

SULIT



**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN MALAYSIA**

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN AWAM

PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR

SESI JUN 2019

DCC2063 : MECHANICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING STRUCTURES

TARIKH : 03 NOVEMBER 2019

MASA : 8.30 PAGI – 10.30 PAGI (2 JAM)

Kertas ini mengandungi **DUA BELAS (12)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Struktur (2 soalan)

Bahagian B: Struktur (4 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Formula, Kertas Graf

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

SECTION A: 50 MARKS**BAHAGIAN A: 50 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWO (2)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi DUA (2) soalan berstruktur. Jawab SEMUA soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO1
C1

- (a) Define mechanic, structures and mechanics of structures.

Takrifkan mekanik, struktur dan mekanik struktur.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (b) Explain types of force with the aid of sketch as below;

Terangkan jenis-jenis daya seperti yang ditunjukkan di bawah dengan bantuan lakaran;

- i. Axial

Paksi

- ii. Shear

Ricih

- iii. Bending Moment

Momen Lentur

- iv. Torsion

Kilasan

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (c) Explain **THREE (3)** types of support and their internal reactions with the aid of diagram.

Terangkan ke semua TIGA (3) jenis-jenis sokongan dan tindakbalas dalamannya dengan bantuan gambarajah.

[12 marks]

[12 markah]

QUESTION 2
SOALAN 2CLO1
C1

- (a) Define the terms direct stress and Young's Modulus.
Berikan takrif bagi istilah tegasan terus dan Modulus Young.

[5 marks]
[5 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (b) A rod has 3.5mm of diameter with 2.5m of length. The bar is pulled by the load 142kN and elongation occur is 0.5mm. Calculate ;
Satu rod mempunyai diameter 3.5mm dengan panjang 2.5m. Bar tersebut ditarik dengan daya 142kN dan mengalami pemanjangan 0.5mm. Kirakan;

- i. Shear stress in rod, σ .
Tegasan tegangan di dalam rod, σ .

[4 marks]
[4 markah]

- ii. Strain in the rod, ϵ .
Keterikan di dalam rod, ϵ .

[2 marks]
[2 markah]

- iii. Modulus of elasticity in the rod, E .
Modulus keanjalan di dalam rod, E .

[2 marks]
[2 markah]

CLO1
C2(c) During a tensile test on a sample, result as in **Table A2(c)** was obtained.

Semasa ujian tegangan dilakukan ke atas satu contoh sampel, keputusan pada Jadual A2(c) dihasilkan.

Table A2(c) / Jadual A2(c)

Load (kN) <i>Beban (kN)</i>	5	10	15	20	25	30
Elongation x 10 ⁻³ mm <i>Pemanjangan x 10⁻³mm</i>	40	78	117	157	197	237

The followings are the data of the sample tested;

Berikut merupakan data contoh bahan yang diuji:

Initial diameter/ *Garispusat asal* = 15mm

Gauge length/ *Panjang tolok* = 100mm

Final diameter/ *Garispusat akhir* = 6.0mm

Final length / *Panjang akhir* = 250mm

i. Draw the graph of Load Vs Elongation.

Tunjukkan graf beban Vs pemanjangan.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

ii. Identify modulus elasticity.

Kenalpasti modulus keanjalan bahan.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

iii. Calculate the percentage of elongation.

Kirakan peratus pemanjangan.

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

SECTION B: 50 MARKS**BAHAGIAN B: 50 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **FOUR (4)** structured questions. Answer **TWO (2)** questions only.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi EMPAT (4) soalan berstruktur. Jawab DUA (2) soalan sahaja.

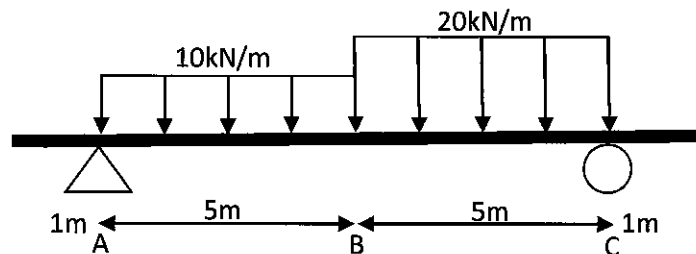
QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

Figure B1a/ Rajah B1a

CLO2
C3

- (a) Based on overhanging beam shown in **Figure B1a**,
*Berdasarkan kepada rasuk tergantung seperti ditunjukkan pada **Rajah B1a**,*

- i. Sketch free body diagram.
Lakarkan gambarajah jasad bebas.

