



BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENGAJIAN TINGGI

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN ELEKTRIK

PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR

SESI I : 2022/2023

DEC40053: EMBEDDED SYSTEM APPLICATIONS

TARIKH : 29 DISEMBER 2022
MASA : 8.30 AM - 10.30 AM (2 JAM)

Kertas ini mengandungi **ENAM(6)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Subjektif (3 soalan)

Bahagian B: Esei (2 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Appendix

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALANINI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

SECTION A: 60 MARKS
BAHAGIAN A: 60 MARKAH

INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **THREE (3)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

*Bahagian ini mengandungi **TIGA (3)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab semua soalan.*

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

- CLO1 a) List **FOUR (4)** sources of interruption in PIC Microcontroller

*Senaraikan **EMPAT (4)** sumber sampukan dalam pengawal mikro PIC.*

[4 marks]
[4 markah]

- CLO1 b) Explain **THREE (3)** differences between microcontroller and microprocessor.

*Terangkan **TIGA (3)** perbezaan antara pengawal mikro dan pemproses mikro.*

[6 marks]
[6 markah]

- CLO1 c) Figure A1(c) show the connection between input devices and output devices with PIC microcontroller. Write the C language to configure the input/output port using bit addressable and byte addressable.

Rajah A1(c) menunjukkan sambungan peranti masukan dan peranti keluaran dengan pengawal mikro PIC. Tuliskan aturcara Bahasa C untuk mengkonfigurasikan pim masukan/keluaran menggunakan format pengalamatan bit dan bait.

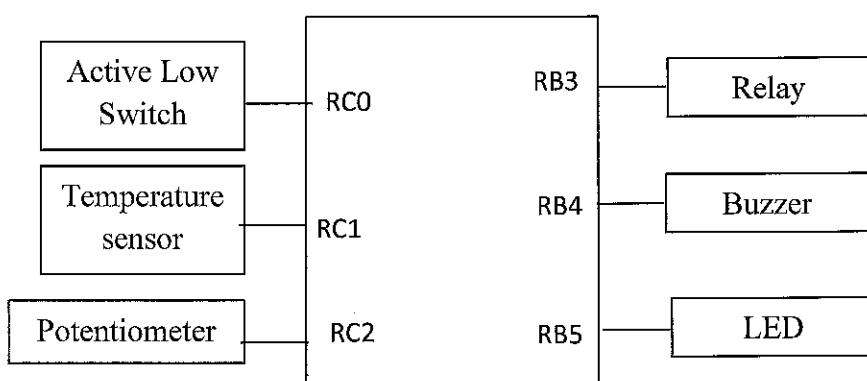


Figure A1 (c)/ Rajah A1(c)

[10 marks]
[10 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**

CLO1

C2

- a) Explain the function of Interrupt Enable (IE) and Interrupt Flag (IF) with a suitable example

Terangkan fungsi Interrupt Enable (IE) dan Interrupt Flag (IF) beserta dengan contoh yang sesuai.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

CLO1

C3

- b) Given crystal oscillator frequency = 20MHz and the time delay generated by Timer0 is 0.5ms. Referring to Appendix 1, calculate the value that need to be loaded into TMR0H and TMR0L register if T0CON register is set to 0x08H.

Diberi frekuensi pengayun kristal = 20MHz dan lengah masa yang dijana oleh Timer0 adalah 0.5ms. Dengan merujuk Lampiran 1, kirakan nilai yang perlu dimasukkan ke dalam pendaftar TMR0H dan TMR0L jika pendaftar T0CON disetkan kepada 0x08H.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO1

C3

- c) Write a function for void Delay() to generate 0.5ms delay based on Question 2(b).

Tuliskan satu fungsi untuk void Delay() bagi menghasilkan masa lengah selama 0.5ms berpandukan Soalan 2(b).

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

QUESTION 3
SOALAN 3

CLO1

C1

- a) List **FOUR (4)** minimum hardware connection of PIC microcontroller.

*Senaraikan **EMPAT (4)** sambungan pekakasan minimum untuk PIC mikro pengawal.*

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

CLO1

C2

- b) Explain the differences between an active low switch and active high switch with suitable circuit.

Terangkan perbezaan suis aktif rendah dan suis aktif tinggi dengan bantuan litar yang sesuai.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO1

C3

- c) Calculate the value of Prescaler, PR2 register and CCPR2L value for 100%, 60% and 20% duty cycle. Given the system using PWM frequency 1.22 kHz with external crystal oscillator 20MHz and T2CON register is set 0x02.

