

SULIT



**KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI**

**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI**

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN MEKANIKAL

PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR

SESI I : 2025/2026

DJJ20053: ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY

TARIKH : 10 DISEMBER 2025

MASA : 11.30 PAGI - 1.30 PETANG (2 JAM)

Kertas ini mengandungi **SEMBILAN (9)** halaman bercetak.

Struktur (4 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Formula

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **FOUR (4)** structured questions. Answers **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi EMPAT (4) soalan berstruktur. Jawab SEMUA soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO1

- (a) Define electrical charge, current and resistivity.

Takrifkan cas elektrik, arus dan kerintangan.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO2

- (b) A series circuit consists of 15Ω resistor, 25Ω resistor and 30Ω resistor connected to a 140V battery. Express the value of:

Litar bersiri terdiri daripada perintang 15Ω , perintang 25Ω dan perintang 30Ω yang disambungkan kepada bateri 140V. Nyatakan nilai bagi:

- i. Total resistance of the circuit.

Jumlah rintangan litar.

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

- ii. Current flowing through the circuit

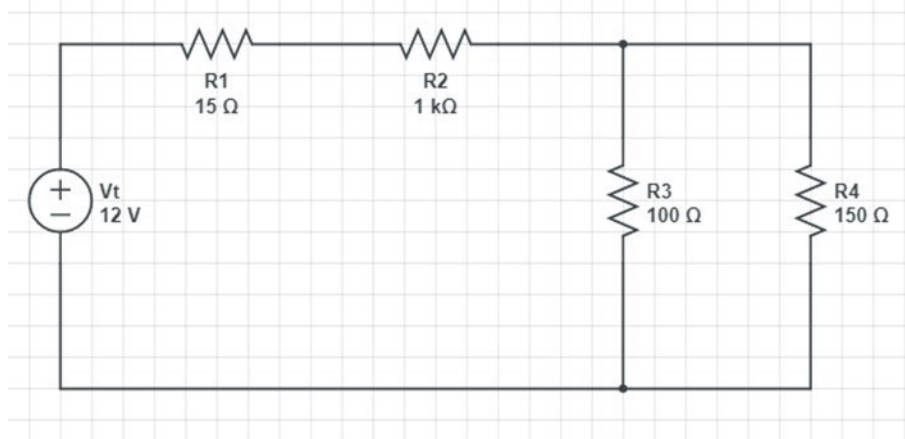
Arus yang mengalir dalam litar

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

CLO2

(c) Based on the circuit in Figure 1(c). Calculate:

Berdasarkan litar pada Rajah 1(c), Kirakan:Figure 1(c)/ *Rajah 1(c)*i. Total resistance, R_T *Jumlah rintangan, R_T*

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

ii. Total Current, I_T *Jumlah arus, I_T*

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

iii. Current through R_4 using the Current Divider Law, I_4 *Arus yang melalui R_4 dengan menggunakan Hukum Pembahagi Arus,* I_4

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

QUESTION 2

SOALAN 2

- CLO1 (a) List **TWO (2)** types of inductors and the functions.
Senaraikan DUA (2) jenis peraruh dan fungsinya.
- [6 marks]
[6 markah]
- CLO2 (b) Using a diagram express the value of total capacitance of three capacitors.
Given each capacitor has 120 μF of capacitance connected in:
Dengan menggunakan gambar rajah, nyatakan nilai jumlah kemuatan bagi tiga kapasitor. Diberi setiap kapasitor mempunyai nilai 120 μF kapasitans yang disambungkan secara:
- i. Series
Sesiri
- [4 marks]
[4 markah]
- ii. Parallel
Selari
- [3 marks]
[3 markah]
- CLO2 (c) A RL series circuit has 10 Ω resistor, 0.2 H inductor and is supplied with 250V, 50 Hz AC
Sebuah litar sesiri RL mempunyai 10 Ω perintang, 0.2 H peraruh dan voltan bekalan 250 V, 50Hz AC
- i. Sketch the diagram of the series circuit.
Lakarkan gambarajah litar sesiri tersebut
- [2 marks]
[2 markah]

Calculate:

Kirakan:

ii. Impedance, Z

Galangan, Z

[4 marks]

[4 *markah*]

iii. Current, I

Arus, I

[3 marks]

[3 *markah*]

iv. Phase angle, θ

Sudut fasa, θ

[3 marks]

[3 *markah*]

QUESTION 3**SOALAN 3**

CLO1

- (a) Define electromagnetic strength and reluctance.

