

SULIT



**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN MALAYSIA**

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN AWAM

**PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR
SESI DISEMBER 2018**

DCC2063 : MECHANICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING STRUCTURES

**TARIKH : 20 APRIL 2019
MASA : 11.15 PAGI – 1.15 PETANG (2 JAM)**

Kertas ini mengandungi **DUA BELAS (12)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Struktur (2 soalan)
Bahagian B: Struktur (4 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Formula

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALANINI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

SECTION A : 50 MARKS**BAHAGIAN A : 50 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWO (2)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN :

Bahagian ini mengandungi **DUA (2)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab **SEMUA** soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**CLO1
C1

- (a) State **THREE (3)** types of supports with appropriate diagram.
*Nyatakan **TIGA (3)** jenis penyokong berserta gambarajah yang sesuaian.*

[5 marks]
[5 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (b) Explain direct stress and strain with the formula and correct unit.
Terangkan tegasan dan terikan terus berserta formula dan unit yang betul.

[8 marks]
[8 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (c) A steel wire has been subjected with the load of 40kN. Calculate the maximum diameter of the steel wire, if the stress is not exceeding 100 N/mm^2 .
Dawai keluli telah dikenakan beban sebanyak 40kN. Kirakan diameter maksimum dawai keluli, jika tegasan tidak melebihi 100 N/mm^2 .

[12 marks]
[12 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**CLO1
C1

- (a) List
- FIVE (5)**
- types of structures in Civil Engineering.

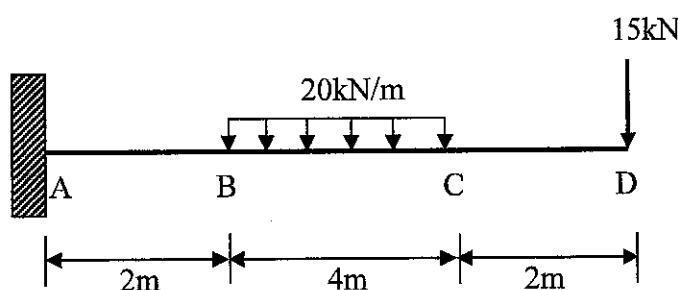
*Senaraikan **LIMA (5)** jenis struktur dalam Kejuruteraan Awam.*

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO2
C5

- (b) A cantilever beam is loaded as shown in
- Figure A2(b)**
- .

Sebuah rasuk julur telah dikenakan beban seperti dalam Rajah A2(b).**Figure A2(b) / Rajah A2(b)**

- i. Show free body diagram for the beam.

Tunjukkan gambarajah jasad bebas bagi rasuk.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- ii. Evaluate reaction at the support A.

Nilaikan tindakbalas pada penyokong A.

[9 marks]

[9 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) A simply supported beam is loaded as shown in **Figure A2(c)**. Given the reaction at support A and D are 54kN and 57kN respectively. Produce Shear Force Diagram (SFD) and Bending Moment Diagram (BMD) by showing the important values.
Satu rasuk disokong mudah dibebankan seperti dalam Rajah A2(c). Diberi tindakbalas pada penyokong A dan D masing-masing ialah 54kN dan 57kN. Hasilkan gambarajah daya rincih (GDR) dan momen lentur (GML) dengan menunjukkan nilai-nilai penting.

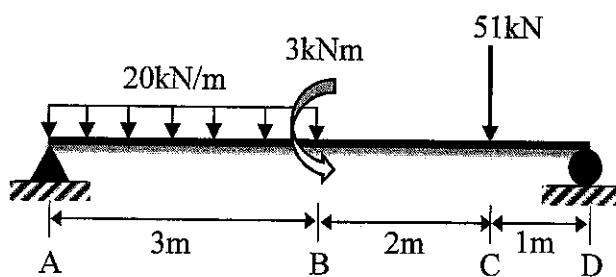


Figure A2(c) / Rajah A2(c)

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

SECTION B : 50 MARKS**BAHAGIAN B : 50 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **FOUR (4)** structured questions. Answer **TWO (2)** questions only.

