sudut yang berikut :

- a. Adjacent Angle

Sudut Bersebelahan

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- b. Complementary Angle

Sudut Pelengkap

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- c. Supplementary Angle

Sudut Tambahan

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- ii. From the diagram 4a(ii), LM and NO are straight lines. Calculate the value of $x + y + z$.

Daripada Rajah 4a(ii), LM dan NO adalah garis-garis lurus. Kirakan nilai $x + y + z$.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

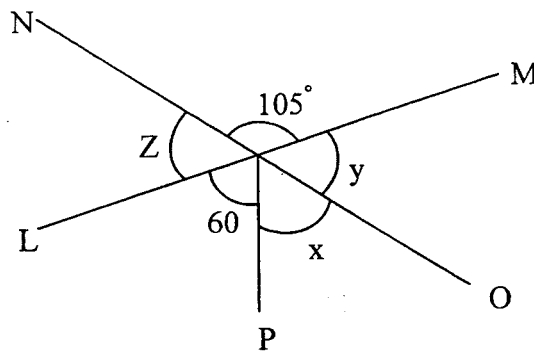


Diagram 4a(ii) /Rajah 4a(ii)

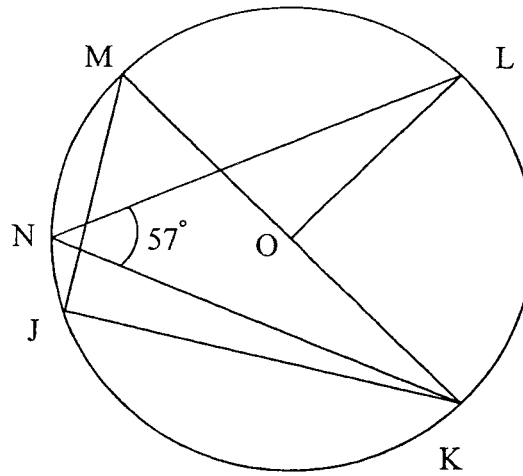
CLO1
C3 b) i.

Diagram 4b(i) / Rajah 4b(i)

From the Diagram 4b(i), O is the center of the circle. KM is a diameter of the circle, $LN = KN$ and $\angle LNK = \angle JMK = 57^\circ$. Calculate:

Daripada Rajah 4b(i), O ialah pusat bulatan. KM adalah diameter bulatan, $LN = KN$ dan $\angle LNK = \angle JMK = 57^\circ$. Kirakan:

a. $\angle LOM$

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

b. $\angle JKN$

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

ii. Calculate the angle of x and y in each of the diagrams below.

Kirakan sudut x dan y untuk setiap rajah berikut.

a.

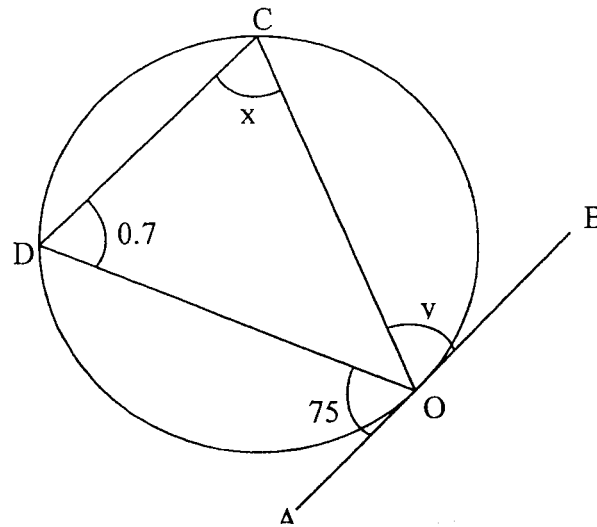


Diagram 4b(ii)(a) / Rajah 4b(ii)(a)

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

b.

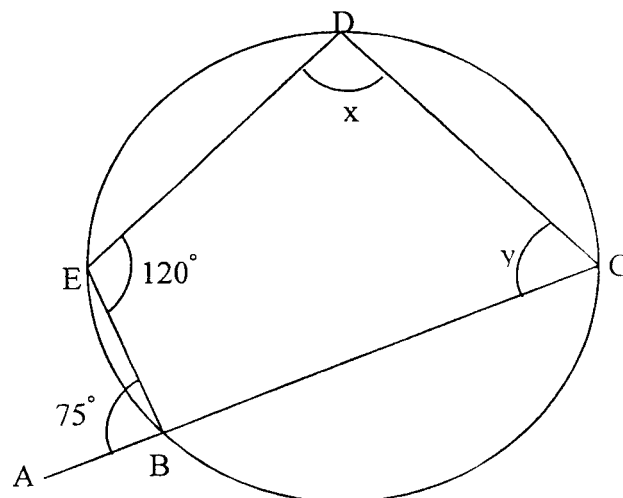


Diagram 4b(ii)(b) / Rajah 4b(ii)(b)

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

QUESTION 5

SOALAN 5

CLO1
C2

a)

- i. Based on Diagram 5a(i), calculate the length of FC.

