

SULIT



**KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI**

**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI**

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN ELEKTRIK

PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR

SESI I : 2023/2024

DEC40053: EMBEDDED SYSTEM APPLICATIONS

**TARIKH : 16 DISEMBER 2023
MASA : 11.15 PG – 1.15 PTG (2 JAM)**

Kertas ini mengandungi **SEPULUH (10)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Struktur (3 soalan)

Bahagian B: Esei (2 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Lampiran

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALANINI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

SECTION A: 60 MARKS
BAHAGIAN A: 60 MARKAH

INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **THREE (3)** subjective questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

*Bahagian ini mengandungi **TIGA (3)** soalan subjektif. Jawab **SEMUA** soalan.*

QUESTION 1

SOALAN 1

- CLO1 (a) By using a suitable example, discuss function of TRISx register using bit addressability instruction in PIC18.

Dengan menggunakan contoh sesuai, bincangkan fungsi daftar TRISx menggunakan arahan pengalamatan bit dalam PIC18.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

- CLO1 (b) In Figure A1 (b), three (3) pins at PIC18 are connected to a pair of $330\ \Omega$ resistor and LED respectively. Using bit addressable instruction, write a C program for PIC18 to switch on all LEDs.

Dalam Rajah A1 (b), tiga (3) pin pada PIC18 masing-masing disambung ke sepasang perintang $330\ \Omega$ dan LED. Menggunakan arahan pengalamatan bit, tuliskan aturcara dalam bahasa C untuk PIC18 menyalaikan semua LED tersebut.

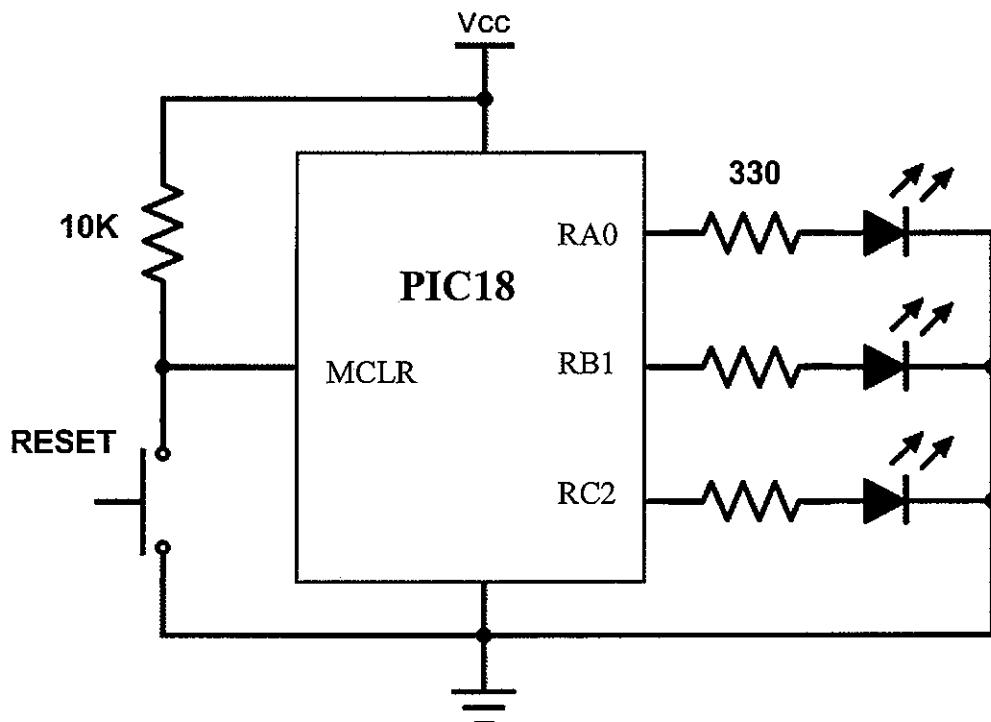


Figure A1 (b) / Rajah A1 (b)

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO1

- (c) Timer0 in PIC18 used XTAL = 20 MHz. Setting for T0CON = 0x05 and TMR0H:TMR0L = C2F7 H. From this information, calculate time delay generated by this timer. After that, change the value for TMR0H and TMR0L and calculate the largest time delay for this timer.