[3 marks]
[3 markah]

- ii. Calculate all reactions in the beam.
Kesemua nilai tindakbalas pada rasuk.

[9 marks]
[9 markah]

CLO2
C4

- (b) Based on **Figure B1a**, calculate the Shear Force and Bending Moment values at point A, B and C.

*Berdasarkan kepada **Rajah B1a**, kirakan nilai daya ricih dan momen lentur pada titik A, B dan C.*

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) Based on shear force and bending moment values from **Question B1(b)**, create the Shear Force Diagram (SFD) and Bending Moment Diagram (BMD) by showing their values.

*Berdasarkan kepada nilai daya ricih dan momen lentur dari **Soalan B1(b)**, hasilkan gambarajah daya ricih (GDR) dan Gambarajah Momen Lentur (GML) dengan menunjukkan nilai-nilai yang diperolehi.*

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**CLO2
C3

- (a) A cross section of simply supported beam is shown in **Figure B2(a)**. Calculate bending stress for this beam. Given the neutral axis from bottom section, $\bar{y}$ is 115mm and maximum moment is 660×10^6 Nmm.

*Satu keratan rentas rasuk disokong mudah ditunjukkan dalam **Rajah B2(a)**.*

Kira tegasan lentur untuk rasuk tersebut. Diberi kedudukan paksi neutral daripada aras bawah keratan, $\bar{y}$ adalah 115mm dan momen maksima ialah 660×10^6 Nmm.

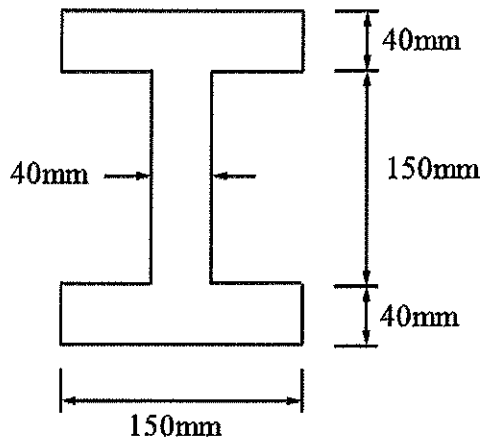


Figure B2(a) / Rajah B2(a)

[12 marks]
[12 markah]

CLO2
C4

- (b) A simply supported beam with cross section as shown in **Figure B2(b)** carries point load of 200kN. Calculate the maximum bending stress of the beam.

*Sebuah rasuk disokong mudah mempunyai keratan rentas seperti ditunjukkan dalam **Rajah B2(b)** membawa beban sebanyak 200kN. Kirakan tegasan lentur maksimum rasuk tersebut.*

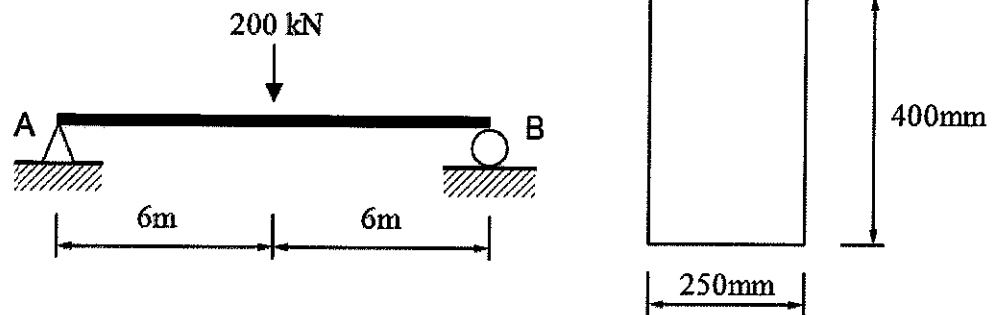


Figure B2(b) / Rajah B2(b)

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) Based on bending stress value calculated from **Question B2(b)**, construct the bending stress distribution diagram for the rectangular beam section.

*Berdasarkan kepada nilai tegasan lentur dari **Soalan B2(b)**, bina rajah taburan tegasan lentur bagi keratan rasuk tersebut.*

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

QUESTION 3**SOALAN 3**CLO2
C3

- (a) A simply supported beam as shown in **Figure B3(a)** is subjected to a shear force of 70kN. If the second moment of area of the section is $23.87 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$, calculate the shear stress distribution for the beam section.