Takrifkan kekuatan elektromagnet dan keengganan.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO2

- (b) Consider a coil of 700 turns wound uniformly on a non-magnetic ring with a mean circumference of 64 cm and a cross-sectional area of 9 cm², carrying a current of 3A. Express the value off:

Pertimbangkan gegelung yang mempunyai 700 lilitan dililit secara seragam pada gelang bukan magnet dengan lilitan purata 64 cm dan luas keratan rentas 9 cm², membawa arus 3A. Nyatakan nilai bagi:

- i. The magnetic field strength, H

Kekuatan medan magnet, H

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

- ii. The flux density, B

Ketumpatan fluks, B

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

CLO2

- (c) A mild steel core having an average length of 5cm and a cross-sectional area of 1cm² is wound with 500 turns of conductor. A current of 1A passed through the winding. If the relative permeability of the core is 860, calculate:

- i. The resulting Magnetic Force, F_m

Daya Gerak Magnet yang terhasil

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

ii. Magnetic Field Strength on the core, H

Kekuatan Medan Magnet pada teras

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

iii. Flux Density at the core, B

Ketumpatan Fluks pada teras

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

iv. Reluctance on the core, S

Engganan pada teras

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

QUESTION 4**SOALAN 4**

CLO1

- (a) State any **SIX (6)** parts of a DC generator.

Nyatakan ENAM (6) bahagian asas Penjana AT.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO2

- (b) A 4-pole, 3 phase, 50 Hz induction motor runs at 1440 rpm at full load.

Express the value of:

Motor aruhan 4 kutub, 3 fasa, 50 Hz bergerak pada 1440 rpm pada beban penuh. Nyatakan nilai bagi:

- i. The synchronous speed, N_s

Kelajuan segeraknya

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

- ii. Percent of the slip, S

Peratus gelinciran

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- iii. The frequency of the rotor induced EMF's, f_r

Frequency rotor yang mengaruhkan EMF

[2 marks]

[2 markah]

CLO2

(c) A 60kVA transformer, 4600V/240V, 50Hz primary winding of 320. Assuming that there is no voltage drop in the coil, calculate:

Sebuah pengubah 60kVA, 4600V/240V, 50Hz mempunyai 320 lilitan primer.

Dengan menganggap tiada kejatuhan voltan di dalam gegelung, kirakan:

i. The number of secondary winding

Bilangan lilitan sekunder

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

ii. The maximum flux

Nilai fluks maksimum

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

iii. The value of the primary current and the secondary current at full load.

Nilai arus primer dan arus sekunder pada beban penuh

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

DJJ20053 – ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY

FORMULA

<p>INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS</p> $R = \frac{\rho l}{A} \quad C = \frac{Q}{V}$ $V = IR \quad P = IV$ $E = Pt$	<p>ALTERNATING CURRENT CIRCUIT</p>	<p>AC MACHINES</p> $N_s = \frac{120f}{P} \quad \%S = \frac{N_s - N_r}{N_s} \times 100$ $Nr = N_s(1-S) \quad fr = Sf$ $E = 2.22K_d K_p f \theta Z$
<p>SERIES</p> $V_T = V_1 + V_2 + \dots + V_n$ $I_T = I_1 = I_2 = \dots = I_n$ $R_T = R_1 + R_2 + \dots + R_n$ $L_T = L_1 + L_2 + \dots + L_n$ $\frac{1}{C_T} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{C_n}$ $V_X = \frac{R_X}{R_T} V_T$	<p>RL CIRCUIT</p> $I = \frac{V}{Z}$ $V_L = IX_L$ $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2}$ $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{X_L}{R} \right]$ $\cos \theta = \frac{R}{Z}$	<p>TRANSFORMER</p> $\frac{V_P}{V_S} = \frac{N_P}{N_S} = \frac{I_S}{I_P} \quad E_1 = 4.44 f N_1 \Phi_m$ $E_2 = 4.44 f N_2 \Phi_m$ <p><i>Complex Power, S(VA) = VI</i></p> <p><i>Actual Power, P(W) = VI cos θ</i></p> <p><i>Re active Power, Q(VAR) = VI sin θ</i></p> $I = \frac{\text{Power}}{\text{Voltage}}$ <p><i>Power losses = Core losses + I_P² R_P + I_S² R_S</i></p> <p><i>Output Power = Power × power factor</i></p> <p><i>Input Power = Output power + powerlosses</i></p> $\text{Efficiency, } \% \eta = \frac{\text{output power}}{\text{input power}} \times 100$
<p>PARALLEL</p> $V_T = V_1 = V_2 = \dots = V_n$ $I_T = I_1 + I_2 + \dots + I_n$ $\frac{1}{R_T} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}$ $\frac{1}{L_T} = \frac{1}{L_1} + \frac{1}{L_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{L_n}$ $C_T = C_1 + C_2 + \dots + C_n$ $I_X = \frac{R_T}{R_X} I_T$	<p>RC CIRCUIT</p> $I = \frac{V}{Z}$ $V_C = IX_C$ $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_C^2}$ $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{X_C}{R} \right]$ $\cos \theta = \frac{R}{Z}$	<p>ELECTROMAGNET</p> $H = \frac{Fm}{l} = \frac{NI}{l}$ $B = \frac{\Phi}{A}$ $B = \mu H$ $\mu = \mu_o \mu_r$ $S = \frac{Fm}{\Phi} = \frac{l}{\mu A}$
	<p>RLC CIRCUIT</p> $I = \frac{V}{Z}$ $V_L = IX_L \quad V_C = IX_C \quad V_R = IR$ $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2}$ $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{X_L - X_C}{R} \right]$ $\cos \theta = \frac{R}{Z}$	