Timer0 dalam PIC18 menggunakan XTAL = 20 MHz. Tetapan untuk T0CON = 0x05 dan TMR0H:TMR0L = C2F7 H. Dari maklumat ini, kira lengah masa yang dijana pemasa ini. Selepas itu, tukar nilai TMR0H dan TMR0L dan kira lengah masa terpanjang bagi pemasa ini.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

QUESTION 2
SOALAN 2

CLO1

- (a) Discuss the operation register of TMR0L and TMR0H in Timer0 for 8-bit and 16-bit counting.

Bincangkan operasi daftar TMR0L dan TMR0H dalam Timer0 untuk kiraan mod 8-bit dan 16-bit.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

CLO1

- (b) Write C instructions for PIC18 to initialize INT0 external hardware interrupt and its Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

Tulis arahan C untuk PIC18 memulakan sampaikan perkakasan luaran INT0 dan Interrupt Service Routine (ISR) miliknya.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO1

- (c) Write C instructions for PIC18 to initialize Timer0 counter interrupt and its Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

Tulis arahan C untuk PIC18 memulakan sampaikan pembilang Timer0 dan Interrupt Service Routine (ISR) miliknya.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

QUESTION 3
SOALAN 3

- CLO1 (a) Based on Figure A3 (a), discuss the instructions to enable INT1 and INT2 external hardware interrupt in PIC18.

Berdasarkan Rajah A3 (a), bincangkan arahan untuk membenarkan sampukan INT2 untuk sampukan luaran dan pembilang Timer0 dalam PIC18.

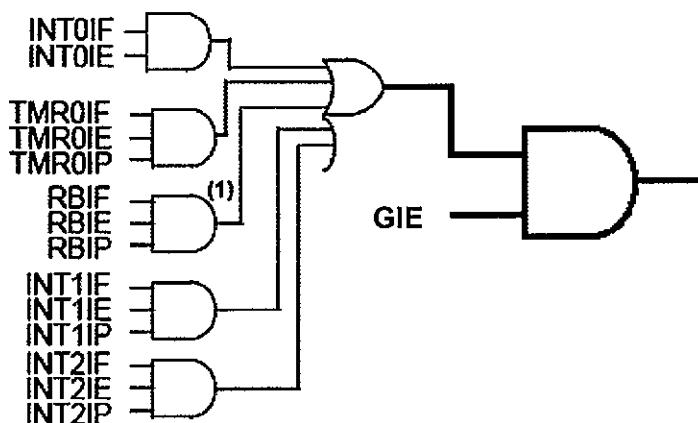


Figure A3 (a) / Rajah A3 (a)

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

- CLO1 (b) Based on Figure A3 (b), discuss the steps and instructions to enable switch S1 to switch on and off LED. GPIO pins used are RB4 as input and RD4 as output.

Berdasarkan Rajah A3 (b), bincangkan langkah dan arahan untuk membolehkan suis S1 untuk mensuis pasang dan menutup LED. Pin GPIO yang digunakan adalah RB4 sebagai masukan dan RD4 sebagai keluaran.

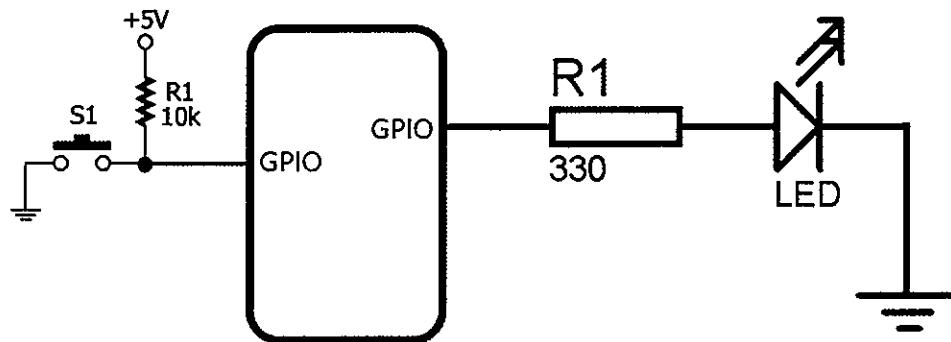


Figure A3 (b) / Rajah A3 (b)

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO1

- (c) Every physical quantity found in nature is analog. This analog quantity needs to be converted to digital signal for a microcontroller usage. A 12-bit ADC in PIC18 is used with settings of $V_{ref^-} = 0 \text{ V}$ and $V_{ref^+} = 4.096 \text{ V}$. Based on the information given, calculate ADC output, D_{out} if input voltage (V_{in}) = 10 mV, 600 mV and 1 V.