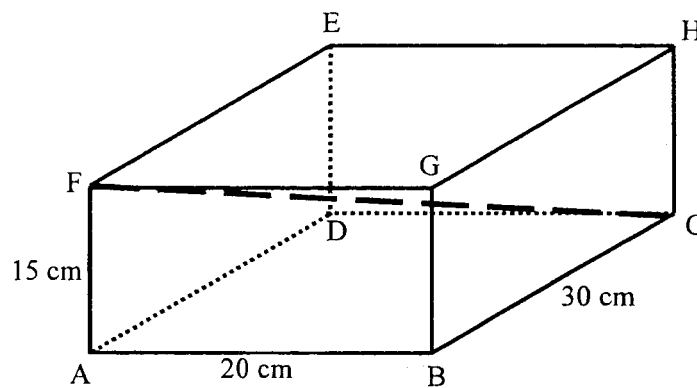
Berdasarkan Rajah 5a(i), kirakan panjang FC.

Diagram 5a(i) / Rajah 5a(i)

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

- ii. Calculate the length of XY for pyramids below:

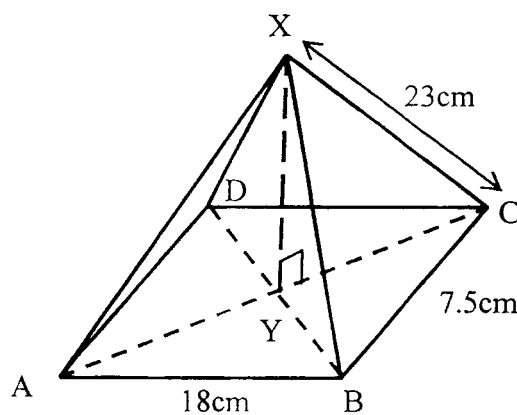
Kirakan panjang XY bagi piramid dibawah:

Diagram 5a(ii) / Rajah 5a(ii)

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO1
C3

b)

- i. The shape WXYZO, as shown in Diagram 5b(i), consists of a sector WOX with a circle center O, which joined to a sector YOZ with center O. Given that arc length WX = 5cm, $\angle WOX = 0.6\text{rad}$ and WOZ is a straight line of length 15 cm.

Bentuk WXYZO, seperti yang ditunjukkan di Rajah 5b(i), terdiri daripada sektor WOX berpusat di titik O yang bergabung dengan sektor YOZ, juga berpusat di O. Diberikan panjang lengkok WX = 5cm, $\angle WOX = 0.6\text{rad}$ dan WOZ adalah garisan lurus panjang 15cm.

- a. Calculate the length of OW.

Kirakan panjang OW.

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- b. Calculate the area of the shaded sector YOZ.

Kirakan luas sektor berlorek YOZ.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

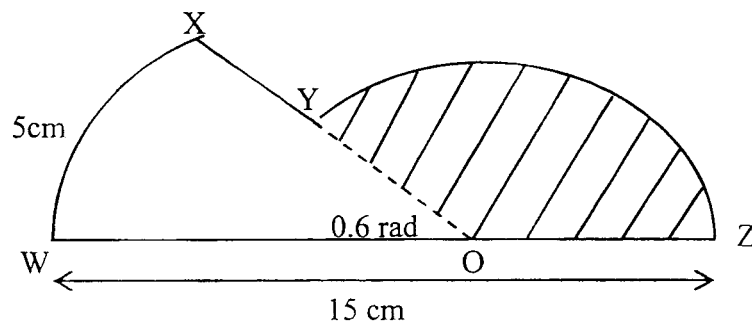


Diagram 5b(i) / Rajah 5b(i)

ii.

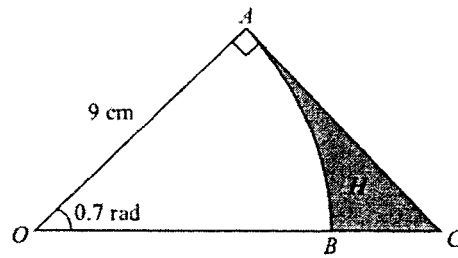


Diagram 5b(ii) / Rajah 5b(ii)

Diagram 5b(ii) shows a sector OAB of a circle with center O and radius 9cm. The angle BOA is 0.7rad and the length OA is 9cm. Calculate:

Rajah 5b(ii) menunjukkan sektor OAB sebuah bulatan dengan pusat O dan jejari 9cm. Sudut BOA adalah 0.7rad dan panjang OA adalah 9cm. Kirakan:

- a. The length of arc AB.

Panjang lengkok AB.

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- b. The area of sector OAB.

Luas sektor OAB.

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- c. The length of AC.

Panjang AC.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- d. The area of H. [Give your answer to 2 decimal places]

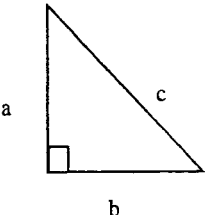
Luas H. [Beri jawapan anda kepada 2 tempat perpuluhan]

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

FORMULA SHEET FOR DBM1032 : MATHEMATICS

<u>SOLVING QUADRATIC EQUATION</u> $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$	<u>MEASUREMENT</u> Arc Length of a Circle $s = r\theta$ Area of a Sector $A = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$ Area of a Segment $A = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta - \frac{1}{2}r^2 \sin \theta$ <u>FORMULA OF TRIANGLE</u> Area of Triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$
<u>TRIGONOMETRY</u> <u>Pythagoras' Theorem</u>  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$ $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$	<u>SURFACE AREA AND VOLUME</u> Cylinder : $A = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$ $V = \pi r^2 h$ Cone : $A = \pi rs + \pi r^2$ $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ Sphere : $A = 4\pi r^2$ $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Pyramid : $A = \text{area of four triangles} + \text{area of base}$ $V = (1/3) \times (\text{area of base}) \times (\text{height})$ Cuboid : $A = 2(wh + lw + lh)$ $V = lwh$