Kirakan nilai Prescaler, pendaftar PR2 dan CCPR2L untuk 100%, 60% dan 20% kitar tugas. Diberi sistem menggunakan frekuensi PWM 1.22kHz dengan kristal osilator luaran 20MHz dan pendaftar T2CON ditetapkan kepada 0x02.

[10 marks]

[10 markah]

SECTION B : 40 MARKS
BAHAGIAN B : 40 MARKAH**INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWO (2)** essay questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi DUA (2) soalan esei. Jawab semua soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO1
C3,
DP1,
DP3,
DP5,
DP7

Uthman is an engineer at a timber company in Selangor. He was assigned as an operator for wood cutting machine. Unfortunately, this machine does not have the safety features. To improve the safety features of the machine, he has been assigned to develop the safety features using one infrared sensor which operates to detect the presence of the hand. When an object (hand) was detected by the machine, it will stop immediately and a buzzer will turn on. By using PIC18 and external hardware interrupts 0 (INT0) method, sketch a block diagram for the system. Then, write a program in the C language to perform the system.

Uthman adalah seorang jurutera syarikat balak di Selangor. Beliau ditugaskan sebagai operator mesin pemotong kayu. Walaubagaimanapun, mesin ini tidak mempunyai ciri-ciri keselamatan. Untuk menambahbaik ciri keselamatan mesin tersebut, beliau telah ditugaskan untuk menambahbaik ciri keselamatan dengan menggunakan penderia infra yang berfungsi untuk mengesan kehadiran tangan. Apabila objek (tangan) dikesan, mesin akan berhenti serta merta dan buzer berbunyi. Dengan menggunakan PIC18 dan kaedah sampaikan luaran 0 (INT0), lakarkan rajah blok untuk sistem tersebut. Kemudian, tuliskan satu program Bahasa C untuk melaksanakan sistem tersebut.

[20 marks]
[20 markah]

QUESTION 2
SOALAN 2

CLO2
 C6,
 DP1,
 DP2,
 DP3,
 DP5,
 DP7

Mr. Zakry Bin Mahmud is designing a mushroom cultivation monitoring system. He plans to equip the mushroom cultivation nursery with a temperature sensor, namely LM35 that is connected to PIC18F4550. When the temperature inside the nursery exceeds 15°C, a spraying hose release a water mist, which will assist in lowering the indoor temperature. When the temperature drops to 10°C and lower, the hose valve will be shut off to save energy and prevent excessive humidity conditions. By referring to Figure B2, design a complete schematic circuit for the system. Next, write a program in the C language to perform the operation using external oscillator 20MHz. Use VREF+ = 5V, VREF- = GND, AD result is right justified and conversion time = 12 TAD.

En. Zakry Bin Mahmud sedang merekabentuk sistem pemantauan rumah tapak semaian cendawan. Beliau bercadang untuk melengkapkan tapak semaian tersebut dengan suatu pengesan suhu iaitu LM35 yang disambungkan kepada PIC18F4550. Apabila suhu dalam rumah tapak semaian tersebut melampaui 15°C, suatu hos penyembur akan menyemburkan wap air, yang akan membantu menurunkan suhu dalam tapak semaian tersebut. Apabila suhu turun di bawah 10°C, injap hos penyembur akan ditutup untuk menjimatkan tenaga dan mengelakkan daripada keadaan menjadi terlalu lembap. Dengan merujuk kepada Rajah B2, lakarkan gambarajah skematik bagi sistem tersebut. Seterusnya tulis program dalam Bahasa C untuk melaksanakan operasi menggunakan frekuensi pengayun kristal luaran 20MHz. Guna VREF+ = 5V, VREF- = GND, hasil AD adalah disusun ke kanan dan masa penukaran = 12 TAD.