Setiap kuantiti fizikal yang dijumpai dalam alam semula jadi adalah analog. Kuantiti analog ini mestilah ditukar ke isyarat digital untuk penggunaan pengawal mikro. Sebuah ADC 12-bit dalam PIC18 digunakan dengan tetapan $V_{ref^-} = 0 \text{ V}$ dan $V_{ref^+} = 4.096 \text{ V}$. Berdasarkan maklumat yang diberi, kira keluaran ADC, D_{out} jika voltan masukan (V_{in}) = 10 mv, 600 mV dan 1 V.

[10 marks]

[10 markah]

SECTION B: 40 MARKS
BAHAGIAN B: 40 MARKAH**INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of TWO (2) essay questions. Answer ALL questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi DUA (2) soalan eseai. Jawab SEMUA soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO1

Figure B1 illustrates the conveyor system controlled PIC18F45K22. There are two industrial IR sensors (NPN output) connected to PIC18 at pin RD0 and RD1 respectively. Start switch (push button) is connected to pin RD2. PIC18 interface with a DC motor using two relays in order to control motor in bidirectional while it is connected to pin RD3 and RD4. This system works by moving object from IR sensor 1 to IR sensor 2 and back to IR sensor 1 as shown in Table B1.

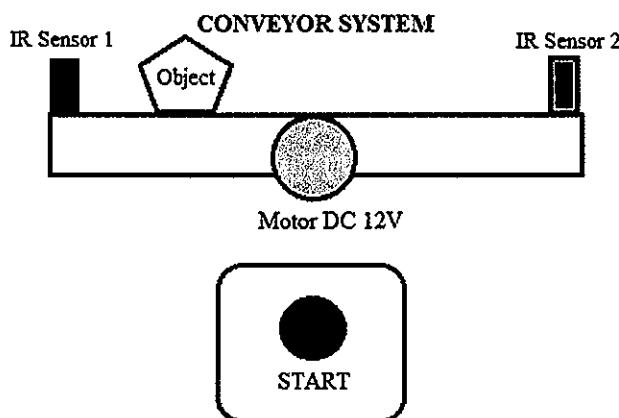


Figure B1 / Rajah B1

Table B1 / Jadual B1

Steps / <i>Langkah</i>	Process / Proses
1	Wait for start switch to be pressed / <i>Tunggu suis pemula ditekan</i>
2	On motor in clockwise (CW) direction / <i>Hidupkan motor mengikut arah pusingan jam</i>
3	Wait for object to reach IR sensor 2 / <i>Tunggu objek sampai ke penderia IR 2</i>
4	On DC motor in counter clockwise (CCW) direction / <i>Hidupkan motor mengikut arah lawan pusingan jam</i>
5	Wait until object reach IR sensor 1 / <i>Tunggu objek sampai ke penderia IR 1</i>
6	Motor stop / <i>Motor berhenti</i>

Based on the given information, determine input and output for PIC18 and sketch the circuit for this system. Then, write C program to perform the tasks.

Rajah B1 menunjukkan sistem tali sawat yang dikawal PIC18F45K22. Terdapat dua (2) penderia IR (keluaran NPN) disambung ke PIC18 masing-masing pada pin RD0 and RD1. Suis pemula (butang penekan) disambung ke pin RD2. PIC18 diantaramukakan kepada motor DC menggunakan dua (2) geganti bagi mengawal pusingan dwiarah motor semasa bersambung dengan pin RD3 dan RD4. Sistem ini berkerja dengan menggerakkan objek dari penderia IR 1 ke penderia IR 2 dan balik semula ke penderia IR 1 seperti ditunjukkan dalam Jadual B1.

Berdasarkan maklumat yang diberi, tentukan masukan dan keluaran untuk PIC18 dan lakarkan litar untuk sistem ini. Kemudian, tulis program C untuk boleh melakukan tugas tersebut.