*Rasuk disokong mudah seperti **Rajah B3(a)** dikenakan daya ricih sebanyak 70kN. Jika momen luas kedua keratan ialah $23.87 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$, kirakan agihan tegasan ricih pada keratan rasuk tersebut.*

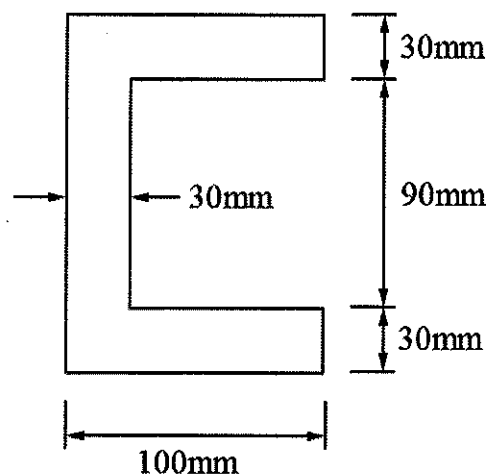


Figure B3(a) / Rajah B3(a)

[12 marks]
[12 markah]

CLO2
C4

- (b) Three steel plates are connected together by using a bolt with 15mm of diameter. If shear stress in the bolt is $452.7 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$, calculate shear force applied.

Tiga plat keluli disambungkan dengan menggunakan sebatang bolt berdiameter 15mm. Jika tegasan ricih di dalam bolt ialah $452.7 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$, kira daya ricih yang dikenakan.

[8 marks]
[8 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) **Figure B3(c)** shows a rectangular beam section carrying a shear force of 100kN. Given the second moment of area for the beam section is $3125 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$.

Rajah B3(c) menunjukkan sebuah rasuk berkeratan rentas segiempat membawa beban ricih sebanyak 100kN. Diberi momen luas kedua keratan rasuk tersebut ialah $3125 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$.

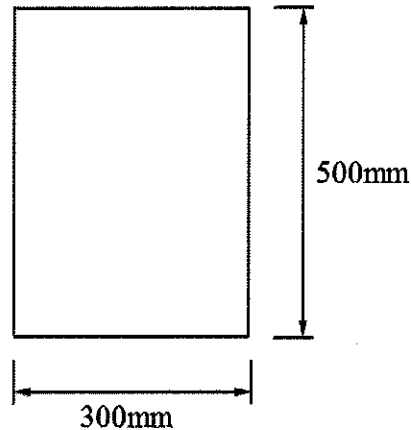


Figure B3(c) / Rajah B3(c)

- i. Compute maximum shear stress in the beam section.
Kirakan tegasan ricih maksimum dalam keratan rasuk.

[3 marks]
[3 markah]

- ii. Construct the shear stress distribution diagram for the beam by using the maximum shear stress value from **Question B3(c)i**.
Bina rajah taburan tegasan ricih rasuk tersebut dengan menggunakan nilai tegasan ricih maksimum dari Soalan B3(c)i.

[2 marks]
[2 markah]

QUESTION 4
SOALAN 4

A simply supported beam is loaded as shown in **Figure B4**.

*Sebuah rasuk disokong mudah dikenakan beban seperti dalam **Rajah B4**.*

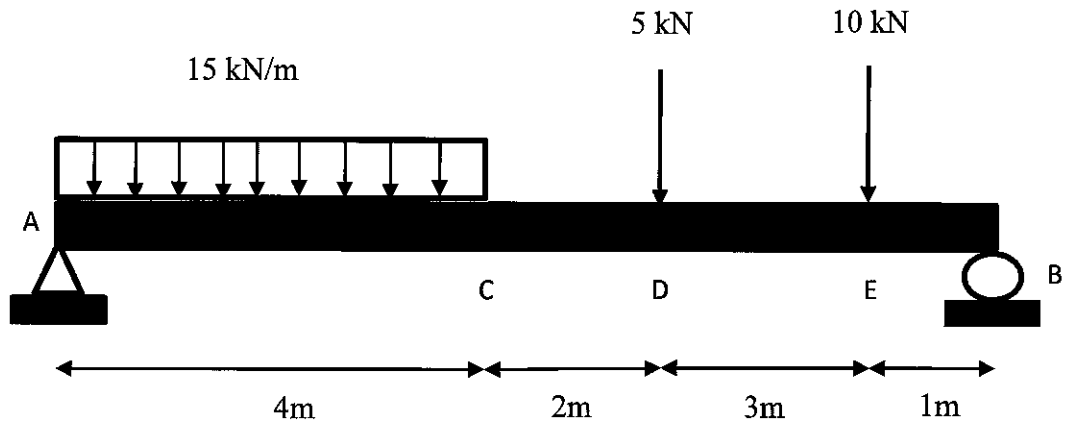


Figure B4 / Rajah B4

CLO2
C3

(a) Based on **Figure B4**;

*Merujuk kepada **Rajah B4**;*

i. Calculate the reaction forces at support A and B.