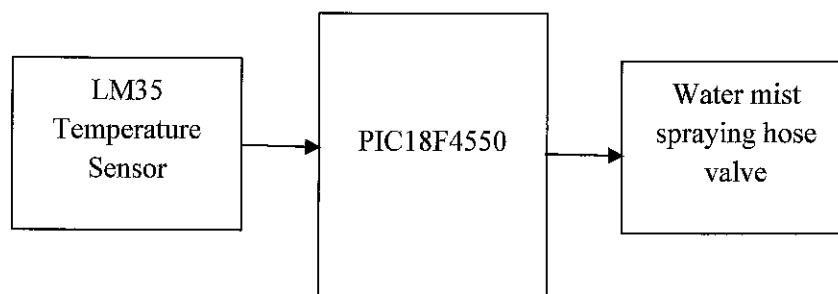


Figure B2/ Rajah B2

[20 marks]
 [20 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

Appendix 1

REGISTER 11-1: T0CON: TIMER0 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
TMR0ON	T08BIT	TOCS	T0SE	PSA	T0PS2	T0PS1	T0PS0
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit -n = Value at POR	W = Writable bit '1' = Bit is set	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' '0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown
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bit 7	TMR0ON: Timer0 On/Off Control bit 1 = Enables Timer0 0 = Stops Timer0
bit 6	T08BIT: Timer0 8-Bit/16-Bit Control bit 1 = Timer0 is configured as an 8-bit timer/counter 0 = Timer0 is configured as a 16-bit timer/counter
bit 5	TOCS: Timer0 Clock Source Select bit 1 = Transition on T0CKI pin 0 = Internal instruction cycle clock (CLKO)
bit 4	T0SE: Timer0 Source Edge Select bit 1 = Increment on high-to-low transition on T0CKI pin 0 = Increment on low-to-high transition on T0CKI pin
bit 3	PSA: Timer0 Prescaler Assignment bit 1 = Timer0 prescaler is NOT assigned. Timer0 clock input bypasses prescaler. 0 = Timer0 prescaler is assigned. Timer0 clock input comes from prescaler output.
bit 2-0	T0PS2:T0PS0: Timer0 Prescaler Select bits 111 = 1:256 Prescale value 110 = 1:128 Prescale value 101 = 1:64 Prescale value 100 = 1:32 Prescale value 011 = 1:16 Prescale value 010 = 1:8 Prescale value 001 = 1:4 Prescale value 000 = 1:2 Prescale value

REGISTER 13-1: T2CON: TIMER2 CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	T2OUTPS3	T2OUTPS2	T2OUTPS1	T2OUTPS0	TMR2ON	T2CKPS1	T2CKPS0
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit -n = Value at POR	W = Writable bit '1' = Bit is set	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' '0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------	--	--------------------

bit 7	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 6-3	T2OUTPS3:T2OUTPS0: Timer2 Output Postscale Select bits 0000 = 1:1 Postscale 0001 = 1:2 Postscale • • • 1111 = 1:16 Postscale
bit 2	TMR2ON: Timer2 On bit 1 = Timer2 is on 0 = Timer2 is off
bit 1-0	T2CKPS1:T2CKPS0: Timer2 Clock Prescale Select bits 00 = Prescaler is 1 01 = Prescaler is 4 1x = Prescaler is 16

Appendix 2

REGISTER 9-1: INTCON: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-x
GIE/GIEH	PEIE/GIEL	TMR0IE	INT0IE	RBIE	TMR0IF	INT0IF	RBIF ⁽¹⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared

- bit 7 **GIE/GIEH:** Global Interrupt Enable bit
When IPEN = 0:
 1 = Enables all unmasked interrupts
 0 = Disables all interrupts
When IPEN = 1:
 1 = Enables all high priority interrupts
 0 = Disables all high priority interrupts
- bit 6 **PEIE/GIEL:** Peripheral Interrupt Enable bit
When IPEN = 0:
 1 = Enables all unmasked peripheral interrupts
 0 = Disables all peripheral interrupts
When IPEN = 1:
 1 = Enables all low priority peripheral interrupts
 0 = Disables all low priority peripheral interrupts
- bit 5 **TMR0IE:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the TMR0 overflow interrupt
 0 = Disables the TMR0 overflow interrupt
- bit 4 **INT0IE:** INT0 External Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the INT0 external interrupt
 0 = Disables the INT0 external interrupt
- bit 3 **RBIE:** RB Port Change Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the RB port change interrupt
 0 = Disables the RB port change interrupt
- bit 2 **TMR0IF:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit
 1 = TMR0 register has overflowed (must be cleared in software)
 0 = TMR0 register did not overflow
- bit 1 **INT0IF:** INT0 External Interrupt Flag bit
 1 = The INT0 external interrupt occurred (must be cleared in software)
 0 = The INT0 external interrupt did not occur
- bit 0 **RBIF:** RB Port Change Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = At least one of the RB7:RB4 pins changed state (must be cleared in software)
 0 = None of the RB7:RB4 pins have changed state