[20 marks]

[20 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**

CLO2

An embedded system based on PIC18F is used to control blower fan. Two (2) sensors are used as inputs for the system. These sensors will give output either High/5V signal or Low/0V signal. Output of these sensors are used by PIC18F to drive the speed of the blower fan using PWM signal. Relation between output sensors and PWM duty cycle are shown in Table B2.

Table B2 / Jadual B2

Sensor Output / Keluaran penderia		PWM Duty cycle / Kitar Tugas PWM
1	2	
Low / Rendah	Low / Rendah	25%
Low / Rendah	High / Tinggi	50%
High / Tinggi	Low / Rendah	50%
High / Tinggi	High / Tinggi	75%

PIC18 used 64 MHz crystal and PWM frequency of 5 KHz. Based on Table B2, produce C program for PIC18 to perform the operation. Ignore any time delay functions. Your design must consist of a block diagram and C program.

Sebuah sistem terbenam berdasarkan PIC18F digunakan untuk mengawal kipas penghembus. Dua (2) penderia digunakan sebagai masukan untuk sistem ini. Penderia ini akan menghasilkan keluaran sama ada isyarat Tinggi/5V atau Rendah/0V. Keluaran penderia ini akan digunakan oleh PIC18 untuk memacu kelajuan kipas penghembus menggunakan isyarat PWM. Hubungan antara keluaran penderia dan kitar tugas PWM ditunjukkan dalam Jadual B2. PIC18 menggunakan kristal 64 MHz dan frekuensi PWM 5 KHz. Berdasarkan Jadual B2, terbitkan program C untuk PIC18

melakukan operasi tersebut. Abaikan sebarang fungsi lengah masa. Rekabentuk anda mesti mengandungi rajah blok dan program C.

[20 marks]

[20 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

LAMPIRAN

REGISTER 11-1: T0CON: TIMER0 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
TMR0ON	T08BIT	T0CS	T0SE	PSA		TOPS<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7	TMR0ON: Timer0 On/Off Control bit 1 = Enables Timer0 0 = Stops Timer0
bit 6	T08BIT: Timer0 8-bit/16-bit Control bit 1 = Timer0 is configured as an 8-bit timer/counter 0 = Timer0 is configured as a 16-bit timer/counter
bit 5	T0CS: Timer0 Clock Source Select bit 1 = Transition on T0CKI pin 0 = Internal instruction cycle clock (CLKOUT)
bit 4	T0SE: Timer0 Source Edge Select bit 1 = Increment on high-to-low transition on T0CKI pin 0 = Increment on low-to-high transition on T0CKI pin
bit 3	PSA: Timer0 Prescaler Assignment bit 1 = Timer0 prescaler is NOT assigned. Timer0 clock input bypasses prescaler. 0 = Timer0 prescaler is assigned. Timer0 clock input comes from prescaler output.
bit 2-0	TOPS<2:0>: Timer0 Prescaler Select bits 111 = 1:256 prescale value 110 = 1:128 prescale value 101 = 1:64 prescale value 100 = 1:32 prescale value 011 = 1:16 prescale value 010 = 1:8 prescale value 001 = 1:4 prescale value 000 = 1:2 prescale value

REGISTER 13-1: T2CON: TIMER2 CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	T2OUTPS3	T2OUTPS2	T2OUTPS1	T2OUTPS0	TMR2ON	T2CKPS1	T2CKPS0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 6-3	T2OUTPS3:T2OUTPS0: Timer2 Output Postscale Select bits 0000 = 1:1 Postscale 0001 = 1:2 Postscale • • • 1111 = 1:16 Postscale
bit 2	TMR2ON: Timer2 On bit 1 = Timer2 is on 0 = Timer2 is off
bit 1-0	T2CKPS1:T2CKPS0: Timer2 Clock Prescale Select bits 00 = Prescaler is 1 01 = Prescaler is 4 1x = Prescaler is 16

REGISTER 9-1: INTCON: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-x
GIE/GIEH	PEIE/GIEL	TMR0IE	INT0IE	RBIE	TMR0IF	INT0IF	RBIF ⁽¹⁾
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit
-n = Value at POR

W = Writable bit
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
'0' = Bit is cleared
x = Bit is unknown