ARAHAN:

*Bahagian ini mengandungi **EMPAT (4)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab **DUA (2)** soalan sahaja.*

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO2
C3

- (a) A cross section of cantilever beam is shown in **Figure B1(a)**. Calculate bending stress for this beam. Given the neutral axis from bottom section, \bar{y} for the section is 75.4 mm and maximum moment is 562.5×10^6 Nmm.
- Satu keratan rentas rasuk julur ditunjukkan dalam **Rajah B1(a)**. Kira tegasan lentur untuk rasuk tersebut. Diberi kedudukan paksi neutral daripada aras bawah keratan, \bar{y} adalah 75.4 mm dan momen maksima ialah 562.5×10^6 Nmm.*

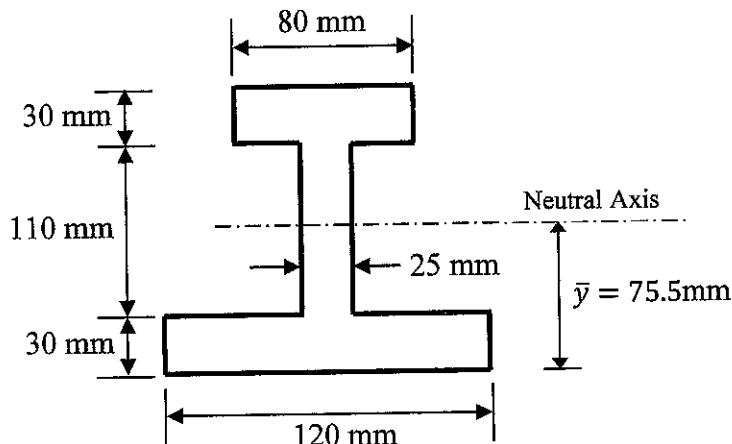


Figure B1(a) / Rajah B1(a)

[12 marks]

[12 markah]

CLO2
C4

- (b) A simply supported beam with cross section as shown in **Figure B1(b)** carries uniformly distributed load of 30kN/m along the span. Calculate the maximum bending stress of the beam.

Sebuah rasuk disokong mudah mempunyai keratan rentas seperti ditunjukkan dalam Rajah B1(b) membawa beban teragih seragam sebanyak 30kN/m sepanjang rentang. Kirakan tegasan lentur maksimum rasuk tersebut.

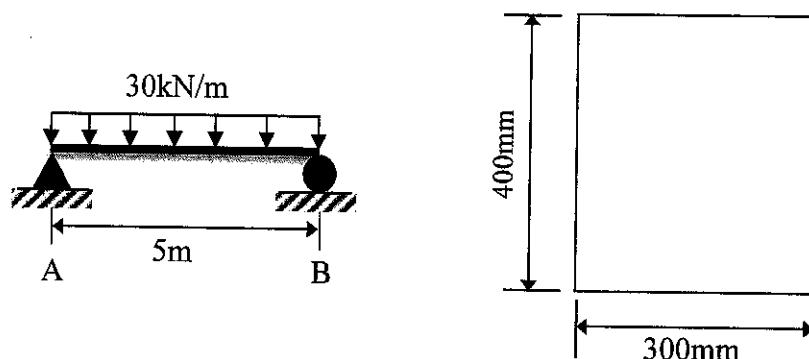


Figure B1(b) / Rajah B1(b)

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) Based on **Question B1(b)**, construct bending stress distribution diagram for the beam section by showing the value of bending stress in compression and tension.

Berdasarkan Soalan B1(b), bina rajah taburan tegasan lentur bagi keratan rasuk tersebut dengan menunjukkan nilai tegasan lentur mampatan dan tegangan.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**CLO2
C3

- (a) A simply supported beam with symmetrical-I section as shown in **Figure B2(a)** is subjected to a shear force of 50kN. If the second moment of area of the section is $12.96 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$, calculate the shear stress distribution for the beam section.