Appendix 3

REGISTER 9-2: INTCON2: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-1
RBPU	INTEDG0	INTEDG1	INTEDG2	—	TMR0IP	—	RBIP
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 7 **RBPU:** PORTB Pull-up Enable bit
 1 = All PORTB pull-ups are disabled
 0 = PORTB pull-ups are enabled by individual port latch values
- bit 6 **INTEDG0:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on rising edge
 0 = Interrupt on falling edge
- bit 5 **INTEDG1:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on rising edge
 0 = Interrupt on falling edge
- bit 4 **INTEDG2:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on rising edge
 0 = Interrupt on falling edge
- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **TMR0IP:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Priority bit
 1 = High priority
 0 = Low priority
- bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0 **RBIP:** RB Port Change Interrupt Priority bit
 1 = High priority
 0 = Low priority

Appendix 4

REGISTER 21-1: ADCON0: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 0

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	CHS3	CHS2	CHS1	CHS0	GO/DONE	ADON
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-6	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 5-2	CHS3:CHS0: Analog Channel Select bits 0000 = Channel 0 (AN0) 0001 = Channel 1 (AN1) 0010 = Channel 2 (AN2) 0011 = Channel 3 (AN3) 0100 = Channel 4 (AN4) 0101 = Channel 5 (AN5) ^(1,2) 0110 = Channel 6 (AN6) ^(1,2) 0111 = Channel 7 (AN7) ^(1,2) 1000 = Channel 8 (AN8) 1001 = Channel 9 (AN9) 1010 = Channel 10 (AN10) 1011 = Channel 11 (AN11) 1100 = Channel 12 (AN12) 1101 = Unimplemented ⁽²⁾ 1110 = Unimplemented ⁽²⁾ 1111 = Unimplemented ⁽²⁾
bit 1	GO/DONE: A/D Conversion Status bit <u>When ADON = 1:</u> 1 = A/D conversion in progress 0 = A/D Idle
bit 0	ADON: A/D On bit 1 = A/D converter module is enabled 0 = A/D converter module is disabled

Appendix 5

REGISTER 21-2: ADCON1: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W ⁽¹⁾	R/W ⁽¹⁾	R/W ⁽¹⁾
—	—	VCFG0	VCFG0	PCFG3	PCFG2	PCFG1	PCFG0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5 VCFG0: Voltage Reference Configuration bit (VREF- source)
 1 = VREF- (AN2)
 0 = VSS
- bit 4 VCFG0: Voltage Reference Configuration bit (VREF+ source)
 1 = VREF+ (AN3)
 0 = VDD
- bit 3-0 PCFG3:PCFG0: A/D Port Configuration Control bits:

PCFG3: PCFG0	AN12	AN11	AN10	AN9	AN8	AN7 ⁽²⁾	AN6 ⁽²⁾	AN5 ⁽²⁾	AN4	AN3	AN2	AN1	AND
0000 ⁽¹⁾	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0001	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0010	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0011	D	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0100	D	D	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0101	D	D	D	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0110	D	D	D	D	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
0111 ⁽¹⁾	D	D	D	D	D	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
1000	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
1001	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	A	A	A	A	A
1010	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	A	A	A	A
1011	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	A	A	A
1100	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	A	A
1101	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	A
1110	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A
1111	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D

A = Analog input

D = Digital I/O

Appendix 6

REGISTER 21-3: ADCON2: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADFM	—	ACQT2	ACQT1	ACQT0	ADCS2	ADCS1	ADCS0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

~n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7 **ADFM:** A/D Result Format Select bit1 = Right justified
0 = Left justifiedbit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 5-3 **ACQT2:ACQT0:** A/D Acquisition Time Select bits

111 = 20 TAD
 110 = 16 TAD
 101 = 12 TAD
 100 = 8 TAD
 011 = 6 TAD
 010 = 4 TAD
 001 = 2 TAD
 000 = 0 TAD⁽¹⁾

bit 2-0 **ADCS2:ADCS0:** A/D Conversion Clock Select bits

111 = FRC (clock derived from A/D RC oscillator)⁽¹⁾
 110 = Fosc/64
 101 = Fosc/16
 100 = Fosc/4
 011 = FRC (clock derived from A/D RC oscillator)⁽¹⁾
 010 = Fosc/32
 001 = Fosc/8
 000 = Fosc/2