- bit 7 **GIE/GIEH:** Global Interrupt Enable bit
When IPEN = 0:
 1 = Enables all unmasked interrupts
 0 = Disables all interrupts
When IPEN = 1:
 1 = Enables all high-priority interrupts
 0 = Disables all interrupts
- bit 6 **PEIE/GIEL:** Peripheral Interrupt Enable bit
When IPEN = 0:
 1 = Enables all unmasked peripheral interrupts
 0 = Disables all peripheral interrupts
When IPEN = 1:
 1 = Enables all low-priority peripheral interrupts (if GIE/GIEH = 1)
 0 = Disables all low-priority peripheral interrupts
- bit 5 **TMR0IE:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the TMR0 overflow interrupt
 0 = Disables the TMR0 overflow interrupt
- bit 4 **INT0IE:** INT0 External Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the INT0 external interrupt
 0 = Disables the INT0 external interrupt
- bit 3 **RBIE:** RB Port Change Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the RB port change interrupt
 0 = Disables the RB port change interrupt
- bit 2 **TMR0IF:** TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit
 1 = TMR0 register has overflowed (must be cleared in software)
 0 = TMR0 register did not overflow
- bit 1 **INT0IF:** INT0 External Interrupt Flag bit
 1 = The INT0 external interrupt occurred (must be cleared in software)
 0 = The INT0 external interrupt did not occur
- bit 0 **RBIF:** RB Port Change Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = At least one of the RB7:RB4 pins changed state (must be cleared in software)
 0 = None of the RB7:RB4 pins have changed state

REGISTER 9-2: INTCON2: INTERRUPT CONTROL 2 REGISTER

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-1
RBPU	INTEDG0	INTEDG1	INTEDG2	—	TMR0IP	—	RBIP
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7	RBPU: PORTB Pull-up Enable bit 1 = All PORTB pull-ups are disabled 0 = PORTB pull-ups are enabled provided that the pin is an input and the corresponding WPUB bit is set.
bit 6	INTEDG0: External Interrupt 0 Edge Select bit 1 = Interrupt on rising edge 0 = Interrupt on falling edge
bit 5	INTEDG1: External Interrupt 1 Edge Select bit 1 = Interrupt on rising edge 0 = Interrupt on falling edge
bit 4	INTEDG2: External Interrupt 2 Edge Select bit 1 = Interrupt on rising edge 0 = Interrupt on falling edge
bit 3	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 2	TMR0IP: TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Priority bit 1 = High priority 0 = Low priority
bit 1	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 0	RBIP: RB Port Change Interrupt Priority bit 1 = High priority 0 = Low priority

REGISTER 9-3: INTCON3: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 3

R/W-1	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INT2IP	INT1IP	—	INT2IE	INT1IE	—	INT2IF	INT1IF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 7 **INT2IP:** INT2 External Interrupt Priority bit
 1 = High priority
 0 = Low priority
- bit 6 **INT1IP:** INT1 External Interrupt Priority bit
 1 = High priority
 0 = Low priority
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **INT2IE:** INT2 External Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the INT2 external interrupt
 0 = Disables the INT2 external interrupt
- bit 3 **INT1IE:** INT1 External Interrupt Enable bit
 1 = Enables the INT1 external interrupt
 0 = Disables the INT1 external interrupt
- bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **INT2IF:** INT2 External Interrupt Flag bit
 1 = The INT2 external interrupt occurred (must be cleared in software)
 0 = The INT2 external interrupt did not occur
- bit 0 **INT1IF:** INT1 External Interrupt Flag bit
 1 = The INT1 external interrupt occurred (must be cleared in software)
 0 = The INT1 external interrupt did not occur

REGISTER 17-1: ADCON0: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 0

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—		CHS<4:0>			GO/DONE		ADON
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

X = Bit is unknown

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-2 CHS<4:0>: Analog Channel Select bits

00000 = AN0

00001 = AN1

00010 = AN2

00011 = AN3

00100 = AN4

00101 = AN5⁽¹⁾

00110 = AN6⁽¹⁾

00111 = AN7⁽¹⁾

01000 = AN8

01001 = AN9

01010 = AN10

01011 = AN11

01100 = AN12

01101 = AN13

01110 = AN14

01111 = AN15

10000 = AN16

10001 = AN17

10010 = AN18

10011 = AN19

10100 = AN20⁽¹⁾

10101 = AN21⁽¹⁾

10110 = AN22⁽¹⁾

10111 = AN23⁽¹⁾

11000 = AN24⁽¹⁾

11001 = AN25⁽¹⁾

11010 = AN26⁽¹⁾

11011 = AN27⁽¹⁾

11100 = Reserved

11101 = CTMU

11110 = DAC

11111 = FVR BUF2 (1.024V/2.048V/2.096V Volt Fixed Voltage Reference)⁽²⁾

bit 1 GO/DONE: A/D Conversion Status bit

1 = A/D conversion cycle in progress. Setting this bit starts an A/D conversion cycle.