*Rasuk disokong mudah berkeratan rentas I-simetri seperti **Rajah B2(a)** dikenakan daya ricih sebanyak 50kN. Jika momen luas kedua keratan ialah $12.96 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$, kirakan agihan tegasan ricih pada keratan rasuk tersebut.*

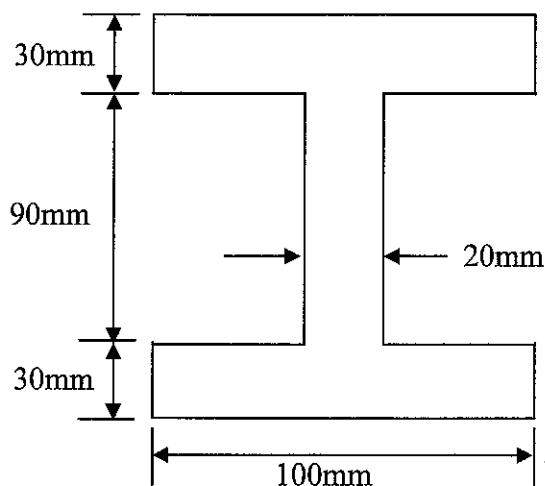


Figure B2(a) / Rajah B2(a)

[12 marks]

[12 markah]

CLO2
C4

- (b) Two steel plates are connected by using a bolt imposed by shear force of 35kN. If the ultimate shear stress in bolt is 150MN/m^2 , calculate diameter of the bolt.

Dua plat keluli disambungkan dengan menggunakan sebatang bolt dikenakan daya ricih sebanyak 35kN. Jika tegasan ricih muktamad dalam bolt ialah 150MN/m^2 , kirakan diameter bolt tersebut.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) **Figure B2(c)** shows a rectangular beam section carry a shear force of 80kN. Given the second moment of area for the beam section is $450 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$.

Rajah B2(c) menunjukkan sebuah rasuk berkeratan rentas segiempat membawa beban ricih sebanyak 80kN. Diberi momen luas kedua keratan rasuk tersebut ialah $450 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$:

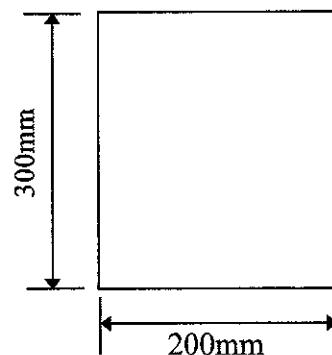


Figure B2(c) / Rajah B2(c)

- i. Determine maximum shear stress in the beam section.

Tentukan tegasan ricih maksimum dalam keratan rasuk.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- ii. Construct shear stress distribution diagram for the beam.

Bina rajah taburan tegasan ricih rasuk tersebut.

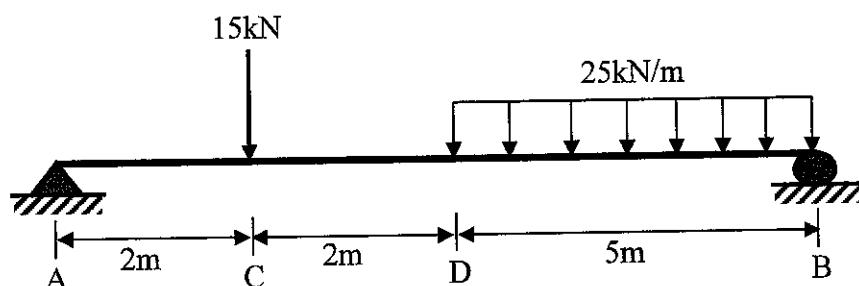
[2 marks]

[2 markah]

QUESTION 3**SOALAN 3**CLO2
C3

- (a) A simply supported beam as shown in **Figure B3** is subjected to a uniformly distributed load and point load.

Satu rasuk disokong mudah seperti dalam Rajah B3 menanggung beban teragih seragam dan beban tumpu.

**Figure B3 / Rajah B3**

- i) Calculate the vertical reaction force at support A.

Kirakan daya tindakbalas pugak pada penyokong A.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- ii) Complete the moment, slope and deflection equation by using Macaulay Method.

Lengkapkan persamaan momen, kecerunan dan pesongan dengan menggunakan Kaedah Macaulay.

[9 marks]

[9 markah]

- CLO2
C4 (b) Based on **Question B3(a)**, determine the slope and deflection at point D by using Macaulay Method in term of EI.
Berdasarkan Soalan B3(a), tentukan kecerunan dan pesongan pada titik D dengan menggunakan Kaedah Macaulay dalam sebutan EI.
- [8 marks]
[8 markah]
- CLO2
C6 (c) Given the deflection at point C for a beam in **Figure B3** is $\frac{855.45}{EI}$ m and beam has a rectangular cross section with 0.25m width. If the actual deflection at point C is 0.003m and modulus elasticity is 200×10^6 kN/m², determine the depth of the beam, d.
Diberi pesongan rasuk di titik C bagi rasuk dalam Rajah B3 ialah $\frac{855.45}{EI}$ m dan rasuk berkeratan rentas segiempat tepat dengan kelebaran 0.25m. Jika nilai pesongan sebenar rasuk pada titik C ialah 0.003m dan modulus keanjalan ialah 200×10^6 kN/m², tentukan kedalaman bagi keratan rasuk, d.
- [5 marks]
[5 markah]

QUESTION 4**SOALAN 4**

A cantilever beam is subjected to a load as shown in **Figure B4**.