Kirakan daya tindakbalas pada penyokong A dan B.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

ii. Calculate the moment equations, slope equation and deflection equation by using Macaulay Method.

Tentukan persamaan momen, persamaan kecerunan dan persamaan pesongan bagi rasuk ini dengan menggunakan Kaedah Macaulay.

[9 marks]

[9 markah]

CLO2
C4

- (b) Calculate the slope and deflection at point E by using Macaulay Method in term of EI.

Kirakan nilai kecerunan dan pesongan pada titik E dengan menggunakan Kaedah Macaulay dalam sebutan EI.

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO2
C6

- (c) Construct the free body diagram of the beam.

Bina gambarajah jasad bebas bagi rasuk.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

**LIST OF FORMULA FOR DCC2063 MECHANICS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
STRUCTURES**

1. $\sigma = \frac{P}{A}$

2. $\varepsilon = \frac{\delta L}{L}$

3. $E = \frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon}$

4. $E = \frac{PL}{A\delta L}$

5. $I_{xx} = \frac{bd^3}{12} + Ah^2$

6. $Z = \frac{I}{\bar{y}}$

7. $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{y}}$

8. $\tau = \frac{F}{nA}$

9. $\tau = \frac{VAy}{Ib}$

TABLE 1 MAXIMUM MOMENT FORMULA FOR SPECIFIC BEAM AND LOAD

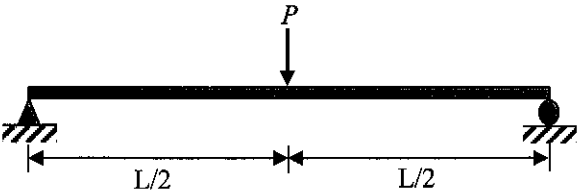
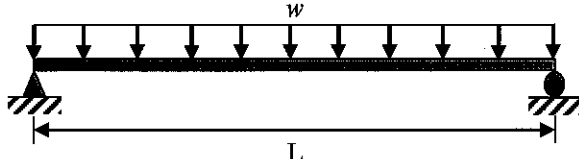
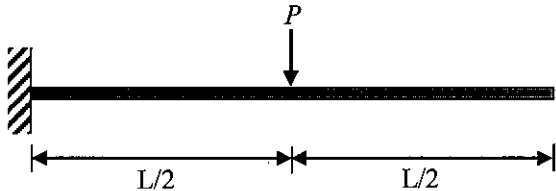
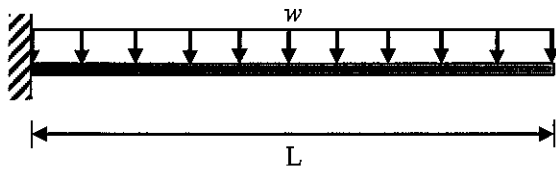
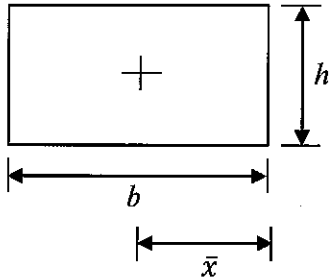
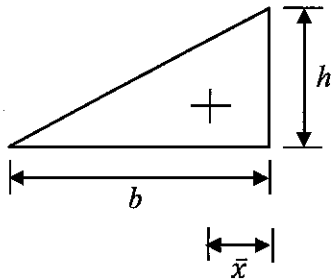
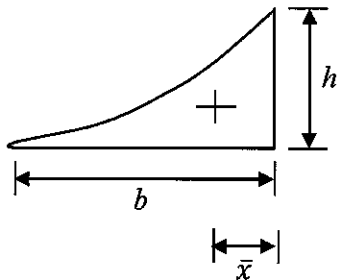
Beam with specific load	Maximum moment
	$\frac{PL}{4}$
	$\frac{wL^2}{8}$
	$\frac{-PL}{2}$
	$\frac{-wL^2}{2}$

TABLE 2 GEOMETRIC PROPERTIES OF AREA

Shape	Area, A	Centroid, $\bar{x}$
	bh	$\frac{1}{2}b$
	$\frac{1}{2}bh$	$\frac{1}{3}b$
	$\frac{1}{3}bh$	$\frac{1}{4}b$