This bit is automatically cleared by hardware when the A/D conversion has completed.

0 = A/D conversion completed/not in progress

bit 0 ADON: ADC Enable bit

1 = ADC is enabled

0 = ADC is disabled and consumes no operating current

Note 1: Available on PIC18(L)F4XK22 devices only.

2: Allow greater than 15 μ s acquisition time when measuring the Fixed Voltage Reference.

REGISTER 17-2: ADCON1: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TRIGSEL	—	—	—	PVCFG<1:0>	NVCFG<1:0>		
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7	TRIGSEL: Special Trigger Select bit 1 = Selects the special trigger from CTMU 0 = Selects the special trigger from CCP5
bit 6-4	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3-2	PVCFG<1:0>: Positive Voltage Reference Configuration bits 00 = A/D VREF+ connected to internal signal, AVDD 01 = A/D VREF+ connected to external pin, VREF+ 10 = A/D VREF+ connected to internal signal, FVR BUF2 11 = Reserved (by default, A/D VREF+ connected to internal signal, AVDD)
bit 1-0	NVCFG<1:0>: Negative Voltage Reference Configuration bits 00 = A/D VREF- connected to internal signal, AVss 01 = A/D VREF- connected to external pin, VREF- 10 = Reserved (by default, A/D VREF- connected to internal signal, AVss) 11 = Reserved (by default, A/D VREF- connected to internal signal, AVss)

REGISTER 17-3: ADCON2: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADFM	—		ACQT<2:0>		ADCS<2:0>		
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7	ADFM: A/D Conversion Result Format Select bit 1 = Right justified 0 = Left justified
bit 6	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 5-3	ACQT<2:0>: A/D Acquisition time select bits. Acquisition time is the duration that the A/D charge holding capacitor remains connected to A/D channel from the instant the GO/DONE bit is set until conversions begins. 000 = 0 ⁽¹⁾ 001 = 2 TAD 010 = 4 TAD 011 = 6 TAD 100 = 8 TAD 101 = 12 TAD 110 = 16 TAD 111 = 20 TAD
bit 2-0	ADCS<2:0>: A/D Conversion Clock Select bits 000 = Fosc/2 001 = Fosc/8 010 = Fosc/32 011 = FRC ⁽¹⁾ (clock derived from a dedicated internal oscillator = 600 kHz nominal) 100 = Fosc/4 101 = Fosc/16 110 = Fosc/64 111 = FRC ⁽¹⁾ (clock derived from a dedicated internal oscillator = 600 kHz nominal)

Note 1: When the A/D clock source is selected as FRC then the start of conversion is delayed by one instruction cycle after the GO/DONE bit is set to allow the SLEEP instruction to be executed.

REGISTER 21-1: VREFCON0: FIXED VOLTAGE REFERENCE CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
FVREN	FVRST		FVRS<1:0>	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

u = Bit is unchanged

x = Bit is unknown

-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 7 **FVREN:** Fixed Voltage Reference Enable bit

0 = Fixed Voltage Reference is disabled

1 = Fixed Voltage Reference is enabled

bit 6 **FVRST:** Fixed Voltage Reference Ready Flag bit

0 = Fixed Voltage Reference output is not ready or not enabled

1 = Fixed Voltage Reference output is ready for use

bit 5-4 **FVRS<1:0>:** Fixed Voltage Reference Selection bits

00 = Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is off

01 = Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 1x (1.024V)

10 = Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 2x (2.048V)⁽¹⁾

11 = Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 4x (4.096V)⁽¹⁾

bit 3-2 **Reserved:** Read as '0'. Maintain these bits clear.

bit 1-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'.

Note 1: Fixed Voltage Reference output cannot exceed VDD.