Sebuah rasuk jurur dikenakan beban seperti ditunjukkan dalam Rajah B4.

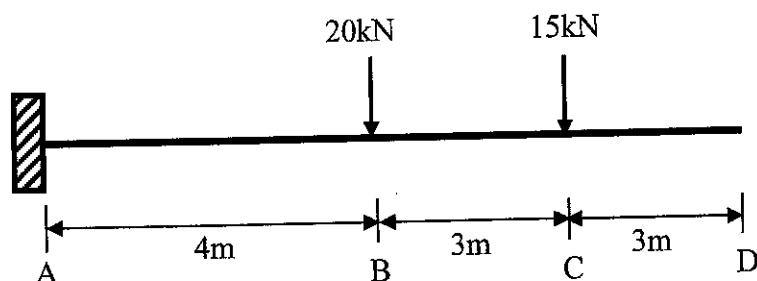


Figure B4 / Rajah B4

CLO2
C3

- (a) Based on **Figure B4**:
Berdasarkan Rajah B4:

- i. Sketch free body diagram of the beam.
Lukis gambarajah jasad bebas bagi rasuk.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- ii. Calculate reaction force of the beam.
Kirakan daya tindakbalas bagi rasuk.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

- iii. Sketch moment area diagram for loaded beam
Lakarkan gambarajah momen luas bagi rasuk yang dibebankan.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

- CLO2
C4 (b) Calculate maximum deflection of the cantilever beam.
Kirakan pesongan maksimum rasuk julur tersebut.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

- CLO2
C6 (c) Determine slope at free end of the cantilever beam.
Tentukan kecerunan pada hujung bebas bagi rasuk julur tersebut.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

**LIST OF FORMULA FOR DCC2063 MECHANICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
STRUCTURES**

1. $\sigma = \frac{P}{A}$

2. $\epsilon = \frac{\delta L}{L}$

3. $E = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon}$

4. $E = \frac{PL}{A\delta L}$

5. $I_{xx} = \frac{bd^3}{12} + Ah^2$

6. $Z = \frac{l}{\bar{y}}$

7. $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{y}}$

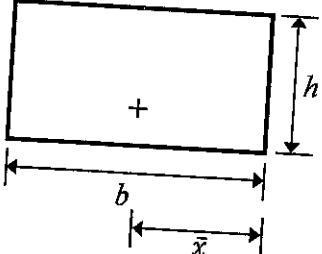
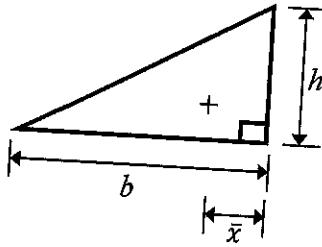
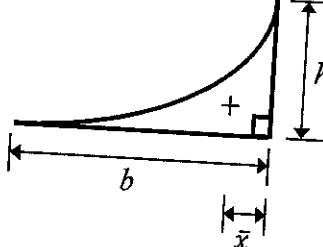
8. $\tau = \frac{F}{nA}$

9. $\tau = \frac{VAy}{Ib}$

TABLE 1 MAXIMUM MOMENT FORMULA FOR SPECIFIC BEAM AND LOAD

Beam With Specific Load	Maximum Moment
	$\frac{PL}{4}$
	$\frac{wL^2}{8}$
	$\frac{-PL}{2}$
	$\frac{-wL^2}{2}$

TABLE 2 GEOMETRIC PROPERTIES OF AREA

Shape	Area, A	Centroid, \bar{x}
	bh	$\frac{1}{2}h$
	$\frac{1}{2}bh$	$\frac{1}{3}h$
	$\frac{1}{3}bh$	$\frac{1}{4}h$