REGISTER 10-3: ANSELA – PORTA ANALOG SELECT REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	ANSA5	—	ANSA3	ANSA2	ANSA1	ANSA0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **ANSA5:** RA5 Analog Select bit

1 = Digital input buffer disabled

0 = Digital input buffer enabled

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **ANSA<3:0>:** RA<3:0> Analog Select bit

1 = Digital input buffer disabled

0 = Digital input buffer enabled

REGISTER 14-1: CCPxCON: STANDARD CCPx CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	DCxB<1:0>			CCPxM<3:0>		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

u = Bit is unchanged

x = Bit is unknown

-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Reset

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 7-6 **Unused**

bit 5-4 DCxB<1:0>: PWM Duty Cycle Least Significant bits

Capture mode:

Unused

Compare mode:

Unused

PWM mode:

These bits are the two LSbs of the PWM duty cycle. The eight MSbs are found in CCPRxL.

bit 3-0 CCPxM<3:0>: ECCPx Mode Select bits

0000 = Capture/Compare/PWM off (resets the module)

0001 = Reserved

0010 = Compare mode: toggle output on match

0011 = Reserved

0100 = Capture mode: every falling edge

0101 = Capture mode: every rising edge

0110 = Capture mode: every 4th rising edge

0111 = Capture mode: every 16th rising edge

1000 = Compare mode: set output on compare match (CCPx pin is set, CCPxIF is set)

1001 = Compare mode: clear output on compare match (CCPx pin is cleared, CCPxIF is set)

1010 = Compare mode: generate software interrupt on compare match (CCPx pin is unaffected, CCPxIF is set)

1011 = Compare mode: Special Event Trigger (CCPx pin is unaffected, CCPxIF is set)

TimerX (selected by CxTSEL bits) is reset

ADON is set, starting A/D conversion if A/D module is enabled⁽¹⁾

11xx =: PWM mode

Note 1: This feature is available on CCP5 only.

$$PR2 = \frac{\text{PWM period}}{\text{TMR2PS}^4 * T_{OSC}} - 1$$

EQUATION 14-3: DUTY CYCLE RATIO

$$\text{Duty Cycle Ratio} = \frac{(CCPRxL:CCPxCON<5:4>)}{4(PRx + I)}$$

$$\text{Pulse Width} = (\text{CCPRxL:CCPxCON<5:4>} \bullet \\ TOSC \bullet (\text{TMRx Prescale Value}))$$

U1

2	RA0/C12IN0/AN0	RC0/P2B/T3CKI/T3G/T1CKI/SOSCO	15
3	RA1/C12IN1/AN1	RC1/P2A/CCP2/SOSCI	16
4	RA2/C2IN+/AN2/DACOUT/VREF+	RC2/CTPLS/P1A/CCP1/T5CKI/AN14	17
5	RA3/C1IN+/AN3/VREF+	RC3/SCK1/SCL1/AN15	18
6	RA4/C1OUT/SRQ/T0CKI	RC4/SDI1/SDA1/AN16	23
7	RA5/C2OUT/SRNQ/SS1/HLDIN/AN4	RC5/SDO1/AN17	24
14	RA6/CLK0/OSC2	RC6/TX1/CK1/AN18	25
13	RA7/CLK1/OSC1	RC7/RX1/DT1/AN19	26
33	RB0/INT0/FLT0/SRI/AN12	RD0/SCK2/SCL2/AN20	19
34	RB1/INT1/C12IN3/AN10	RD1/CCP4/SDI2/SDA2/AN21	20
35	RB2/INT2/CTED1/AN8	RD2/P2B/AN22	21
36	RB3/CTED2/P2A/CCP2/C12IN2-/AN9	RD3/P2C/SS2/AN23	22
37	RB4/IOC0/T5G/AN11	RD4/P2D/SDO2/AN24	27
38	RB5/IOC1/P3A/CCP3/T3CKI/T1G/AN13	RD5/P1B/AN25	28
39	RB6/IOC2/PGC	RD6/P1C/TX2/CK2/AN26	29
40	RB7/IOC3/PGD	RD7/P1D/RX2/DT2/AN27	30
		RE0/P3A/CCP3/AN5	8
		RE1/P3B/AN6	9
		RE2/CCP5/AN7	10
		MCLR/VPP/RE3	1

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